ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS, BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXIX NO. 93 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE ROYAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE R.A.F.

GONDAL RASASHALA'S "SHISHU SANJIVAN" Cures AILMENTS PECULIAR to INFANTS... Gives HEALTH VAIDYA MAHESHWAR BROS., 411, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay Tel. 23367. Dispensary, Purshottam Palace Sicca Nazar, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay. Richey Road, Ahmedabad. (Ask for detailed catalogue).

50,000 Nazis Killed On Greek Front

Nazis Pay Big Price

ANGLO-GREEK RETREAT NEW LINE OF DEFENCE

Berlin Pays Tribute To British Gun-Men

CAIRO, April 18.

IN THE FACE OF INCREASING PRESSURE BY GERMAN FORCES WHICH ARE DAILY BEING REINFORCED, GREEK AND IMPERIAL FORCES ON THE GREEK NORTHERN FRONT ARE GRADUALLY WITHDRAWING TO A SHORTER LINE OF DEFENCE.

THIS IS ANNOUNCED IN A MIDDLE EAST 'COMMUNIQUE' ISSUED HERE. THE 'COMMUNIQUE' ADDS THAT SO FAR THE GERMAN ADVANCE IN THIS AREA HAS BEEN A COSTLY ONE.

The situation on the Greek Front was described as serious in London to-day, though it was stated that there had been no break through the British-Greek line.

It is evident from information reaching London that when the Empire forces meet German troops on equal terms they get the better of the enemy. There is a feeling of superiority among the Empire troops.

It is confirmed in London that an anti-tank regiment, armed with bren guns, brought down five German bombers.

Describing the fighting on the Greek Front, a German Officer to-day spoke of "the accurate and deadly firing of the English" and of "vigorous counterattacks by heavy British tanks", states the German radio.

According to the "Associated Press of America German losses so far in the invasion of Greece are fifty thousand dead.

In Greece British aircraft continued offensive patrols during one of which a Messerschmitt 109 was shot down.

(Earlier Cables On Page 7)

Heart Of Berlin Set On Fire

Hands Off Cairo And Athens!

IF THEY ARE MOLESTED ROME WILL BE BATTERED TILL END OF WAR, WARNS DOWNING STREET

LONDON, April 18.

The following statement has been issued from 10 Downing Street:—

IN VIEW of German threats to bomb Athens and Cairo, His Majesty's Government wishes it to be understood that if either of these two cities is molested, they will commence systematic bombing of Rome. Once this has begun, it will continue till the end of the war.

FASCIST TRICK EXPOSED

The greatest care will be taken not to bomb the Vatican City and strictest orders to that effect have been issued. It has, however, come to he knowledge of His Majesty's Government that an Italian squadron is being held ready in Rome to drop captured British bombs upon the Vatican City should a British raid take place. It is, therefore, necessary to expose this characteristic trick beforehand.

NOT REPRISAL

It is a mistake to describe the bombing of Berlin last night by the R.A.F. as a reprisal for the raid on London the night before. It is not a reprisal, but part of a regular policy adopted by the R.A.F. under the instructions of His Majesty's Government for bombing objectives in the two guilty countries which are likely to weaken their military and industrial capacity.

TILL END OF WAR

This policy will be continued to the end of the war, it is hoped on an ever increasing scale, irrespective of whether any further attacks are made on the British Isles or not."—Reuter.

CHURCHILL TO REVIEW WAR

LONDON, April 18.

"Reuter's" political correspondent learns that when the House of Commons reassembles after the Easter recess, the Prime Minister intends to make a statement covering events since he last addressed the House.

The present intention is that there will be no debate on this statement, but arrangements will be made for a fulldress debate on the whole war situation at a later date when the position has clarified.—Reuter.

Latest Riot News

CURFEW IN AHMEDABAD

Military Patrols City With Fixed Bayonets: Tear-Gas Used Against Crowds

(From "A. P." and "U. P.")

AHMEDABAD, April 18.

The District Magistrate tonight promulgated an order under Section 144 Criminal Procedure Code, banning the assemblage of more than five persons on roads and streets from 10 p.m. to 5-30 a.m. The order is to remain in force for fourteen days. The Magistrate has also ordered the closure of places of public entertainment until further orders.

Another order bans the carrying of weapons and lathis.

SITUATION GETTING WORSE.

Meanwhile, the riot situation is getting worse. Another detachment of military consisting of seven lorries have been called out, and the troops are patrolling the affected areas with fixed bayonets.

Incendiarism is on the increase, and a number of shops in Manekchowk, Panchkuva, and all places of business have been gutted. The fire on the Richy Road is spreading. The Fire Brigade is unable to cope with work owing to calls from all parts of the city. Two police chowkis have been set on fire.

All magistrates of the city have been called on duty, and they have been stationed in different localities for emergency.

The police resorted to the use of tear-gas twice to disperse crowds. Additional police have been summoned from different districts of Gujarat to deal with the situation in Ahmedabad. Extra fire-brigades have been requisitioned from the Baroda State to fight the raging fires in the city.

The total number of injured including those who have been admitted in the Municipal Vadilal Hospital, has risen to over hundred.

(See Page 7)

FRANCO'S VISION OF EMPIRE FOR SPAIN

Peace Is A Constant Preparation For War, He Says

MADRID, April 18.

"Peace does not exist" declared General Franco in a speech yesterday. "Peace is a constant preparation for war and on him who forgets this and rests on his laurels will fall the stigma of contributing to the destruction of his country."

General Franco was speaking at the inauguration in Madrid of a new Staff College. Later in the speech General Franco eulogised the military methods of the German army and stressed the value of surprise tactics.

Referring to the Spanish Civil War General Franco said: "I see to-day the methods of our war rejuvenated and improved by the right material to achieve victories on the fields of Europe, while I notice that the same errors are committed in the ranks of the vanquished in our war".

ROAD TO EMPIRE

General Franco concluded: "While the battle continues our faith remains unshakable and our arm firm in these battles of peace that prepare and guarantee actions of war. I have faith in you and this generation in its destiny in raising Spain and taking her on her road to Empire."

GEN. FRANCO, now talks of a Spanish Empire.

WHAT SPAIN WANTS

General Aranda, Director of the New Staff College courses at which he will be attended by 18 Generals and 57 Colonels, in a speech declared: "Spain will never be what others want to make her, but what she herself wants which however can be achieved only by constancy, discipline and sacrifice. They do not desire war, but do desire that their country should be respected and obtain what has belonged to it by tradition, virility and geographical position.—Reuter.

In Libya

GERMAN DRIVE HELD UP

Br. Patrols Inflict Heavy Casualties On Enemy In Hand-To-Hand Encounters

LONDON, April 18.

In Libya, the German drive is at any rate at the moment stopped, says a Middle East 'communique' issued from Cairo. The 'communique' adds: British patrols have been active in the vicinity of Tobruk and also at Sollum. Many casualties in men and vehicles have been inflicted on the enemy who is experiencing the dash and determined fighting qualities of our Imperial troops in hand-to-hand encounters. A further five Officers and 72 other ranks have been captured.

IN ABYSSINIA

In Abyssinia, after negotiating extensive demolition and other physical difficulties, our troops are now in touch with the enemy fourteen miles south of Dessie, one of the remaining strongholds in Italian East Africa.

South and south-east of Addis Ababa, and north from Megheili and Yavello, the advance of our troops is also making satisfactory progress. Many more prisoners have been captured, including General Graziosi who is wounded and has been taken to hospital in Addis Ababa.

Over the whole theatre of operations, patriots' activities continue to develop satisfactorily.

CAPTURE OF GEN. GRAZIOSI

A Nairobi 'communique' describing the capture of General Graziosi says that he was left for dead by his troops after an air attack on Miesso. He was captured and sent to hospital suffering from severe wounds.

IN CYRENAICA

CAIRO, April 18.

The R.A.F. and the Australian Air Force continues to harass the enemy in Cyrenaica on Thursday by repeated bomber and machine-gun attacks, says to-day's R.A.F. Middle East "communique".

Motor transport, concentrations of enemy troops, landing grounds, stores and dumps were repeatedly bombed during the day and considerable damage was caused. At Derna bombs fell among a number of enemy aircraft dispersed on the landing ground

Fires started with heavy detonations which were felt by the pilots at three thousand feet.

S. AFRICAN TROOPS' STEADY PROGRESS

South African troops are making steady progress from Addis Ababa towards Dessie, says Reuter's Special correspondent with the South African forces in a cable from the Mussolini Pass near Debra Berhan. Fighting among clouds on mountain tops, more than two miles above sea level, they have mopped up small bodies of Italians and captured seven hundred of them. The route of the South African advance is called "the highway of victory" because it was the line of Marshal Badoglio's invasion and crosses mount Temaber to Debrasen. The road is one of the outstanding feats of Italian engineers. It twists along precipices buttressed up creating walls as high as three hundred feet. Near the summit a double-width road pierces the mountain by two tunnels the longer of which is called the Mussolini tunnel. The advancing Capetown troops found the tunnels intact but the road had been carried away by landslides caused by mines. The South Africans scrambled down the steep escarpment taking the town of Ebra Sira on foot.—Reuter.

(Stop Press On Page 7)

Heaviest Air Attack On Nazi Capital

SURPRISE RAID ON DOCKS IN CHERBOURG

After London Comes Portsmouth: Germans Rain Incendiaries

LONDON, April 18.

THE very powerful bombs recently introduced into service by the R. A. F. were dropped on Berlin for the first time on Thursday night. This was revealed by Mr. Herbert Morrison in a speech to-day.

HEAVIEST ATTACK YET MADE

Last night's attack on Berlin was the heaviest yet made on the German Capital, according to the Air Ministry 'communique.'

A number of very powerful bombs were dropped on targets in the centre of the city and substantial damage was certainly done.

In daylight yesterday the R. A. F. made a surprise attack on Cherbourg, carrying out very accurate bombing of the docks.

HEART OF BERLIN ABLAZE

Fires immediately broke out when the attack began, says the 'communique' referring to the attack on Berlin. The attack was pressed home and many bursts were seen across the targets.

The attack on Cherbourg was made by three formations of Blenheim bombers strongly escorted by several squadrons of fighters. Germans were taken by surprise and no German fighters were engaged. No British aircraft are missing from the Cherbourg operations.

During the raid several merchant vessels were attacked. One was damaged and probably sunk and another blown up in the harbour.

In addition to the attack on Berlin, the 'communique' continues, bombs were also dropped on targets in Holland including Rotterdam, on Cologne and a number of places in North-West Germany.

Eight British aircraft are missing.

RIGHT TO BOMB BERLIN

The centre of Berlin was visited by new British bombers and felt some of the R. A. F.'s latest and heaviest bombs last night. This was disclosed by Mr. Herbert Morrison, Minister for Home Security, during a visit to civil defence men and women who went through the big attack on London on Wednesday night.

He said: "The very powerful bombs recently introduced into service by the R. A. F. were dropped on Berlin for the first time last night. They were seen to burst in the centre of the city. The new sterling bomber was in action in this raid.

Unlike the Nazis we make no hysterical noises about reprisals. We have our plans. They will be carried out. Berlin was bombed according to plan. Let Hitler understand that we have as much right to bomb Berlin as he has to bomb London."

LONDON NOT SHAKEN

Referring to Wednesday's raid on London, Mr. Morrison said: "London went through what I think was intentionally the severest attack we have had. I think it remarkable and praiseworthy how rapidly, people recovered from the attack. To-day we see London going efficiently about its

(Continued on Page 7)

NAZI REPORT ON MOSCOW ATTITUDE

German Ambassador To Soviet Now In Berlin

BERLIN, April 18.

A Wilhelmstrasse spokesman said to-day that Count von Schulenberg, the German Ambassador to Soviet Russia, is at present in Berlin. "He is expected to make a report," the spokesman added.

Von Schulenberg left Moscow, it is understood, shortly after the Soviet Government had denounced Hungary's invasion of Jugoslavia last week.—Reuter.

LANE ACROSS ATLANTIC

American Experts' Way To Master Nazi Menace

NEW YORK, April 18.

A lane of destroyers across the Atlantic in an effort to thwart the German threat to vital war supplies from America and abandoning of the convoy system is the advice of some American experts, according to reports in New York shipping sources. American shipping experts are understood to have told the British that the convoy system would have to be revised if the steadily mounting toll of shipping losses was to be cut down.

In broad outline, the new plan would call for a constant patrol of some fifty destroyers among 2,000 miles of the great circle route from Labrador to the British Isles. They would be rotated in duty so that forty would always be on watch, while ten would either be in port refueling on 'en route' to their ports for a fortnight's work. Each destroyer would patrol a fifty-mile sector of the Atlantic ten times a day, establishing a lane across the Atlantic every inch of which would be policed by a warship every two or three hours. At no time would a destroyer be more than an hour's distance from any merchantman in the lane.

Advocates of the new plan declare that it would mean adequate protection since they believe that few, if any, German raiders would be able to penetrate a lane so constantly patrolled. In addition, British merchantmen would be able to sail as soon as loaded and could race back and forth across the Atlantic at maximum speed.

Continued Soviet Help To China

MOLOTOV'S ASSURANCE: PACT WITH JAPAN DOES NOT AFFECT POLICY OF AID TO CHUNGKING GOVT.

CHUNGKING, April 18.

THE Soviet has given China an assurance of continued assistance through the Chinese Ambassador at Moscow, Mr. Shao Li.

SOVIET WILL ASSIST CHINA

A full report of the interview of Mr. Shao with M. Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Commissar, shows that M. Molotov assured the Ambassador that Soviet policy, towards China was unaffected by the Soviet-Japanese Neutrality Pact and that the Soviet would still assist China.

The influential newspaper Takungpao is of the opinion that Japan will neither move in the Southern Pacific nor launch an offensive in China despite the Pact. It says that Japan must keep five divisions in Manchuria and cannot withdraw them because of a possible revolt of the 100,000 Manchurian "puppet" troops there.

Severe Fighting Continues In China

The announcement regarding a move for United States' aid for China is unanimously welcomed in Chinese papers here to-day.

The view is held that the move is an answer to the Soviet-Japanese neutrality pact.

Meanwhile, severe fighting continues in the mountainous areas of Central Hupeh Province and in the neighbourhood of Hankow.

No Abrupt Change In Japanese Policy

TOKYO:—There can be no abrupt change in Japan's foreign policy even after Mr. Matsuoka's return from his European visits, Mr. Koh Ishii, the spokesman of the Information Board, told a press conference. He was replying to questions whether he agreed with the Japanese newspaper which suggested a change in Japan's foreign policy following Mr. Matsuoka's return.

M. MOLOTOV, The Soviet Foreign Commissar.

Modifications might possibly occur in Japan's diplomacy, Mr. Ishii said, but the main policy would remain the same as before aiming to maintain and increase peaceful relations with neighbouring nations.

"Should the United States adopt the convoy system it would not be a wise policy for her." said Mr. Ishii replying to a further question. "American ships should be very cautious," he added.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a suitable Kayastha match for a 21 years Kayastha (Shrivastava) widow having a daughter 3 years of age. The match must be settled in life and 30 years of age. Write Box No. 14466, "Bombay Chronicle."

Christian bachelor, educated, age 38, middle class, Govt. service in distant mofussil desires marriage. Necessity to advertise; fed up with homeless life, lonely district, no educated ladies long leave impossible till conclusion of war Differences of religion, caste or province no barrier. Lady must be well educated, preferably university qualifications, last not absolutely indispensable, over 25, desirous of respectable quiet home life. All inquiries direct, correspondence strictly secret. Photographs to be exchanged and returned. Prior to final decision interview essential, subject to mutual approval early marriage. Goans, East Indians and Anglo-Indians need not trouble. Other Christians and Hindus welcome. Please communicate Box No. 14459, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a B.Sc. preferably M.Sc. analytical knowledge of fats and oil. Apply stating minimum salary and testimonials Box No. 14470, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Governess to look after two children and also to attend to a lady. Preference would be given to those knowing household affairs. Apply stating terms and experience to Box No. 14465 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted from June next, a qualified Physical Instructor, stating age, caste, language known, experience, minimum pay and scale. Also B.A.s and B.A.S.T.C.s and one B.A. B.T. with the respective scales of Rs. 45|- to Rs. 60; Rs. 50|- to Rs. 65|- and Rs. 55 to Rs. 75. Apply to the Principal, G. T. High School, Cutch Mandvi, with full particulars. (14460)

Required a nationalist minded, young, experienced, fast and accurate, graduate stenographer, efficient in English. Salary Rs. 75 per month. No objection to caste and creed, and no interview will be granted to non-graduates. Apply personally on Monday, 21st inst. between 11 A.M. and 1 P.M. to Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee, 50 Hughes Rd. Bombay 7. (14463)

Wanted immediately an experienced Shroff knowing Gujarati, for Cash Department. Applications should be addressed to the Agent Junagadh State Bank, Junagadh, enclosing copies of testimonials, stating qualifications, age, salary, expected and security offered. (4817)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Energetic Young Men of well-to-do respectable families ambitious of learning travelling salesmanship actual practical training given. See Onward Trading Co., Tayabji Building, Carnac Road. (14467)

Wanted for the Sheth Lalbhai Dalpatbhai Arts College of the Ahmedabad Education Society (1) a Professor of English and for the Hargovandas Lakhmichand College of Commerce, (2) a Professor, who can teach Organisation of Cotton Industry to B.Com. classes and Economics or Commerce to undergraduate classes and also, (3) an Assistant Professor of Accounting and Auditing. Only persons with high academic qualifications need apply. Teaching experience will be an additional qualification. The scale of salaries for professors is Rs. 200-25|2-300 and for assistant professors Rs. 100-20|2-200 with benefit of Provident Fund. Applications should reach the Secretary, the Ahmedabad Education Society, Congress House, Bhadra, Ahmedabad, on or before the 10th of May J. H. Divan, Secretary. (4792)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Advertising and Publicity Assistant with knowledge of journalism and experience in leading European Advertising Agency seeks immediate appointment with manufacturers, publishers, newspaper-offices, film-industrialists or Rly. companies. Please write to Mr. Deshpande, 34, Kadar Mahal, Naigaon Dadar, Bombay.

62. TO BE LET.

Keep Cool Open Airy Small Big Rooms, Water, Electric, Vegetarian Hindoos "Mahim-Mansions" near Station Mahim. (14448)

74. TO LET (UPCOUNTRY)

To Let—Matheran—For the May season 'Olympia House' fully furnished Bungalow with Electric lights, fans and piped water. Rent moderate. For further particulars apply Dara H. Kooka, Bombay Mutual Building, 1st Floor, Pherozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. (14464)

140. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Cambridge Examinations (Bombay Centre). As a War Measure no Students for Junior and Senior admitted after 24th April. Apply, Principal, English High School, Opp. G.I.P. Ry. Station, Dadar. (14471)

Matrics! Become graduates (Punjab University) with 15 months' home-study. Particulars against 9p. stamp. Dewan's, Bhadarkali Lahore. (14452

Prof. Deodhar's Music School will conduct "Summer Classes" in vocal and instrumental music and dancing from 20th April to 5th June. Moderate fees. Above Joshi Boarding, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaum. (14469)

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted: One Three Stage Compressor new or Second Hand for working upto 1200 lbs. per sq. inch and one Gas Holder complete or any capacity. Apply to Box No 4790, "Bombay Chronicle."

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale: Ruston Paraffin Oil Engine 4½ H.P., One Roller Pan Mixture, discharge 1 unit per 8 hours, Teak Wood Derricks, G. I. Pipes and fittings of several sizes—all in sound condition. Apply Dalmia Cement, Ltd., P. O. Dalmiapuram. (S. I. Rly.). (4791)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted influential Agents and Canvassers for Paimbalm, Hairoils, etc. Apply with Postage to Sadanand Agency, Girgaum, Bombay 4. (14468)

Wanted Chief Agents in Bombay Sind, Punjab, Kathiawar, Gujarat, Rajputana for respectable Provident Insurance Company. Peerless Provident Insurance, Mercantile Buildings, Calcutta. (14441)

Wanted—Paid Local Agents every where on Rs. 25 p.m. No guarantee. Cash Rs. 20 against stock essential. Raj Beauty Works, Regd Nisbet Road, Lahore. (14442)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Be Taller. Free particulars with testimonials. Write to-day. Premier Products Co. (Dept. 85 P.O. Box 851, Bombay. (4727)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

TRAINED BRITISH COOKS, MESS WAITERS, MASALCHIES, DHOBIES and SWEEPERS on attractive pay and good prospects. Apply in person daily between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. to the Assistant Recruiting Officer, Esplanade Maidan (North), Dhobi Talao, Bombay. 4820

WANTED.

MOTOR DRIVERS for employment as Assistant Driving Instructors.

Candidates must be able to instruct recruits in driving and maintenance of mechanical Transport Vehicles and be able to read and write in some vernacular.

They will be engaged as Civilians and must have had at least two years' driving experience and be in possession of a current driving licence free from serious endorsements.

Pay Rs. 50|- per mensem. Free accommodation.

Selected candidates may be promoted to Driving Instructors on pay of Rs. 65|- per mensem.

Applications should be addressed to the nearest of the following:—

Technical Recruiting Officer, Southern Area, Poona.
Assistant Technical Recruiting Officer, Bombay.
Assistant Technical Recruiting Officer, Jubbulpore.
Assistant Technical Recruiting Officer, Bangalore.
Assistant Technical Recruiting Officer, Madras. (4763)

WANTED

WANTED a qualified OVERSEER for the Municipal Committee, Burhanpur for its Public Works and Water Works Department. Candidates possessing knowledge and experience in electrical engineering and water works will be preferred.

The post is permanent with benefits of Provident Fund and carries a scale of 70-70-75-5-120 (Bar) 5-150.

Intending candidates must apply in the prescribed form which can be had on payment of Re. 1|- from the undersigned. Applications in the prescribed form received till 15th May, 1941, shall only be considered. Selected candidates shall have to appear for an interview at their own cost if so desired.

SECRETARY,
Municipal Committee,
Burhanpur,
Dated 19th April, 1941. (4819)

BOMBAY-SIND SERVICE COMMISSION

Wanted *six clerks and seven typists (Lower Division of the Bombay Subordinate Secretariat Service). Pay.*—Rs. 50-3-95-5-100-E.B.-5-160 subject to revision. *Age.*—Not less than 18 and not more than 25 years (28 years in the case of Backward and Intermediate Classes including Muslims) on 31st December 1941. *Qualifications.*—Candidates should have passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination recognised by Government, and those for the posts of typists should be able to type at a speed of *not less* than 40 words. For the posts of clerks only Muslims and members of the Backward classes are eligible. A fee of rupees five (either in cash or by *crossed* Indian postal order) should accompany the application for the posts of typists. Full details should be obtained from the Secretary to the Commission, P. W. D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for receipt of applications which should be separate for each post, on printed prescribed form, (which will be supplied on receipt of an addressed (large) envelope with postage stamps of the value of 2½ annas, and on payment of annas eight *only* in cash in the office of the Commission or a *crossed* Indian Postal Order in favour of the "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission") *17th May 1941.* 4785

Public Notices

NOTICE

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT

A clerical service examination for appointments of temporary clerks in the Military Accounts Department will be held at New Delhi, Rawalpindi, Lahore, Meerut, Calcutta and Poona on 7th and 8th July, 1941.

2. No guarantee of permanent appointment in the Department can be given, though selected men who prove of exceptional merit will be considered for such appointments.

3 CONDITIONS.

Candidates must be between 18 and 28 years of age on 1st July, 1941.

Initial pay Rs. 45|- p.m. and after one year's approved and continuous service 50-4-70-5-150 (plus local allowance at stations at which it is admissible to permanent clerks.)

Educational qualifications:

University degree or other high qualifications.

(N.B.—In the case of Muslim candidates only, the minimum educational qualification is Intermediate Examination).

Subjects for the examination:

(a) English language (paraphrasing and letter drafting).
(b) Commercial Arithmetic (Addition, Multiplication, Division, Interest, Exchange, etc.)
(c) Viva Voce.

4. Applications for permission to sit for the examination should be submitted in applicant's own handwriting, (supported by attested copies of testimonials, University certificates and evidence of age), to one of the following officers not later than the 1st June, 1941, according to where the candidate desires to be examined.

Military Accountant-General, New Delhi.
Controller of Military Accounts, Northern Command, Rawalpindi
Controller of Military Accounts, Southern Command, Poona.
Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Command, Meerut.
Controller of Mily. Accounts & Pensions, Lahore Cantt.
Controller of Army Factory Accounts, Calcutta.

Candidates should also attach to their applications a separate abstract in the following form which should be filled in BLOCK LETTERS.

Full name & address	Community.	Age	Academic qualifications.	Other qualifications.	Name of the State if you are a State subject.

5. No reasons will be given to nor appeals entertained from rejected candidates.

Accepted candidates will have to remit Rs. 3|- as examination fee in advance, (which will not be refunded), and travel at their own expense to the place of examination. The date and time of the examination and other particulars will be notified to the accepted candidates by the officer to whom the applications are addressed.

Successful candidates will be offered appointments as temporary clerks as and when the vacancies occur. The initial vacancies that may occur hereafter in each centre will be offered to successful Muslim candidates of that examination centre, and thereafter 25 per cent of the all-India vacancies will be reserved for successful candidates of that community. (4818)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE, Indian Stores Department, Reserve Bank Building, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Cots double tubular, lockers double and lockers mess. Tender form No. MP/BH. 4852 may be obtained from him on payment in cash of Rs. 4 per set. Due date of submission of tender by 12 noon on the 25th April, 1941. 4821

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

SUIT NO. 415 of 1940.

SHAVAKSHA JAMSETJEE CABINETMAKER ... Plaintiff.

versus

(1.) MAHOMED UMAR SIRDAR HAJI BUDLOO SUBRATI, (2.) SHAIKH AHMED SIRDAR HAJI BUDLOO SUBRATI, (3.) KAIRUNISSA alias Lalli daughter of the late Sirdar Haji Budloo Subrati, (4.) ....., (5.) HORMUSJI FRAMJI SESSIONWALLA. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 6th February, 1941, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 1st May, 1941 at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

ALL that piece of land with dwelling house thereon at Sankli Street, Bombay, admeasuring 575 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 29-95, 96, New Nos. 13531, 13602 and Old Survey Nos 283, 284, 294 and New Survey Nos 1-2-3-3545 and Municipal E Ward No. 3912 (3) and Old Street No 99B and New Street No. 16 and Cadastral Survey No. 1763 of Byculla Division.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. PAYNE & CO. Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 54 Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 14th day of March 1941.

ARMAND F SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(4743)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SITAPCHAND AMICHAND and LALITKUMAR SITAPCHAND, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, the Trustees of an Indenture of Trust, dated 22nd April, 1922, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground redeemed land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the North side of the British Hotel Lane in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 519 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 10, New No. 4837, Old Survey No. 1405, New Survey No 9515 ,Cadastral Survey No. 67 of Fort Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1203 and Street Nos. 4-6 & 8 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Haji Alimahomed Haji Cassum and partly by the property of the Bombay Municipality, on or towards the West by the property of Nuruddin Mahomedally and Others, on or towards the North partly by the property of Aly Suleman Khan & partly by the property of the Union Bank of India, Ltd., and on or towards the South by the said British Hotel Lane and which said premises are now occupied by the Purchaser and his partner as the tenants of the vendors.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1941.

Messrs. MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4816)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT MEDICAL STORE DEPOT, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslim candidates for temporary posts of (a) Clerks (pay Rs. 50-5|2-90-4-110) and (b) Compounders (pay Rs. 28-3-85) in this Depot. Appointments will be made as and when vacancies occur. Only qualified candidates need apply to the Dy. A.D.G. (M.S.) Government Medical Store Depot Eyculla, Bombay. (4810)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36(D) of the Municipal Act for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation to consider the question of taking steps for relieving the situation created by the shortage of water supply in the City, etc., a SPECIAL MEETING of the CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 28th APRIL, 1941, at 4-30 P.M. (Bombay Time).

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
S. N. DAMLE,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 18th April, 1941. (4822)

THE HEALTH VISITORS' INSTITUTE BOMBAY.

LADY STUDENTS desiring to study for the Health Visitors' Diploma Examination of the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council should apply not later than 20th May, 1941 to the undersigned.

The course for the Diploma extends over a period of 12 months and will commence from 9th June, 1941. Applicants for training should have completed 5th Std. English and be Midwives registered with the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council.

The Prospectus of the Institute and the application forms can be obtained from the undersigned on sending eight annas postage stamps for the same, or in person between 10 and 2 p.m. (S. T.) on week days to the address given below.

K. S. MHASKAR.
Hon. Secretary
The B. P. Infant Welfare Society, Ruxmani Hindu Lying-In Hospital
Babulnath Road.
CHOWPATTY, Bombay 7. 4736

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that TYEBALI RAJABALI of Bombay Borah Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, gift, inheritance, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office in "Fort Chambers", Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Mahim Pension and Tax land in the District and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, bearing Collector's Old No. Nil, New No. 3917, Old Survey No. 232 and New Survey No. 1/1510 and Cadastral Survey No. 521 Mahim Division containing by admeasurement 5768 square yards or thereabouts with the buildings standing thereon being a portion of a larger piece of land admeasuring 8268 square yards assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 4900, 4901, 4902, 4903, 4904(1), 4904(2) and 4904(3) and Street Nos. 188 C, 230, 232, 232(a) and 232(b) and bounded as follows; that is to say, on or towards the East by the Lady Jamshedji Road, on or towards the West by the property formerly of Bhagwan Bhima, on or towards the South partly by the property agreed to be sold to Mr. Masani and partly by the property of Paul Domingo Perreira and on or towards the North partly by the property of Mathurabal and partly by the property of Khan Bahadur Vakeel.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1941.

NANU HORMASJI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4826

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAHOMEDALLY JOOSAB PEERMAHOMED JAPANWALLA, SULTANALLY HASSANALLY JOOSAB PEERMAHOMED JAPANWALLA, ALIMAHOMED HASSANALLY JOOSAB PEERMAHOMED JAPANWALLA and ANWAR HAJI MIYA JOOSAB PEERMAHOMED JAPANWALLA, the last three minors under the age of 21 years by their Guardian the said Mahomedally Joosab Peermahomed Japanwalla and Aziz Hassanalli Joosab Peermahomed Japanwalla have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interst in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, llen, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land, containing an area of 636 sq. yds. or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 37 of the Princess Street Estate of the Board in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay bounded, on the East by Plot No. 38 of the said Estate, on the South by the land of the Board laid out as a service passage, on the West by Plot No. 36 of the said Estate and on the North by Lohar Chawl Street which piece of land forms portion of lands bearing New Survey Nos. 1/1808, 2/1808 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 991 Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 6 (C) bearing Ward Nos. 1065 (1—2) 1066, 1069 (1) to 1070 (2) and Street Nos. 159 to 171.

Dated this 18th day of April 1941.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchasers' Attorneys
4821

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY No. 87 OF 1941

Re: KHIMJI LALJI residing at 96, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay. ..... A Debtor

Ex parte: Messrs. MANGALDAS CHIMANLAL, a firm: ..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 15th day of April 1941 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1941.

S. S. RANGNEKAR,
Insolvency Registrar.
(4825)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. SANKALCHAND POMAJI LUXMICHAND DHANJI and DAYALJI DEVJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 35, Dalal Street, Examiner Press Building, Fort Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the messuage tenements and dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Ripon Road, Cross Lane, near Tramway Junction, known as Plot No. 245B consisting of a ground floor and 4 four storeys (46) fortysix rooms privies and open yards etc about 445 Sq. Yards in the town and Sub-District of Registration of Bombay, said to be registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under new Survey Number 3582 Cadastral Survey No 2/1517. Byculla Division and E Ward No. 3751/52 Old Street No 3—4 and present Street No. 245B Ripon Road Cross Lane.

Dated this 18th day of April 1941

HARIDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
4828

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Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MANEKJI RUSTOMJI PATEL and RATANJI MANEKJI PATEL have contracted to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at the junction of Military Square Lane and Ropewalk Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 234 (two hundred and thirty four) square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 42, New No. 4885, Old Survey Nos. 1187 and 1488, New Survey No. 9483 and Cadastral Survey No. 120 of Fort Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No 1211 and Street Nos. 17-19 and 21, 1-6 (old) 9-9a-4-11a-13-15-17 and 6 (New) and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Ropewalk Lane, on or towards the West by another property of the vendor purchased by the said Sophie Ezra and Alwyn Ezra, on or towards the North by the Military Square Lane and on or towards the South by the property of the vendor.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1941.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchasers' Attorneys
(4823)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. TUKARAM MAHADEO WAREKAR and DHONDURAM BALKRISHNA WAREKAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at All Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Mahim Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon known as "Ratnakant Bhuvan" situate, lying and being at Portuguese Church Road, Dadar in the Registration Sub-District and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 411 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 3/4254, 4565 New Survey No. 4/1468, Cadastral Survey No. 1495 of Mahim and Lower Parel Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under G Ward No. 3185(3) and Old Street No. 649 B and New Street No. 105 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the EAST by the property of Kashinath Raoji Nagweker, on or towards the WEST by the Portuguese Church Road, on or towards the NORTH by the property of the late Kashinath Charuji Padwal and on or towards the SOUTH by the property of Ramji Anaji Chudekar.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1941.

THAKORDAS DARU HEMANY & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

4827

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at Examiner Press Building, Dalal Street, Fort, of complete Flat furniture, H. M. V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington Typewriter, Safe, Wardrobes, Chesterfield Sets, Corona Portable Typwriter, Ice Box, Harmoniums, etc.

Auction Sales

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY known as Ismail Building at the junction of Muspia Siding Road and Clive Sixth Cross Lane (Dana Bander) on the Elphinstone Estate of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay. On MONDAY, the 28th April, 1941, at 4-30 P.M. at the premises of the property. By order of Messrs. Pnioze B. Choksi & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the Mortgagor Bai Fatmabai widow of Haji Dawood Esmail:—

All that piece of B.P.T. leasehold land admeasuring about 359-1/9 Sq. Yds. and another piece about 19-4/9 Sq. Yds. situate in Bombay as above on the Elphinstone Estate of the Port Trustees of Bombay bearing Collector's Cadastral Survey No. 163 Princess Dock Division together with the building standing on the premises known as Ismail Building.

Further particulars and conditions of sale from the above mentioned Attorneys for the Mortgagees, Esmail Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 11-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Kapadia Building, Kalbadevi Road, Near Swadeshi Market, of complete Bungalow furniture, Rajvanshi Zula with E. Lights, Drawing Room Cabinets, Safes, Singer Machine, Remington Typewriter, English Ice Box, H. M. V Gramophone, Hall Carpets, Chesterfield Sets, Harmoniums, Wrist Watches, Corona Portable Typewriter, Almirahs, Dining Table and Chairs, Show Cases, etc.

BENNETT & CO.
BONA FIDE SALE

Modern and highly artistically made furniture, rich crockery and glassware, etc.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction To-morrow, Sunday the 20th April, 1941, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at No 11, Cuffe Parade (ground floor) Dining, Drawing and Bed Room furniture such as Drawing Room Suites, Cabinet, Teapoys, Low Chairs, Glass Top Writing Table, Dining Table, Chairs, side Boards, Crystal Glassware, by St. Louis French, Chinaware "Limoges" Dinner Service, Almirahs, Cupboards, Spring Mattress Iron Cots, Screen Persian Carpets, 1 G.E. 10 Valves Radio etc. Property of U. Sudreau, Esq., on view from Tomorrow

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

SALE OF POONA PROPERTY for to-morrow is POSTPONED.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY SITUATE AT CHIMNA BUTCHER STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Kharas and Co., Attorneys for Mr. Jehangir Dinshaw Belgaumwalla, the Mortgagee and on account and risk of Babamiya alias Mohiddin Shakkar, Suleman Shakkar and Mohomedsha Ramjan, the Mortgagors, pursuant to the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 31st May, 1935 and Transfer of Mortgage dated 22nd January, 1940, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, 23rd April, 1941, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) ON SITE the undermentioned property.

All that piece of Freehold land together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate at Chimna Butcher Street admeasuring about 150 sq yds. and bearing New Survey No 4185 Cadastral Survey No 4143 of Bhuleshwar Division and Street Nos 23-25

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Kharas and Co Solicitors for the Mortgagee at Bruce Lane, Fort or

CRAWFORD & CO.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN VIA PORTS

Steamers.	Arrive Bombay	Leave Bombay
ONOE MARU	2 Apr.	23 Apr.
TOYOOKA MARU	15 Apr	30 Apr.
*HAKONE MARU†	27 Apr	11 May
GENOA MARU	16 May	31 May
OKITU MARU	26 May	10 June
*HUSIMI MARU†	13 June	27 June
*ANYO MARU	28 June	14 July

*Passenger steamer.
†Also calling at Manila.
Other Passenger Services are:—
Hongkong-S'Frisco via Japan and Honolulu, Japan-Seattle via Vancouver, Japan-Australia, Japan-South America (west coast).

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA

United India Bldg., Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 22041. Telegrams: 'YUSEN.'

New York Cotton Market Quiet And Featureless

SCATTERED LIQUIDATION AND PRICE-FIXING

Dry Goods Market Awaits Farm Aid Developments

Bombay: April 18.

On Thursday the New York cotton market was dull and featureless with routine business. The session was inactive with dry goods market awaiting farm aid developments.

The trade forecasts the cotton carryover on July 31st at 12,700,000 bales whereof Government may hold 10,390,000 bales compared with last season's 8,213 000 bales.

There is no news regarding the Farm Legislation and the delay clearly indicates that it will be too late for action on the growing cotton crops. Thus it will be difficult to reduce the cotton crop to 9 to 10 million bls and with a slight decrease in area under cotton cultivation the American cotton crop may turn out at 11 to 12 million bales which will be about two million bales above the need.

The New York cotton market was inactive The Chicago grains market after being firm on demand from mills with the strength of hedges, down-turned on professional selling.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady. There was scattered spot house liquidation of July against acquisition of loan cotton and light hedging. The selling met routine trade and tired mill price fixing.

The market opened at about the highest level with quotations unchanged, July being 11.26 and May 11.30. There was scattered selling and May declined to 11.24, which was the lowest level. Towards close there was little buying which improved prices and the market closed at a net rise of one point to a decline of 2 pts. Spot Cotton price was reduced one point at 11.49c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was dull and both buying and selling being equal, prices closed unchanged. Spot cotton was unchanged at 11.11c per lb

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York highest 11.30 (10 a.m.); lowest 11.24—06 (2 39 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Market narrow and featureless. Closed barely steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York: April 17.
May	11.25—01
July	11.24—02
October	11.21+01
December	11.20
January	11.17—01
March	11.20
Middling Spot	11.49—01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

	New Orleans: April 17.
May	11.36
July	11.32
October	11.28
Middling Spot	11.11
December	11.27
January	11.24
March	11.26

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York: April 17. 11 a.m.	Call. 11-45 a.m.	Call
May	11.28		11.26
July	11.24		11.22
October	11.21		11.19

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York: April 17.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 7,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britai, the Continent and China and Japan are nil.

ON THE AIR

SATURDAY, APRIL 19.

Bombay I & II Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8 25 to 8-40 As in Delhi 2. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 to 9-20 As in Delhi 2 9-20 A. R. P. Talk

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

11 30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
From 7-30 Bombay 2 will operate on 89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

5 p.m. To-morrow. 5-5 Indian music. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Indian music 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani 6-10 Variety programme. 7 History of gardening in ancient India. 7-15 Indian music. 7-25 Local news and announcements. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Indian music. 7 55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Indian music. 8-30 How New Budget Affects Me" by Sir J. Grigg (recorded). 8-45 A I R Trio. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 to 10-45 As in Delhi 2.

On shortwave only:—7 p.m. to 7 15 p.m. Talk on "History of Gardening in Ancient India" (Gujarati).

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m Mohammad Ismail. 5-20 Bheemplasi on the sarangi. 5-35 Anwar Khan. 5 45 Krishnabai. 6 News in English 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Gauhar Sultan. 6-30 Gayak. 6-50 Puria on the sitar. 7 Mohammad Ismail. 7-15 Raftar-i-Zamana. 7-30 For villagers only. 8-15 What is happiness?—1. 8-30 Krishnabai. 8-45 Bundu Khan. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Namakdan. 10-15 Mand Aur Ghazal. 10-30 Krishnabai. 10-45 News in English.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Bokul Dutta Gupta. 5-10 Amiya Roy Chowdhuri. 5-30 Ashutosh Kundoo. 5-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 Bokul Dutta Gupta. 6 News in English. 6-5 Suvo Guha Thakurta. 6-20 For the rural and industrial areas. 7 Paresh Dhar. 7-15 Hemanta Kumar Mukerjee. 7-30 Binapani Mukerjee I. 7-50 Surer Abedan. 8 Parasjita Basanta. 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 Katherine Howard. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9 20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Swing and sway.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE
G. I. P. Railway.
(On and from 1/4/1941)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17 3)
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19 30	08-05
Allahabad Express	20-25	07-00
Poona Fast Passenger	21-45	12-10

B. B. & C. I. Railway.
(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)
(On and from 1/4/1941)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	6 50	21-30
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Buisar	*9-15	15-35
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10 58	00-00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-48	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay: April 18.

Linseed May	5 0 6
Linseed September	5 3 9
Wheat May	4 1 9
Wheat September	4 2 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: April 18.

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 72/0
Copper sheets	Rs.80/12

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: April 18.

Following a decline of 2 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market opened today at Rs. 218 for Broach J/A delivery and improved to Rs. 219/8 under scattered buying. Later on there was increased selling and prices declined to Rs. 216/4.

The sentiment in the local market continues mixed. Bulls are making a show of a squeeze, but the differences between Broach contracts narrowed down There was some liquidation in the current delivery while some professionals were supporting 1942 contract. The outlook is uncertain and intending buyers will do well by waiting.

With the drop in shares Broach J/A declined to Rs. 214/12. There was scattered buying and the market closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.as.ps Rs.as.ps.
F G M G Broach—	
April/May 1941	218 12 0
July/August	215 8 0
April/May 1942	206 0 0
Fine M G Oomra—	
May	162 12 0
July	162 12 0
December/January	167 12 0
F G M G Bengal—	
May	127 8 0
July	128 4 0
December/January	132 0 0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: April 18.

	Extra Spr.	fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P		134	132	130	128	
M G Punjab		134	132	130	128	
M G Rajputana		139	137	135	133	
M G Oomra No. 3	173	170	167	164		
M G C. P No. 1	205	202	199	196		
M G C. P. No. 2	184	181	178	175		
M G Broach No. 2	230	227	224	221		
M G Punjab/American	273	270	267	264		
M G Surat	348	345	342	339		
M G Rajpipla	343	340	337	334		
M G Navsari	358	355	352	349		

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: April 18.

Bengal Fine	129/32
Berar	166/70
C. P. 1	200/02
C. P. 2	172/75
Khandesh	137/49
Muglai	152/55
Broach	224/27
Punjab S G 289F	354/64
Punjab R G 289F	329/34
Punjab R G 4F	269/76

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: April 18.

RECEIPTS INTO BOM. OF IND. COTTON In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	Since 1st Septr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh	52	96,381	41,134
Central India	443	132,387	97,983
Barsi and Nagar	247	103,179	107,600
Hyderabad/Gaorani		37,516	44,549
Berar	1,104	344,800	288,836
Central Provinces	612	73,671	71,549
Total Oomras	2,458	787,934	661,650
Dholeras	1,664	71,202	67,403
N.-W. Provinces		1,252	24,209
Rajputana		5,211	28,347
Sind-Punjab	3,197	461,924	317,517
Broach	2,906	141,814	348,776
Coompta & Dharwar	2,300	55,867	21,638
Westerns-Northerns	2,349	54,437	20,881
Cocoanada		239	86
Tinnevelley and Cambodia	103	1,971	1,314
Total	14,977	1,581,851	1,491,741
Arrived by road to 10th April 1941		236,133	224,358

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: April 18.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales.	1940/41	1939/40
Receipts to date 17-4-41	3354000	7124000
Receipts yesterday 17-4-41	7000	9000
Export to date 17-4-41	831000	5709000
Stock at Ports 12-4-41	3382000	2816000
Stock at interior towns do.	2918000	2521000
Stock at Liverpool 12-4-41		
Visible supply 12-4-41		
Quantity in sight 12-4-41	9923000	12473000
Quantity out of sight 12-4 41		

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 266 cent points at 331.
Broach J/A below New York July 279 cent points at 331.
Broach A/M New below N.Y. March 319 cent points at 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: April 18.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	225 1/2	220 1/2	224 1/2
Broach J/A	220	214 1/2	219 1/2
Broach A/M New 1942	209	203 1/2	208 1/4
Oomra May	166 1/2	157 1/2	166 1/2
Oomra July	167	158	167
Oomra D/J	172	163	172
Bengal May	128	122 1/2	128
Bengal July	129 1/4	124	129 1/4
Bengal D/J	133 3/4	129	133 3/4

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay: April 18.

Broach: To-day 2,200; Total 3,200.

INDAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: April 18.

Despite sady foreign advices and a steadiness in Cton, the Share Market gave way under heavy selling pressure with absence of buyers, as prices showed a sharp decline Tata Defeeds opened steady at 1820 and dropped dwn to 1740 while Tata Ordinaries fell down om 371 to 358. Textiles also moved down asiderably wherein Bombay Dyeings declid to 995.

Indian ons were slightly easier at 29/2.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Defeeds (1822/8) 1820 1795 1800 1760 1765 1740

Tata Ordaries (373) 371 67 68 58.

Tata Ordinary 358, Tata Deferred 1740, Indian Iron29/2, Bombay Dyeing 995, Century 375, Centr India 280, Kohinoor 380, Associated Cemt 133, Bombay Burma 495, Scindia Steam 193, Tata Hydro 179/6, Reserve Bank 103/8, Imperial Bank F P 1555, Central Bank 44, Bank India 141, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 95/8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 18.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 97-2
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 95-7
3 percent 1941 Bonds 100-7
3 percent 1951/54 Bonds 99-8
3 percent 1963/65 Loan 94/14
3 1/2 per cent 1547/50 Loan 102-10
4 per cent 1950/70 Loan 108/15
4 percent 1943 Bonds 104-6
3 percent War Bonds 101-7
4 1/2per cent 1955/60 Loan 113-6

TAX FREE LOANS.

3 percent 1945/55 Loan 111/6
4 per cent 1963/65 Mysore 115/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 108/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 108
5 per cent M Deb 1959 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 123/4
6 per cent K P T 1956 128

Tone:—Quiet.

DECLINE IN COTTON

BOMBAY: Friday.

After the close of the market Broach J/A delivery declined to Rs. 213.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: April 18.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 two months
Banks buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 next two months
B. CRATES:—
T 1/5 29/32; D D 1/5 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T 333 1/4; D D 333 1/4
Banks buying T T 330; D D 328
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T 303; D D 304
Banks buying T T 297 3/4; D D 296 1/4
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T 55 3/4; D D 56
Banks buying T T 57 1/2; D D 57 3/8
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T 81 1/2; D D 81 1/2
Banks buying T T 77 1/2; D D not quoted.
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T 125 3/4; D D 126 3/4
Banks buying T T 131; D D 131
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T 123; D D 123
Banks buying T T 128; D D 128
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T 158; D D 158
Banks buying T T 155; D D 155
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T 85 1/4; D D 84 1/2
Banks buying T T 81 1/2; D D 81 1/2
SHANGHAI:—
Banks selling T T 20; D D 19
Banks buying T T 17; D D 17
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T 67.27; D D 66.27
Banks buying T T 63.04; D D 62.04
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T 7.35; D D 7.35
Banks buying T T 7.55; D D 7.55
CROSS RATES:—
London/New York Dol. 4 02 1/2-3 1/2
London/Montreal Dol. 4.43/47
London/Java Glds. 7.58/62
London/Japan Sh 1/2 1/2
London/Berne Fcs. 17.30/40
London/Stockholm K. 16.85/95
Singapore/London Sh. 2/4 5/32-7/32
Hongkong/London Sh. 1/3 1/32
Shanghai/London Sh. 0/3 7/16
Mexico/London Pes. 19.2.5
Lisbon/London Esc. 99.80-100.20
New York/London Dol. 4.01
JAPAN:—
Banks buying 60 days 76 1/2
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8/8/0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4.
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent
Reserve Bank rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 1/2 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: April 17.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:—

	Dollars
Amr Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	32
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	55 1/2
Elec Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	32
Columbia Gas and Electric	3
Amr For Pow Common	1/2
Amr Tel and Tel	158 1/4
Western Union Telegraph	20 5/8
New York Central R R	12
Union Pacific	76 3/4
American Tobacco 'B'	68 3/4
Standard Brands	6
United States Steel	52
Republic Steel	17 7/8
Crucible Steels	38
Anaconda Copper Mining	23 1/4
General Motors	39 5/8
Socony	8 1/2
Consolidated Oil	5 3/8
Texas Corporation	37 1/2
Woolworth	29 5/8
Chase National Bank	29 1/4
National City Bank of N. Y.	25 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	25 7/8

PEPPER & GINGER.

Bombay: April 18.

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.:— Rs.as.ps.

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	85 0 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy	85 12 0
Pepper Bhadarva Sud 15 per candy	89 12 0
Ginger bleached ready per cwt	18 0 0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15 per cwt	16 8 0

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay: April 18.

Wheat May	0 2 3
Wheat September	0 8 6
Linseed May	0 2 6
Linseed September	0 11 0
Groundnut May	7 0 0
Groundnut August	3 4 0
Castorseed May	1 4 0
Castorseed September	4 0 0
Cottonseed May	0 10 0
Cottonseed September	2 0 0
Silver 1st Setlement	0 14 0
Silver 2nd Setlement	1 6 0
Gold 1st Settlement	0 10 0
Gold 2nd Settlement	1 0 0

Extensive Unloading In Share Bazar

BIG DROP IN STEELS

Cotton Mill Shares Also Decline

Bombay: April 18.

The local Share Bazar opened steady but soon downturned on renewed liquidation. The market being one-sided without any short sales, failed to draw support and with sentiment against there was poor rallying power. The industrial outlook was fully discounted and now there is general desire to liquidate purchases.

It may be said that the present drop is mainly due to absence of short sales in the forward section. At times short sales play an important part in depressing values but they have a legitimate place in forward markets as the short interest often provides potential buying. Thus the decline is the creation of the market as a result of ban placed on short sales.

There was general selling pressure in Tata Steel shares which reached new low levels. Cotton Mill shares also were being pressed on an unwilling market and prices eased off.

Wall-Street stocks staged a successful comeback despite unusual concentration of bad news including war discouragements and

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay: April 18.

Bombay Dyeing (1077/8) 1072 1067 1070 1043 1045 1030 1025
Century (408) 406 396 390 392 385 377 379
Central India (310/8) 308 309 301 292 290
Kohinoor (419) 419 420 402 385 386
New Great (418) 416 406 395
Simplex (106) 106 100 99 98
Swadeshi (294) 292 282 275 274
Associated Cement (138/4) 138/4 137 136 135 133 132/8
Andhra (1885) 1885
Tramway Ordinary (139) 139
Tata Hydro (180) 180
Tata Power (1610) 1600
Tata Steel Defd (1870) 1875 1865 1867 1827 1832 1795 1805 1790
Tata Steel Ordinary (375/8) 375 370 371 367 368 362 358
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (149/8) 149/8 148/8
Bellapur (211) 210 208 210 204 202
Bombay Steam (315) 311
Bombay Burma (527/8) 526 512 516 495

the Steel freeze, rails and industrials led a supporting movement. U. S. Steel shares closed 7/8 down at 52 and Anaconda Coppers were unchanged at 23 1/4 dollars.

The local market collapsed like a pack of cards. A few days ago Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 2080 and to-day they were done at Rs. 1790. The industry has undergone no change and the decline can be explained away due to changed sentiment.

When the market is working under restrictions and all become sellers, naturally prices must collapse and this fear was fully explained the ban on short sales was imposed.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened to-day at Rs. 1875 and declined to Rs. 1827. At this level the market halted and Defds rallied to Rs. 1830, but under renewed selling prices again dropped to Rs. 1790. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 375 and declined to Rs. 358. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1072 and eased off to Rs. 1025. The artificial state due to absence of short interest is mainly responsible for the sharp drop.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, April 18.

100	Ahm. Advance	280 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1025 0
100	CENTURY X. D.	379 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	290 0
100	COLABA	167 0
100	Coorla	104 0
250	David	37 8
250	Dawn	356 4
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 14 0
100	FINLAY	168 0
100	GOKAK	198 0
1000	Hindustan	2190 0
100	Indore	76 0
100	Khatau	140 0
100	KOHINOOR	386 0
250	LAXMI	505 0
100	MORARJI	225 0
250	Model	93 8
50	MYSORE	110 0
200	NEW GREAT	395 0
100	Osmanshahi	68 0
100	Phoenix	280 0
25	Sassoon Silk	92 8
1000	Sholapur	2910 0
50	SIMPLEX	98 0
100	SWADESHI	274 0
100	SWAN	178 0
500	Vishnu	1320 0
1000	Western	1150 0

BANKS

50-100	BARODA	107 12
25-50	CENTRAL	44 0
500	IMPERIAL	1550 0
125-500	Imp. Contrys	386 4
50-100	India	141 8
100	RESERVE BANK	104 0
5	UNION	6 8

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	132 8

INSURANCE

100	Empire	652 8
15-100	JUPITER	13 8
20	Mercantile	68 0
15-75	NEW INDIA	42 10
200	Oriental	3960 0
10-50	Vulcan	9 0

ELECTRIC

100	AHMD OLD	180 10
100	ANDHRA VALLEY	1885 0
10	AJMER	12 1
50	BOMBAY TRAM	139 0
100	Bombay Suburban	185 0
10	Broach	13 2
100	Karachi X.D.	218 12
100	Poona	225 10
100	Surat	180 0
100	TATA HYDRO	180 0
1000	TATA POWER	1600 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	542 8
100	C. Province	105 12
100	Dhond Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	101 0
100	Mandra Bhon	104 0
100	Pachora Jamner	63 8
100	Sara Siraiganj	103 0
500	Tapti Valley	638 12

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	4 9
2sh.	Indian Copper	1 15 66
10	Indian Iron and Steel X.D.	29 2
10	SHIVRAJPUR	28 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	1790 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	358 0
10	Steel Corporation	17 10

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	580 0
10	Air Services	3 8
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	202 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	595 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	311 0
125	B. Burma	495 0
50	B. Burma Cont.	177 8
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 2
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	86 0
100	IND. BLEACHING	125 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	46 12
100	Indian Radio Def.	532 8
100	Indian Radio Ord.	533 12
100	Port Canning	88 4
30	PREMIER CON.	83 0
15	SCINDIA	20 3
25	Tata Oil	41 8
100	Wimco	204 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1540 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	315 0
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T. F.)	78 8
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	650 0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	117 0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	108 12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	153 12
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1565 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	215 0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	148 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	753 12

DEBENTURES

3	3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101 4
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	101 4
4	p.c. Bom. Telephone	51 8
5	p.c. Sholapur	78 4

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 11th April:—

1.	Demand Liabilities:	
	(a) In India	169,60,68,000
	(b) In Burma	9,52,00,000
2.	Time Liabilities:	
	(a) In India	101,37,47,000
	(b) In Burma	3,87,02,000
3.	Cash:	
	i. Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes:	
	(a) In India	6,36,54,000
	(b) In Burma	81,000
	ii. Burma Notes:	
	(a) In India

American Weekly Cotton Statistics

(IN 1,000'S)

New York, April 11

	Season to-date	This week	Season 1939/40
Total in sight (excluding linters)	9,923	95	12,473
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other America (excluding linters)	7,338	207	6,550
Exports from U. S. Ports	831	13	5,599
Of which to Japan	87	3	791
Of which to China	68	5	373
Of which to Great Britain	340	2	1,765
Of which to Russia	139	—	—
Stock at U. S. ports	—	3,382	—
Stock at U. S. interior towns	—	2,918	—
World's visible supply	—	—	—
Of which American cotton	—	—	—
Forwarded to world's mills (excluding linters)	—	—	—
Receipts at U. S. ports	3,303	78	7,085

LONDON SEEDS

London: April 17.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe 21 April/May quoted.

Wheat Barletta Russo 20/9 April/May quoted.

Wheat South Australian 27/6 April/May quoted.

LONDON EXCHANGES

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2; Madrid 40.50; Montreal 4.43/4.47; Berne 17.30/17.40; Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

LONDON RUBBER

London: April 17.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 14-9/16 buyers.

PALACE

3-30, 6-30, & 10 P.M.

2nd GREAT Week

MOTION PICTURE ACADEMY AWARD WINNER OF 1940

REBECCA

DAVID O. SELZNICK PICT.

Starring:

LAURENCE OLIVIER

JOAN FONTAINE

The courage of a shy, unsophisticated young girl who dared to follow in the footsteps of the Glamorous Rebecca

TO-MORROW MORN. 10-30

METRO'S MUSICAL ROMANCE

ROSALIE

ELEANOR POWELL—NEL. EDDY

BACHELORS BEWARE!

THE IDEA THAT MARRIED LIFE IS ALL ALL ROMANCE AND SUNSHINE IS JUST MOONSHINE. THE GREATEST BACHELOR OF ALL TIME THE GREAT NARAD WANTS YOU TO LEARN

THIS FROM HIS EXPERIENCE—! MIRTH FROM MYTHOLOGY in

NARAD-NARADI

SARASWATI'S GAY MUSICAL

Directed by:

DADASAHEB TORNEY

& Starring:

DINKER (KAMANNA) & KUSUM DESHPANDE

From 3rd MAY

AT

MAJESTIC

A "Famous Pictures Ltd." Release!

18TH Week

ZENANA SHOWS

At 1-30 p. m. Tuesday & Thursday.

BOMBAY TALKIES'

Song-and-Dance Drama

"PUNARMILAN"

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.

Sat. Sun. 1-30 p. m.

MAJESTIC

NEW YORK COTTON FOUR POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1941

New York, April 18

Previous closing	11.24
To-day's opening	11.22
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	11.20
Difference	—04

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 218-4
Broach July/August	Rs. 215-0
Broach April/May 1942	Rs. 206-8

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 18

The New York cotton showed lower tendency on increased offerings influenced by lower Bombay cables but later prices steadied on trade support.

Trading in July began two points lower at 11.22. Prices eased on increased hedging and liquidation on subsidence of which prices steadied.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton:—

May (11.30/30) 11.26/26

July (11.26/26) 11.22/22

October (11.19/19) 11.18/18

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, April 18

Castorseeds unquoted

Linseed Bombay Calcutta April/May (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16 quoted

Linseed La Plata May (£11 5/16 quoted) £11 5/16 quoted

Groundnuts Coromandal April/May (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee April (£47) £47 nominal

Lightning April (£43) £43 nominal

RUBBER

Spot (14 5/8d value) 14 9/16d paid

Forward July September (14 3/4d value) 14 9/16d paid

LONDON METALS

Tin (£271 buyers; £271 1/2 sellers. Steady) £271 3/4 buyers; £272 sellers. Irregular.

Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62

Lead (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON SILVER

London, April 18

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

LONDON GOLD

London, April 18

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

Sentiment Easier

CALCUTTA, April 18

The market generally ruled easier. Jutes Coals, Cottons and Government securities were weaker. Teas kept steady. Miscellaneous industrials and speculative Engineering issues kept quiet.

It is resolved by the Stock Exchange Committee that on Saturday, the Stock Exchange will be closed at 1-30 p.m. Final quotations will be received upto 1 p.m.

Following are the closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent loan 1951/54 99/6; 3 per cent loan 1963/65 95/3 small lot; 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1946 101/8 cf; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 95/4; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 109/2; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/6 small lots; 3 per cent U P 1952 97/8.

Banks: Allahabad Bank pref 154 small odd lots; Reserve Bank 105; Imperial Bank fully paid 1558 ct.

Cottons: New Victoria ord 2; do pref 5/1.

Coals: Amalgamated 25/10; Bengal 345; Bokaro and Ramgur 13/14; Burrakur 13/4; Deoli 8/8; Equitable 33/13; Khas Kajora pref 13 ct; Hurriladih 11/12; Lakurka 9/10; New Beerbhoom 15; North Damuda 5/3; Parasea 0/15/1; Rancegunge 25/3; Sendra 12/1.

Jutes: Anglo India 309; Bally 213 small lot; Barnagore 93 small lot; Belvedere 356; Bengal Jute 13/5; Birla 26/12; Budge Budge 345; Champdany 153; Clive 22; Dalhousie 294/8; Empire 23/12; Fort William 214 small lots; Gourepore 673; Hukumchand 99/1; Hukumchand pref 117/8; Howrah 50/2; Kamarhatty 450; Kanknarrah 363; Kelvin 442; Megna 39/8; Nuddea 56; Presidency 4/5; Reliance 54/12; Standard 261; Union 376; Waverley 2/2.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 4/8; Consolidated Tin 2/2; Indian Copper 1/14; Rhodesian Copper -/12/-; Dalmia Cement ord 11/7; defd 2/10; pref 115 small lot; Alkali and Chemical pref 119; Frank Ross 4/8; Benares Elec 13/10; Jubbulpore Elec 14/8; U P Elec 138; Burn and Co ord 373; 7 per cent pref 166 ct; Hukumchand Steel ord 10/2; Indian Galvanizing 28/8; defd 2/15; Indian Iron and Steel 29/6 ex div; Kumardhubi Eng ord 4/3; Steel Corporation ord 17/12; pref 119/8; Hooghly Flour 10/5; United Flour 8/8; Bararee Coke 21/6 ct; B I Corporation 4; Dunlop Rubber (second pref) 116; Indian Wood Products 26/14; British Burma Petroleum 2/15; Indian Paper Pulp 133; Mysore Paper 13/12; Orient Paper 11/6; Star Paper 10; Titaghur Paper 16/3; Rubber Indragiri dol 1.05 cts; Pajam dol 1.88 1/2 cts; Tapah dol 1.90 cts ex div; Assam Saws 3; Sugar shares Buland 15/8; Carew and Co 9/4 ct; Champaran 12/8; Murree Brewery 14/1; Raza 15/14.

Tea shares: Hasimara 43/6; Nagri Farm 19/12; Rajabhat 32/4 small lots; Singell 70. Debentures: 3 3/4 1935/65 Calcutta Port Trust 100/8 small lot; 6 per cent 1920/42 Chowringhee Property 102/8.—A.P.

COLOMBO MARKET

COLOMBO, April 18

Rubber: 58 sheet and crepe. Yesterday's closing rates were same. Copra 28.25 Cocoanut oil f.o.b. 187.50 nominal.

Cotton Piecegoods And Yarn

Bombay, April 9

PIECEGOODS

Grey, Unbleached:—

	Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Longcloth (Standard Quality)	,,	0	12	8
Longcloth (Fine Quality)	,,	1	4	10
Shirtings	,,	0	12	1
Shirtings (Vegetable Quality)	,,	0	11	6
Leopard Cloth	,,	0	11	11
Dhoties (upto 1/2" nakhi Border)	,,	0	12	6
Dhoties (Calcutta 5/8" P.B.)	,,	1	3	9
Drills	,,	0	11	4
Domestics	,,	0	11	3
Domestics	,,	0	11	7
Salita	,,	0	12	0
Chadars	,,	0	12	6
White Bleached:—				
Longcloth	per piece	14	8	0
Drill	,,	11	6	3
Yarn:—				
4s (All Waste)	per lb.	0	4	5
6 1/2s (All Waste)	,,	0	4	8
8 1/2s	,,	0	6	5
10 1/2s	,,	0	6	10
12 1/2s	,,	0	7	2
16s	,,	0	9	6
20s	,,	0	9	11
24s	,,	0	10	5
32s	,,	0	11	9
40s	,,	0	14	0
60s	,,	1	6	9
80s	,,	1	12	8

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 18

Previous closing	4, 3/4
To-day's opening	4.i

T. T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 8

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, April 8

T. T. London on Paris not quoted

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 8

London Exchange opened with the terling/dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50, whicl is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/3

Paris on Bombay not quoted.

New York on Milan not quoted

New York on Bombay (30 33) 30.33

London on Shanghai (0-3 1/8 to 0-3 16) 0-3 1/16 to 0-3 3/8

London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.

4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 16 to 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, April 18

There was no trading during the night session.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, April 18

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 18

London Stock Exchange closed steady today.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, April 18

5 per cent 1958/68 (£105) £106

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 1/8) £77

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 7/8) £102 7/8

2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99) £99

4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 1/8) £112 1/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 3/4) £103 3/4

New War Loan (£100 1/4) £100 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 6/8) £110 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-0) 11-0

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (31-9) 31-6

Hydro Electric No dealings

Electric Music Industry (7-3) 7-3

Princhin Johnson (17-3) 17-3

Imperial Chemicals (29-6) 29-6

Woolsworth New Ordinary (46-3) 46-3

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£49) £49 1/2

Dundee Rubber (33-0) 32-9

Unilever Ordinary (22-0) 21-9

Ford Motors (17-9) 17-3

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£61) £61

British American Tobacco Ordinary (83-9) 83-1 1/2

Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (90-0) 90-7 1/2

P and O Def (22-6) 22-7 1/2

Distillers (61-9) 61-3

Bredfords Dye (3-3) 3-3

British Celanese (3-7 1/2) 3-7 1/2

J and P Coates (29-0) 29-3

Courtaulds Ordinary (29-4 1/2) 29-1 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (2-9) 2-9

Vickers Limited Ordinary (14-10 1/2) 14-10 1/2

Inter Nickel Ordinary (dol 39) dol 39

Indian Iron (45-0) 45-0

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-9) 17-9

Donaro Tea (30-0) 30-0

Empire of India (21-3) 21-3

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-4 1/2) 14-4 1/2

Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (25-0) 25-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2

Burma Corporation (6-10 1/2) 6-9

Rio Tintos (£7 1/2) £7 1/3

East Rand Properties (40-0) 40-0

Rand Mines (£6 1/2) £6 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12) £12

Associated Portland Cement (48-9) 48-9

Trinidad Leasehold (65-7 1/2) 66-3

Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2

Union Corporation (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-7 1/2) 25-7 1/2

Anglo India (27-6) 27-6

Burma Oil (46-3) 45-7 1/2

Mexican Eagle (7-0) 6-9

Shell Transport (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2

Royal Dutch (£16 1/2) £16 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£31 1/2) £31 3/4

London Midland Ordinary (£11 1/4) £11 5/8

London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 1/2

London Southern Def (£9 1/4) £9 3/8

London Transport 5 per cent (£123) £123

London Transport 'C' (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

American Cotton Weekly Statistics

New York, April 14

CORRESPONDING

	Season to-date	This week	Season 1939/40	Week 1940
Total in sight (excluding linters)	9,923	95	12,473	85
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other American (excluding linters)	7,338	207	6,550	102
Exports from U. S. Ports	831	13	5,599	21
Of which to Japan	87	3	791	7
Of which to China	68	5	373	1
Of which to Great Britain	340	2	1,765	29
Of which to Russia	139	—	—	—
Stocks at U. S. Ports	—	3,382	—	2,816
Stock at U. S. Interior towns	—	2,918	—	2,521
World's visible supply	—	—	—	—
Of which American Cotton	—	—	—	—
Forwarded to World's mills (excluding linters)	—	—	—	—
Receipts at U. S. Ports	3,303	78	7,085	59

N.B. All in bales 000's omitted.

Certificated stocks ..... 6,000 bales

SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL COMMITTEE FOR BIHAR

Ranchi, April 17

The constitution of a Scientific and Industrial Research Committee for Bihar which will form a liaison with the Central Board of Scientific and Industrial Research has been announced by the Provincial Government in the course of a resolution.

The Chairman will be Sir Syed Sultan Ahmad, D.L.

The function of the Committee will be to bring to the notice of the Central Board of Scientific and Industrial Research problems of research that may arise or be proposed in its area with suggestions for investigation at laboratories. The Committee will also advise the Provincial Government on matters arising out of the proceedings of the Central Board that are referred to it and make suggestions for further researches on important problems. The term of the Committee will be up to the 31st March, 1942.

IMPORTANCE OF COW PROTECTION

Parikh's Plea For Fund To Promote India's Cattlewealth

That the economic view of cow protection was not in reality opposed to religious sentiment, but that it was at worst, a case of having to indulge in unavoidable violence in order to prevent the infinitely greater violence involved in keeping numberless weak and starving cattle was the view expressed by Mr. Narhari Parikh in the course of a talk on cow protection at the Khadi and Village Industries exhibition on Friday evening.

Mr. Parikh said that the cow occupied an important place in the economic life of India. Next to agriculture the largest number of people were occupied in looking after cows. The daily life of the people was so much dependent on the cow that if there were no cows people would have to go without articles like milk and ghee which formed a very important part of their daily food.

Cow protection had not been made an item on the constructive programme of the Congress. But as early as 1916-17 Mahatma Gandhi had urged the importance of cow protection. He had put it on a par with the removal of untouchability, from the point of view of National as well as individual salvation. The speaker was the secretary of an organisation called the "Society for the Service of Cows", which had no more than five or six members. This was because the members had to swear that they would take no milk or milk products other than that of the cow and this was no easy job. Although there were as many as 21 crores of milch cows in this country they were so ill-fed and famished that India did not produce half as much milk as the United States of America which had only six crores of cows. This fact would justify Indians being stigmatised as cow killers rather be known as cow worshippers.

THE VICIOUS CIRCLE

Mr. Parikh then dealt with the causes for such a state of affairs. There was a vicious circle of starving cattle, poor agriculture and starving men. Agriculture was in a bad state because the cattle were weak and useless. Because agriculture was bad the peasants were poor and because they were poor they starved their cattle. This vicious circle had to be broken. The speaker also referred to the conflicts between cowherds and agriculturists in Gujerat. These conflicts had often led to murders. The only way to solve this problem was to provide every agriculturist with cows and settle cowherds on land.

FASTING AND FEASTING

Mr. Parikh also referred to the condition of pastures in this country. The art of preservation of fodder did not exist and cows had to depend merely on grass. And as the seasons varied they had a six months period of feasting alternating with another six months of fasting. This alternate fasting and feasting affected both longevity and the productivity of the cows. This situation could be remedied to a great extent by encouraging the growth of fodder crops. At present the peasant tended to grow money crops in preference to food crops and fodder crops.

Mr. Parikh also dealt with the wasteful methods of Pinjarapoles. A Government expert had estimated that only in seven cities charities to the extent of Rs. 50 lakhs were given every year towards Pinjarapoles. In the speaker's estimate anything between two to three crores of rupees were being spent in India, every year, by religious minded Vaishnavas and Jains for cow protection. But the only object of these Pinjarapoles seemed to be to prevent old and maimed cows from reaching the slaughter house; but it was only such cows that went to the abbatoir. He also stated that the money spent on Pinjarapoles was being wasted due to bad organisation and demonstration. He appealed to the donors to give better thought to the problem and create a fund which could be more effectively used for the promotion of the cattle wealth of India. They could help to provide the agriculturist with cows and also do good work in cow breeding. He also suggested that they should help to train people in the work of looking after cattle. The traditional knowledge relating to the care of cows was disappearing and the time had come when the peasants and cow herds should be given some scientific training to look after the cattle.

Our Readers' Views

The Minorities' Problem

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The recent annual session of the Muslim League is a reminder of the spirit of distrust and suspicion which at present characterises the relations between the various parties in the country. Rightly or wrongly the Muslim League feels that the interests of Muslims are unsafe in any democratic constitution applicable to the whole of India which would permanently place the minority interests at the mercy of the majority party or community. It is now useless to examine how far the Muslim League's contentions are justified. It must be recognised that as a party the League has great influence on Muslims and practical statesmanship requires their representations should be given sympathetic consideration.

Pakistan or the idea of a separate Homeland for Muslims is the result of a fear that the community would lose its identity if merged with other communities to form a homogeneous nation. Provincial Autonomy has confirmed the fears that in a Government based purely on populational groupings, the administration can be carried on without the minorities obtaining an effective voice over it. The experience of the working of Provincial Autonomy seems to be responsible for the ever-widening gulf between the various communities in India. What is required to meet the situation is a machinery which will allow scope for all the constituent communities to contribute their share in the administration of the country.

The system of separate electorates, which was expected to safeguard the interests of the religious minorities has not only failed in its object, but has come in the way of the political fusion of the communities; no doubt it has enabled the minorities to get themselves heard but this is of no value as constitutionally the majority party which would naturally represent the majority community is not bound to pay heed to them. Pakistan is an extreme solution but not the only one for this constitutional dissatisfaction. The problem is capable of a more acceptable solution by a careful electoral revision and adjustment. The electorates may be on communal lines but the candidate to be chosen by a constituency should be one who does not belong to the religion of that constituency. Thus suppose there are three electoral constituencies in a district on a communal classification. The constituency which is of a Hindu denomination will elect a non-Hindu, say a Muslim, or a Christian, who commands its confidence as its representative. A Muslim constituency will elect a non-Muslim, say a Hindu or a Christian who enjoys the greatest confidence of that constituency, and so on. The number of representatives allotted to each community can be statutorily fixed but the number is immaterial for elections based on this electoral machinery for the representatives chosen get their mandate from constituencies which represent communities other than their own and it is to their own advantage to see that the interests they are chosen to represent are fully protected.

If it is possible for some political system based on such electoral groupings, it would go a long way to allay the apprehensions of the minorities and at the same time promote the conception of a homogeneous strong and independent India which is cherished not only by the Congress but by all true patriots.—Yours, etc.,

K. G. SUBRAMANIAM.

Lighting On New Nagardas Road, Andheri

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—A few days back, some of the residents of the above locality, mostly plot-owners, had made representation by their letter dated the 17th ultimo to the Parle-Andheri Municipality for electric lighting, metal road and water main line connection for essential purposes, but representations have gone unheeded, as they have neither taken the work in hand nor have they the courtesy to acknowledge the same. This deplorable state of things reflects little credit on the authorities concerned. I would like the members of the above institution to copy the example of their brethren of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, where if any new scheme is undertaken, they make aforesaid preliminary arrangements before the plots are sold to the public. There is a cinema theatre and also there are bungalows. What about the safety of those respectable persons visiting the cinema and also of the residents staying under complete darkness due to the existing black-out? Moreover, one of the holders of plot is a municipal councillor? How is it that, in spite of this representative there, complete darkness prevails! Would the Municipality awake from their slumber and be worthy champions of the public by doing the right thing at the right moment?—Yours, etc.,

A PLOT-OWNER.

Congestion On G. I. P.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—On the 11th instant I had the occasion to travel to Poona from Kalyan by the night passenger train. All the trains from Bombay came fully crowded and it was not even possible to open the doors of the compartments. This fact was brought to the notice of the officials but they pleaded inability to do anything. Those passengers, who had to go to Poona or so had to wait indefinitely on the Kalyan platform for more than 24 hours. These passengers had to undergo all these difficulties due to the negligence of the authorities. It is very painful to see that the Railway asking you to travel by the G. I. P. for speed, comfort, luxury and pleasure, etc., at reduced rates and at the same time expect you to wait indefinitely on the platform of a roadside station.

It is a wonder why the authorities did not restrict issuing the tickets to the capacity of the trains. Will the authorities explain and also adopt suitable steps in future whenever there is a rush of passengers?—Yours, etc.,

J. VEER.

"Residents & The Public"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In a letter headed "Residents and the Public" published in the "Chronicle" of 3rd January, a correspondent—"Benighted Agency"—challenges my statement that Residents and Political Agents do mix with the public. "Let Mr. Angelo Moses say on what occasions the Residents and Political Agents met the public and our elite", writes the correspondent.

Personally, my relations with these officials in a number of States and Agencies have been most cordial. I assert most emphatically that these high officials do mix frequently with Indians. I myself have seen Residents and Political Agents mixing with the public at important functions.

I may cite a few instances. In a recent War Charities Fete organised by a Resident, all the high officials of the Residency were to be seen mingling freely with the people, receiving them, coaxing them to patronise the stalls, and in other ways making themselves agreeable to the people who attended the Fete. At a whist drive, a Resident himself took the role of auctioneer, much to the delight of the gathering.

Yet another instance may be cited. At a prize distribution in a Parsi gymkhana in an Indian State, a Political Agent and other officials of the Residency were present. Incidentally, it was the Dewan Saheb who distributed the prizes, and I received a silver cup for tennis at his hands. At that function, the Residency officials—who were garlanded and honoured did not keep themselves aloof. They did mix with us, and chatted with those of us who were acquainted with them.

Again, in one of our Indian States, the most enthusiastic supporters of the local Y. M. C. A.—although it is entirely an "Indian show"—are the European officials of the Residency. I happen to be the Sports Secretary of that Y. M. C. A.; and I say with pride that at our tennis "socials" and "mixed" hockey matches, the most colourful personalities are the Political Agent, the Deputy Political Agent, the Under Secretary and members of their families.

From the instances I have given above, it is evident that Residents and Political Agents do indeed maintain close and sympathetic contact with all classes of people.

I am constrained to conclude that "Benighted Agency's" complaint against a Resident not hearing an applicant is a stray instance.—Yours, etc.,

ANGELO MOSES.

Bhils And Co-operative Societies

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In the Dohad and Jhalod Talukas, the poor Bhil and Patelia agriculturists who are members of the co-operative societies, have compulsorily to submit to official arbitration, with the result that they are denied the benefits that they derive in the Civil Court under the D. A. R. Act and the Civil Procedure Code of a lesser rate of interest of 6 per cent after the date of suit and of easy seasonal instalments.

The poor Bhil agriculturists under the co-operative arbitration awards have to pay 12 1/2 p.c. interest even after the date of the award and the amount has to be paid in full immediately without instalments which is really unjust. It is a sad commentary on the working of the Co-operative department which allows such unjust awards to be made against the agriculturists.

It is hoped that the Bombay Government will set right the said grievances of the Bhil co-operative members after due inquiry.—Yours, etc.,

R. D. SUKLA.

Further Amendment To C. P. Tenancy Act

NAGPUR, April 18.

His Excellency the Governor of C. P. and Berar has promulgated an act further to amend the Central Provinces Tenancy of 1920.

The new act enables a co-operative society to bring an occupancy holding of a member to sale for recovery of advance made by it to him before 1/5 when the C. P. Tenancy Amendment Act of 1939 comes into force.

The New Act, it is stated, is necessary for habilitation of co-operative movement and also places the co-operative societies on the same footing as the land mortgages banks.—A. P.

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ADDRESS TO JINNAH & TRICOLOUR FLAG

Madras Mayor Answers Notice Question

MADRAS, April 18.

A short notice question was put to the Mayor at this evening's meeting of the City Council why the Tricolour flag was not flown as usual yesterday when a Civic Address was presented to Mr. Jinnah.

The Mayor explaining the position said that the resolution of the Council on the question required that the flag should be flown only on days when they were having meetings and as there was no meeting of the Council yesterday, the flag was not flown.—A. P.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

TOMORROW MORNING!
AT 10 A. M.
SPENCER TRACY
MICKEY ROONEY
in
"BOYS TOWN"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

There's No Question About This Being The Swellest Comedy Romance Of The Year!
Love moves in on the family when papa bursts a bombshell by bringing home this beauty!
THE LADY IN QUESTION
starring
BRIAN AHERNE
RITA HAYWORTH
with GLENN FORD • IRENE RICH • GEORGE COULOURIS
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

N.B.—EXTRA SHOW ON SUNDAY at 10-30 a.m.
CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
STILL GOING STRONG!...
4 Weeks at Regal—and now 2nd Week at Capitol!
"DOWN ARGENTINE WAY"
ALL IN TECHNICOLOR
with Don Ameche, Betty Grable &
The Brazilian Bombshell
Carmen Miranda.
LATEST WAR NEWS.

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 8, 1997
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 21, 1360
Parsi: Avan 17, 1310
Sunrise: 6h. 20m.
Sunset: 6h. 57m.
Higa tide: 5h. 43m., 19h. 08m.
Low tide: 0h. 33m., 12h. 08 m.

BOMBAY TENANTS' ASSOCIATION—The meeting of the Managing Board of the Association will be held in the 'D' Ward Office (Soman Building, Girgaum Road) today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.).

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY—For sanitary rounds and visiting chawls, the members of the Society will meet to-day (Saturday) at 4-45 p.m at J. J. Hospital Tram shed.

A PUBLIC DEBATE—That "Present education is the cause of the Political Discontent in India" will be the subject of a public debate in the Muslim Students' Union Hall, Bhavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. Miss Kapila Khandwala will preside. Mr. M. Hanif will propose and Mr. Adam Adil will oppose.

BOMBAY YOUTHS' ASSOCIATION—"Gandhism is the correct solution for India's problems" will be the subject of a public debate on Sunday, the 20th instant at 9-30 a.m. at the Vanmali Hall Building, Dadar.

INDIAN EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRIMARY SCHOOL—The prize distribution ceremony of the School will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. in the King George English School compound, when the Hon. Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy will preside and Lady Chinoy to distribute the prizes.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND—The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 18 will meet near the Junction of DeLisle Road and Gokhale Road to-day (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward. Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

GUJARATI SAHITYA MANDAL, ANDHERI—Under the auspices of this Mandal, an interesting programme for seven days from to-morrow (Sunday) to 26-4-41 (including speeches, recital of poems, debate, etc.) has been arranged. On Sunday, Sjt. Samaldas Gandhi, editor, "Vande Mataram" will speak on "To-morrow of the Students of to-day" at Shri Madhavdas Amershi High School at 8-30 a.m.

LECTURE ON 'KATHA UPANISHAD'—Swami Sambuddhananda of Shri Ramakrishna Ashram, Dadar, will conduct the weekly class to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in Merzellow Building, 64, Portuguese Church Street Dadar, (B. B. and C. I. Railway).

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY—Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on 'Vedanta Philosophy' (Brahma Sutras) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort, to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

KALA KENDRA ARTISTS
The Jt. Hon. Secretaries of the Khadi and Village Industries write: In view of the great rush at the time of the last performance of the Kala Kendra Artists, the Exhibition Committee has decided to keep one more performance to-day (Saturday) at 7-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Lad Wadi.

GANDHARVA SANGEET MANDAL—This institution is newly started to patronise and encourage the art and science of Indian music. The opening programme will be given by Rambhaoo Kunogoikar (Sawai Gandharva) to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at Wagle Hall, Kandewadi.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE—The monthly concert will be held at Laxmi Baug, New Bhatwadi, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.).

S. I. BHAJAN SAMAJ—There will be a Harikatha performance on "Seetha Kalyanam" by Sjt. Annaswami Bhagavatar and party to-day (Saturday) at the Samaj premises at 8-15 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Down Argentine Way". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Beek Street". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"High Sierra". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Lady in Question". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Langa It Off". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Radhika". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar". Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-30 noon.
WEST END—"Ghar Jawai". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Prabhat". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Logan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Ummeed". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Premnagar". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Pardesi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
PALACE—"Rebecca". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Sanskar". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
CHITRA—"Adhuri Kahani". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
EDWARD—"The Kick." Daily at 4, 6-30 and p.m

HAYES CUP (WOMEN'S) HOCKEY FINAL AT PAREL—The final of the Hayes Cup for Women will be played this (Saturday) evening on the St. Xavier's Ground—Parel, between the Bombay Greys 'A' and Vincent Club 'A' commencing at 5-30 p.m.
Lavanii's Hard-Lines Cup will be played at 4-30 p.m. between the Bombay City 'A' and Procter Ladies 'A'.
Lady Blackwell will preside and give away the Trophies

ARCHBISHOP AND KANARA CATHOLICS—Members of the Kanara Catholic Association, Bombay, have forwarded a requisition to Dr. Rebello, the President, requesting him under bye-law 16, to summon at an early date a general body meeting of the Association to register the protest of the community against the remarks recently made by Archbishop Roberts and to concert such measures as are deemed suitable to safeguard the honour of Kanara Catholics. The representation alludes to the unpleasant impression created by the remarks of the Archbishop and deplores the unwarranted singling out of a minor section of Bombay Catholics.

SUMMER MUSIC CLASSES—People of active disposition like to engage their minds in novel occupation during vacations and holidays. At the request of several such people, Prof. B. R. Deodhar has organised a special short-term course of (1) vocal, (2) instrumental music and (3) dancing to be completed in a month and a half.
Modern music means light music, (consisting of geets, bhavgeets and bhajans), and the special short-term course will specialize in this type of music. These special classes will be held from 21st April to 5th June at the 'School of Indian Music', above Joshi Boarding House, near Prarthana Samaj, Vithalbhai Patel Road, from where detailed information can be got

GRIEVANCES OF INDIANS IN BURMA
On Friday evening, Mr. Roshanali Bhimji of Rangoon delivered a lecture on 'Indians in Burma' at Bhavatsky Lodge. The lecture was arranged by the Bombay Muslim Students' Union and Mr. Salim Merchant presided.
He blamed the Indian middle-class youths who described themselves as Socialists, for siding the Burmans in their anti-Indian activities. The speaker appealed to young India to take more interest in Indians in Burma.

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POISONED BY THE SNAKE OF JEALOUSY....!
A SURGING RURAL STORY OF LOVE, JEALOUSY & PASSION
Premnagar
A BHAVNANI PRODUCTIONS' HIT

Starring: BIMLAKUMARI, HUSNABANU, PROF. RAMANAND RAIMOHAN, NAGENDRA, FATTYPRASAD.
DANCES! 13 SONG HITS!
PREMIERE TO-DAY: 1-30 P.M. TO-MORROW MORNING: 10 A.M. TRADER HORN
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m. Sat., Sun.: 1-30 p.m.
A 'Brilliant Pictures Ltd.' Release!
NOVELTY TALKIES, GRANT RD.

Mr. B. H. Taraporewala, the first Parsi elected President of the Thana Municipality since its elevation to the status of a "Borough Municipality". He was recently elected by the Board as its President for the unexpired period of the triennium, vice Mr. G. B. Walavalkar, resigned.

Violation Of Delhi Pact

Journalist Association Of India Protests Against Action Against 'Basumati'

The Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India has passed the following resolution which is released for publication:—
"The Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India protests against the misuse of the Defence of India Act and Rules made under it by the Government of Bengal in restricting the freedom of Press regarding publication of news and comments relating to communal disturbances in the Province and in banning the publication, sale and distribution of the "Basumati" for three weeks.
"The Committee further notes with regret that the action against the "Basumati" was taken in disregard of the wishes of the Provincial Press Advisory Committee, thus violating the spirit of the Delhi Agreement."

CITY FATHERS TO CONSIDER WATER SCARCITY

His Worship the Mayor has called a Special Meeting of the Municipal Corporation on Monday April the 28th at 5-10 p.m. to consider the question of shartage of water in the city.

Tomco Workers' Union

The Secretary writes:—
Five days have passed since the workers of the Tata Oil Mills struck work, consequent upon the failure of the Company to meet with the legitimate demands such as, clearness allowance, permanent service, sick leave, etc., which were placed through the Union. During these five days, the workers have maintained a peaceful and non violent attitude. Efforts were made by the Company to distribute leaflets among the workers this morning to the effect that all the demands have been already met with last year, and hence there was no cause for a strike. The workers have been threatened with drastic action, if they failed to report for duty within 48 hours. The leaflets that were distributed by the company were burnt in the meeting this morning.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 48,26,213-2-7.
For the R.A.F. Rs. 20,284-13-9 through the Hon. Treasurer, War Gifts Fund, Ahmednagar; Rs. 11,208-5-6 through the Collector and Chairman, District War Committee, Poona; Rs. 1,140-12 through the Hon. Treasurer, Defence Loan and War Gifts Fund, Belgaum; Rs. 1,006-3 through the Treasury Officer, Kanara, Karwar District; Rs. 500 Mr V. F. Taraporewala.
Including smaller amounts grand total on Friday stood at Rs. 48,63,581-7-0.

Bombay War Publicity

Marathi: 8 a.m. Recorded music. 8-05 News bulletin. 8-20 Recorded music. 8-25 "Australia threatens the Axis"—A talk.
Marathi: 6 p.m. Recorded music. 6-05 "Nazis active in Spain again"—A talk. 6-10 Recorded music. 6-15 News bulletin. 6-30 Recorded music. 6-35 America to guard its Embassy"—A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 "Vichy faces crisis"—A talk.
Gujarati: 11 a.m. Recorded music. 11-05 News bulletin. 11-20 Recorded music. 11-25 "African campaign"—A talk. 11-30 Recorded music. 11-35 "Fascist and Nazi fifth columnists in Italy"—A talk.
Hindustani: 12 noon. Recorded music. 12-05 p.m. "African campaign"—A talk. 12-10 Recorded music. 12-15 News bulletin.
Hindustani: 6-30 p.m. Recorded music. 6-35 "Fascist and Nazi fifth columnists in Italy"—A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 News bulletin. 7-05 Recorded music. 7-10 "Blockade of Germany"—A talk. 7-15 Recorded music 7-20 "War and Indian Industry"—A talk.

Talk Of The Suburbs

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)
With Juhu season commencing in right earnest my thoughts and surely those of every motorist must turn to the accidents on Ghodbunder Road.
Police records will reveal that the highest number of accidents registered on the Ghodbunder Road is usually during April and May, this being the time when the largest number of cars keep treking Juhu wards or making for the other Suburban pleasure resorts.

CHARITY SHOW—There will be a variety entertainment in aid of the Industrial and Literary Education Institute on 20th April at 3-30 p.m. at Waghle Hall, Kandewadi. The programme will consist of music, dances and comics.

EXHIBITION CLOSES TO-MORROW

Extension Of Time For Public Benefit

The Jt. Hon. Secretaries of the Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition write:—
The Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition will continue upto Sunday, the 20th April, 1941. There are only two days for the public to avail themselves of the great opportunity offered to them. A great rush is expected during these days and the Exhibition Committee has for the benefit of the public extended the time. On Saturday, the Exhibition will remain open from 2 p.m. to 10-30 p.m. (S.T.). Sale of tickets will be closed at 9-30 p.m.
At 6-30 p.m. Shri Babaibhai Mehta will speak on "How the Villager affects our Daily Life."
The dance programme by the Kala Kendra has been cancelled on account of their inability to present the programme.
The following are the results of the different competitions held under the auspices of the Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition, at Lad Wadi:—
Hindustani Elocution Competition:
1. Shri Nalinikant Joshi
2. Smt. Kusum Rangnekar
3. Smt. Lanu Kane
Charkha Competition:
Children:—
1. Master Vinod Dayaldas
2. Master Omkar Mama
3. Miss Hansa Motibhai
Women:—
1. Smt. Sulochanaben Choksey
2. Smt. Maniben Purshottam
3. Smt. Sumanben Zaveri
Men:—
1. Sjt. Somabhai C. Patel
2. Sjt. Jagubhai Motibhai
3. Sjt. Adityabhai H. Patel
RANGOLI COMPETITION
Corn Design:—
1. Smt. Maltiben Bhagwandas.
Rangoli Ordinary Design:
1. Smt. Jyotsnaben Mehta
2. Smt. Hansaben Shroff
3. Smt. Kokilaben Purshottam.
The prizes will be given to the winners on Sunday, the 20th April 1941 at 3-30 p.m. at the Terrace of Lad Wadi.

ALLEGED GANG OF SMUGGLERS ARRESTED.

BOMBAY, Friday.
The story of an alleged big gang of smugglers of liquor and drugs operating at Surti Mollah was narrated to-day at the Mazgaon Police Court, when Aminabai Ibrahim and Abdulla Sakur appeared before Mr. V. K. Muranjan to answer a charge of transporting illicit liquor into prohibited areas.
Pending further inquiries, the suspects were allowed bail.

KNOCKED DOWN BY CAR

A 22-year-old Muslim who appeared to be a tiffin-box carrier, was admitted to-day into the J. J. Hospital in an unconscious condition.
The man, it appears, was trying to cross the road near Charni Road Station, when a car proceeding towards Chaupatty knocked him down.

AT CITY EXHIBITION

HAND-MADE ARTICLES TO SUIT ALL TASTES

A Button Can Be Manufactured In A Couple Of Minutes! Attraction For Hundreds Of Students And Harijans

About 1,000 free tickets were issued to "Harijans" for the Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition at Ladwadi and Rambaug and on Friday many of them availed themselves of the passes given them.
About 500 High School students also attended the exhibition and took keen interest in the village Industries Exhibit Court. They said that they knew all that was to be known about the sandalwood industry, but they made intelligent inquiries about other industries concerning paper etc.
Buttons and leather articles, are made to suit a variety of tastes according to the instructions given by visitors. There is a great demand for the lacquered "tali" shirt button. Even improvements and changes in the machinery had to be effected to suit designs and styles. The public is also shown how a button can be manufactured in a couple of minutes. The raw materials for the buttons come chiefly from tali or vegetable ivory nuts, the fruits of the tali pot palm which grows in the jungles of the taluka of Honnavar in North Kanara.
This section is run by the Honnavar branch of the All-India Village Industries Association and in charge of Mr. S. K. Kallapur.
This section also demonstrates improvements carried out in the coir industry which is beset with various difficulties. Due to the heavy prices for the raw materials, limited sale period lasting between February and May and the stifling of foreign markets, the industry has to struggle hard in a competing market. But still, several difficulties have been tided over, cost of production brought down and it is slowly looking up. The quality is considered remarkable for its durability and is free from a heavy mixture of sand and other impurities, which add to its weight, as is the case in some of the coir products in some parts of India.

ELOCUTION COMPETITION IN HINDUSTANI

An elocution competition in Hindustani was held at the Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition, Ladwadi on Friday.
Results were declared the same day.
The Judges were: Messrs. Uma Shanker Dixit, Ranchodlal Dhani, Goculbhai Bhat and Prof Nadvi

KHADI SALES AT REDUCED RATES

Purushottam Kanji, Hon. Secretary, A. I. S. A. Bombay Branch, writes:—
6 1/4 per cent discount on all cotton varieties.
12 1/2 per cent discount on all Silk and Woollen varieties.
12 1/2 per cent to 50 per cent discount on unsaleable, old pattern or slightly damaged goods.
Have you made your purchases?
If not, please remember that now only two days are left.

of the Ismail College, Andheri.
Twelve candidates, including four ladies, participated in the competition.
The first prize went to Mr. Nalinkant Joshi who spoke on "Non-Violence is the only remedy for the establishment of world peace". The second prize was seized by Miss Kusum Rangnekar and the third by Miss Lanu P. Rane. The second prize-winner spoke on "The Emancipation of India lies in the development of khaddar and cottage industries, while the third prize winner spoke on the proposition that "It is our duty to know Hindustani—India's National language".
Each speaker spoke for about seven minutes and the prizes in the shape of Khadi Hundies will be distributed to them on Sunday, the last day of the Exhibition.

HEART WITHIN and
God Overhead!
—THAT IS THE SPIRIT OF THE GAME FIGHT THAT THIS HERO AND HIS SWEETHEART PUT UP AGAINST THE WICKED MIGHT OF MONEY.....

Naya Sansar
Starring:
RENUKA DEVI
and
ASHOK KUMAR
with
Mubarak, Shah Nawaz, V.H. Desai, Suresh, Jagannath, David, Sushil Kumar, P. F. Pithawala,
Daily: 3-30, 6-45, & 10 p.m.; Sunday 12-30 noon
AT
BOMBAY TALKIES' Purposeful Picture
ROXY 4th WEEK
AUZURIE
Hear the Songs! Watch the Dances!

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE! ..So
Simple a word.....yet so sinister.....so
Merciless.....so menacing to an innocent man
Falsely accused of a crime, he has not committed!
..... JUSTICE! .....So sweet to spell, yet so
Blind that it sends thousands of innocent persons
to Gallows on CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE!

THIS DEMON EMITS ITS WRATH in.....
KHAZANCHI (A PANCHOLI ART PICTURE)
with RAMOLA, ISMAIL MANORAMA & NARANG
IN 3RD Week AT KRISHNA (DUBASH) THEATRE
Daily at 4, 7 & 10 p.m. Sat., Sun. & Holidays 1-30 p.m. Extra Show!
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1941.

CONGRESS AND PAKISTAN

Mr. Jinnah having suggested in his presidential address at the Madras League session that the Congress should now consider the Pakistan scheme, Dr. Rajendra Prasad naturally replied that it was not possible to consider a scheme seriously which had not been worked out and the details of which were not known to the public The need for a fairly full scheme was realized by the League itself which appointed a special Committee for the purpose nearly a year ago. But the Committee has failed to prepare even an outline scheme obviously for the reason that the moment any serious effort is made to outline the scheme a number of difficulties crop up showing that it is harmful to millions of Muslims in the provinces in which they are in a minority, apart from its unworkability from the point of view of the country as a whole. Rajen Babu, therefore, rightly suggested that the League should first prepare a sufficiently full scheme before asking others to consider it seriously. Mr. Jinnah, however, contends that the more logical course is that "the Congress should make up their mind and accept the basic principles laid down in the Lahore resolution" on Pakistan. He thinks that only "then comes the question of what ways and means should be adopted to give effect to that decision". He asks Rajen Babu if he knows of "any example where the details have been discussed before without the principle having been accepted". And he proceeds to argue that in a partition of a joint family the principle of partition is first decided upon and that the same has been the case in the partition of Ireland, the separation of Burma and the formation of Sind as a separate province.

Misleading Analogy

The analogy of the instances cited is misleading and inapplicable to the case in question. In the case of a partition of joint family the members concerned can easily envisage their respective position after partition as the law relating to it is clearly laid down and as such partitions are familiar enough. But the partition, on purely communal lines, of a united country like India is unique and is fraught with dangerous uncertainties. In the case of Ireland the vast majority of its people have always opposed partition, which was forced on them by Britain. If Mr. Jinnah expects that the same thing can be repeated by Britain in India, we must say that he does not know either country or human nature well enough. Britain may conceivably try the experiment if Muslim Zones agree to be subservient to her. But we are sure that the Muslim people will never agree to that, nay, once the implications of partition become well known, as they will certainly be, in spite of Mr. Jinnah's efforts to conceal them, the Muslims will resist Pakistan as much as any other Indian community. As regards Sind vital particulars, financial and other, about its position after its formation as a separate province were generally agreed upon before the separation, and the same was true of Burma. There is no case, in the history of the world, of a country, united for centuries, agreeing to dismember itself, just because some people wish to carve for themselves an independent zone or zones, regardless of the consequences to themselves and to those from whom they seek to cut themselves adrift.

Safeguards for Minorities

Supposing that a fairly full scheme of Pakistan with all essential details is presented by the League to the Congress and the public, it will be helpful to them first because they know what precisely is the thing they are asked to support and, secondly, they can find it easier to consider alternative methods of safeguarding Muslim interests. But it is already clear that a vast majority of the people, including numerous Muslims, reject completely and unreservedly the very principle of partition. Indeed, under its constitution Congress cannot accept any scheme of partitioning India into sovereign States. It is true that the Congress has agreed to accept safeguards demanded by a minority at a Constituent Assembly. But all this is on the basis of a united India. On that basis Congress may go farther in conciliating minorities than the Muslim League would in an independent Muslim Zone in dealing with its own minorities. For the Congress stands for, and represents, all communities, and not only one. So much with regard to the question of a final settlement. But we suppose the League is not going to press the principle of Pakistan in the negotiations for a tentative settlement during the continuance of the war. If it does press the point, there will clearly be no agreement between it and the Congress, nor can we imagine any other body accepting the principle. If, however, Pakistan is kept out of the way, for the purpose of a provisional settlement, and if no unnecessary claims about the representative character of the Congress and the League are urged for acceptance as a condition precedent to negotiations, Congress will doubtless go and, we think, should go very far in conciliating the League, it being assumed that Government agree to part with real power to an extent satisfactory to both bodies.

Zone Pentangular

At the last annual general meeting of the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Mr. J. C. Maitra moved two resolutions, one in connection with the Zone Pentangular and the other for admission of non-Hindus as associate members of the Gymkhana. By the first, Mr. Maitra proposed the substitution of the present communal cricket tournament by one with non-communal basis. He further suggested that in the event of the Pentangular Committee not accepting the above proposal the Hindus should withdraw from the tournament altogether. By the second, he tried to change the communal composition of the Hindu Gymkhana. Mr. Maitra thought that if the Hindus gave the lead, the others would be similarly converted which would do a lot of good to the communal relations and the sport as well.

It is surprising that Mr. Shabaram A. Shete, the President of the Gymkhana, ruled both the propositions out of order. It appears that the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. M. J. Javeri, who raised the objections at a rather late stage, did not point out how the first resolution offended the constitution or rules of the Gymkhana. Nor did he advance any reasonable ground for which it deserved to be ruled out. The strangest part of it was that the President is reported not to have allowed any discussion on the point and to have given his ruling straightway.

Fortunately, the scheme for the Zone Pentangular is still before the Pentangular Committee. We understand that this has been placed before the members of the Committee for discussion. Looking to the present communal tension in the country, the Committee will be well advised to drop the communal tournament which needlessly excites communal feelings, and inaugurate the Zone Pentangular, which is certainly of a healthier character and possesses all the qualities which make a tournament popular and attractive. We hope the Gymkhanas concerned in this communal competition will revise their sporting code, as Mahatma Gandhi advised them a few months ago, and make the sporting world safe from the communal virus.

Frankly Speaking

The London Raid

Details of the last nocturnal Luftwaffe raid on London which lasted from dusk till dawn was the heaviest and most destructive that the British capital has yet experienced. As a Reuter report says: "West End, the centre of London's theatreland and night life, was bombed, blasted and burned....." But it is not the West End alone that has suffered. The whole of London and its suburbs were subjected to continued and prolonged bombing causing many deaths including that of a well-known economist Lord Stamp. Considering the intensity of the raid it is remarkable that London was returning to normal by the afternoon. Six raiders are reported to have been shot down for certain. But although night fighters have of late been meeting with much better success than ever they are still a long way from mastering this night menace.

Nazis And France

The Germans will, quite naturally, seek to exploit their victories in the Balkans and Libya to the best possible advantage in every way and in every direction. Diplomatic activities have, as was only to be expected, been intensified as regards Turkey and Spain. But in addition to this, is it not also possible that the Nazis are trying to hustle France, too, into "collaboration" of a kind going far beyond the terms of the armistice? A Swiss reports suggests renewed possibility of M. Laval's return to power. It may that the Nazis are thereby trying to keep Admiral Darlan up to "scratch", as it were. Similarly Italian press attacks upon France may be intended to frighten Marshal Petain into accepting the desired "collaboration"

Japanese Activities

Having secured the pact of neutrality with Russia, the Japanese are evidently losing no time in preparing for their drive towards the South. In addition to bases in Indo-China they have already got a substantial army in Hainan which, probably, will constitute their main base for operations. They have now declared that the entire South China coast is to be blockaded by the Japanese Navy. This means really a further concentration of their naval units conveniently near the scene of future operations. And in the manner of the Nazis they are simultaneously active on the diplomatic front. The Japanese Minister and a Naval Officer have had long conversations with the Thai Premier. Thailand being under Japanese influence it is more than likely that conversations dealt with arrangement for "incidents" on the Thai-Malaya frontier. A crisis in the Far East seems to be awaiting only M. Matsuoka's return to Tokyo and mutual ratification of the Russo-Japanese Pact though according to an official spokesman there can be no abrupt change in Japan's foreign policy even after M. Matsuoka's return. In this connection it is noteworthy that the position of Russia vis-a-vis China no longer remains obscure. The Soviet has given China on assurance of continued aid.

"The Searchlight"

We have just received a copy of "The Searchlight" after its re-organisation. The paper has rendered invaluable service to the cause of Indian freedom during the last twenty years in face of great difficulties. Those difficulties have apparently now been overcome and it is heartening to feel that this paper will now take its place among the foremost organs of public opinion in this country. Its new and more attractive garb is an added feature and altogether it is a much better production now. We wish it every success.

Hunger-Strike In Vellore Jail

It is distressing to note that though about eighty political prisoners in Vellore Jail have been on hunger-strike for fifteen days the authorities are apparently doing nothing to redress their grievances. The result of Government's unconcern is that 170 political prisoners in the Alipuram Jail are said to have been fasting for a week in sympathy with their suffering brethren at Vellore. Opinions will differ on the propriety of indefinitely long fasts to get any grievance redressed. But where grievances are real, as they are in the case of the Vellore prisoners, it is cruel callousness on the part of the authorities to ignore the hunger-strike and proceed in a complacent and leisurely manner in considering the grievances.

The Battle Of Britain

II

The following is the second instalment of "The Battle of Britain" published by the Air Ministry of England:—

Before describing the battle of the 6th of August something must be said about our methods of defence. The governing principle was that sufficient strength of fighters must be assembled at the required height over a given place where it can intercept the oncoming enemy raid and break it up before it can reach its objective.

There is general agreement that the principle of employing standing patrols is impracticable owing to its wastefulness. To keep sufficient strength of fighters always in the air to guard our shores from any attack would be beyond the powers of the biggest air force imaginable. The fighter force is therefore kept on the ground in the interests of economy and only ordered off the ground when raids appear to be imminent.

Information regarding the approach of the enemy is obtained by a variety of methods and is co-ordinated and passed on to "Operations Rooms."

The coastline of Britain is divided into sectors, each with its own fighter aerodromes and headquarters. These sectors are grouped together under a conveniently situated group headquarters which in its turn comes under the general control of the Headquarters of the Fighter Command. Information about enemy raids is illustrated by various symbols on a large map table in group and sector operations rooms, the aim being to give each "Controller" the same picture of the progress of raids in his particular area. In addition to this the controllers have all possible information set out before them, such as the location and "state" of their own squadrons, and weather and cloud conditions all over their area. They are also in touch with the anti-aircraft defences and balloon barrages.

Squadrons are maintained at their sector aerodromes at various "states of preparedness". The most relaxed state is "Released" which means that the squadron is not required to operate until a specified hour and that the personnel can be employed in routine maintenance, flying training and instruction, organised games and that, in some cases, they may leave the station. Next comes "Available" which means that the squadron must prepare to be in the air within so many minutes of receiving the order. "Readiness" reduces this to the minimum and is the most advanced state normally used. Occasionally "Stand By" is employed, which means that the pilots are seated in their aircraft with engines "off" but all pointing into the wind and ready to start up and take off the moment the leader gets his orders from the controller.

In good weather conditions and when there is reason to anticipate an attack, the squadrons are perforce kept at a high state of "preparedness" which is relaxed as much as possible when the weather deteriorates. The broad principle is usually to keep one part of the force at "Readiness", a second at "Advanced Available" and a third at "normal available." When an attack develops "Readiness" squadrons are ordered off in appropriate formations and "Available" squadrons are ordered to "Readiness" and used as a reserve to meet the second or third attack, or protect aerodromes or vulnerable points such as aircraft factories.

★

These orders are issued by a Controller whose function it is to study the operations room map and put a suitable number of aircraft into the air at selected points to intercept oncoming raids or to cover vulnerable points His duty also is to keep a constant watch on his resources so as not to run the risk of being caught by a third or fourth wave of raids with all his squadrons on the ground "landed and refuelling." It must be remembered that the endurance of a modern fighter aircraft, if it is to have an ample margin for full throttle work climbing and fighting, is limited. Allowance must also be made for the journey back to the parent station, especially if visibility is bad.

With the tracks of the enemy raid and of his own fighters both before his eyes, the controller's task of making an interception in theory is a comparatively simple mathematical problem. He is in constant touch with his fighters by radio telephone and is able to give them orders to change course from time to time so as to put them in the best position for the attack.

★

Once the fighters report that they have "sighted enemy", the Controller's task is over, except that he may have to give them the course to bring them back to their aerodromes when the battle is over. The "Enemy Sighted'" signal (the "Tally Ho")' is at once transmitted to the group H. Q. and recorded on the squadron state indicator. The red letter day for any group was September 27 when in No. 2 Group 21 out of 21 squadrons ordered up were able to report "Enemy Sighted".

But the successful interception of raids is not always so easy. In practice exercises before the war 30 per cent. interception was thought satisfactory and 50 per cent. very good. When the test came, however, the percentage rose to 75, 90 and sometimes 100. This consistently high rate of interception made it possible for our superiority in pilots and aircraft to achieve its full effect.

The task of the Controller in setting the state for the battle is governed by one factor—accurate and timely information as to raids. In clear weather, with little cloud, raiders came over at such a high altitude that they were almost invisible, even with the use of binoculars. The numbers of aircraft employed had the confusion of noise in the high atmosphere and thus increased the difficulty of detecting raids by sound.

In cloudy weather this difficulty was increased for the Observer Corps had then to rely entirely on sound. In view of these difficulties that Corps and other sources of information deserve very great credit for the remarkably clear and timely picture of

(Continued on page 9)

BITTER? BUT . . .

That substantial and well-edited Indian newspaper "The Bombay Chronicle", notes that the London "Daily Herald" believes it is "the unanimous conviction of the whole world of free men that the cause for which Britain and her allies are fighting is beyond question just." But, says the "Chronicle", "Since Indians are not free men, it doesn't matter whether their conviction is that Britain is also rather exploiting the justice of the cause for which she and her Allies are fighting." Nofrontier News Service.

Archbishop And Kanara Catholics

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Regarding the correspondence in your columns on the above subject, I understand it is not the first occasion that Archbishop Roberts has singled out Mangaloreans for his remarks. If one turns the pages of the "Mangalorean Review," the yearly K. C. A. organ and "The Mangalorean", the lay Bombay Kanara Catholic monthly, the matter therein is suffice to indicate how His Grace is disposed towards Kanara Catholic activities in different fields

The national outlook on political and social questions of Kanara Catholics, their free and frank criticism of the doings of the clergy and their manner of living have been held objectionable by the Archbishop from the time of his landing in Bombay. According to his conception a true Catholic is one who adopts western names and ways of life and blindly follows the clergy in all matters. Unfortunately, however, Kanara Catholic flock do not prefer to swallow everything that is given by shepherd Roberts as genuine food.

When the Sacred Heart nuns, known in Europe as the 'Aristocratic Order' were brought here to establish an exclusive Women's College in seclusive atmosphere, Kanara Catholics represented to His Grace on the impropriety of his sponsoring the move. In this College out of 80 students one is a Catholic. The aristocratic nuns have distinctly informed Catholic parents not to educate their children if they cannot afford it as the institution is meant for the rich. Outstanding Kanara Catholics had also remonstrated with His Grace for giving a wrong lead by entering into the academic aspect of prohibition, when the demon of drink played havoc in 90 per cent of the Catholic homes. Kanara Catholics stand for Indianisation of the Church lock, stock and barrel. In Bombay, while giving lip sympathy to the aspirations of Catholics in this respect, the Archbishop has appointed non-Indians to key positions in the Archdiocese. Even to manage the Diocesan press establishment a foreign lady was brought from 6,000 miles away.

In Mangalore and at other places the church and religious institutions have been Indianised rank and file, why not in Bombay?—Yours etc.,

JOACHIM.

Evolution Of A New World Order

(By D. M. NAMJOSHI)

The old world order is disintegrating and is undergoing a process of destruction. The present war is bringing this fact boldly into relief. Since the old order is being destroyed, it logically follows that some new order will emerge to take its place. But before we can envisage what the new order shall be, we have to decide what the old order is and why it is going under. We must know this because it is the older order in its process of distintegration that gives birth to the new one.

It is now almost a truism to say that every new political order follows every new economic development. So when human economic relations were based on slavery, which was a stage rendered necessary by the absence in man of any urge for productive creativeness—man was too primitive and vegetative for such creativeness—, no feudalism could be conceived or be organized. It was only when slavery was abolished that feudalism came into being. The abolition of slavery removed the imposition of productive creativity on man (this imposition was necessary during a certain stage). He was provided, instead, with an interest in such creativity. He was given a share in the product of his labour and the possession of that share. This made him more prone to labour and exertion than to indolence and vegetativeness.

* * * *

Feudalism served the purpose of man only so long as the growth of mankind in numbers had not overreached a certain limit. Feudalism was primarily based on the productivity of land and animal and human muscular labour as man's chief means of sustenance in this world. But a stage was reached when this no longer sufficed. Feudalism had to give way to capitalist industrialism and political democracy.

* * * *

Capitalism, industrialism and political democracy flourished so long as they had enough scope for expansion. But gradually they began to restrict their own scope. They degenerated into exclusive nationalism and its concomitant monopolistic imperialism. The last Great War was the culminating point in the process. Imperialism received its death-warrant. It did not die but it set itself on the road to death. Nationalism grew more exclusive, more intense and more self-destructive. Capitalism tended to transform nationalism into internationalism. But this internationalism was only of a sort. It was an imposition, it was not voluntary, it was unconscious and non-deliberate, it was self-contradictory and self-destructive. For its roots lay in exclusive and aggressive nationalism. The end of the last Great War gave this greedy exclusive, and aggressive nationalism, which had degenerated into monopolistic imperialism a handy cloak in the form of a deceptive self-determination and a spurious international order (the League of Nations, to boot).

* * *

Genuine internationalism and a healthy political world order cannot grow out of exclusive and aggressive nationalism. Such nationalism is the anti-thesis of healthy economic co-operation and hence of a durable and desirable political world order. Nationalism in its virulent form accentuates mutually exclusive, restrictive and hence destructive economic barriers. This cannot grow into co-operative and mutually helpful and effulgent internationalism. Capitalism makes nationalism exclusive and aggressive.

There can be no development from nationalism to internationalism in a single step, nor can it be wholly voluntary. So also there can be no development from capitalism to socialism in a single step, nor can it be wholly voluntary. Restricted, i.e., regional internationalism and economic and not political hegemony (which is imperialism) may well be the "via media".

We shall have a new political and economic world order that will be more beneficial than capitalist imperialism and a political balance of powers.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

"When the ex-Premier (Mr. C. Rajagopalachar) wanted to buy some Flit to maintain the anti-bug campaign the Superintendent referred the matter to the Inspector-General of prisons, who sent down the order that prisoners should not be allowed to buy any washing soap or Flit or oil or other such articles even at their own cost."

—From R. Krishna Murthi's statement to the Press.

* * * *

The A.I.C.C. office at Swaraj Bhawan was raided by the Allahabad C.I.D. on Thursday afternoon, the raid lasting for seven hours.

No serious incidents are, however, reported except the removal of files, pamphlets, a typewriter, etc.

There were no "casualties" among the personnel.

* * * *

Pursuing the same line of thought in the same language, we notice that the first of the Satyagrahis marching on foot to Delhi has reached his objective.

But we had better stop there.

* * * *

It is suggested in a contemporary that the Muslim League creed was changed to make Sir Sikandar Hayat's position more awkward.

But why? There is nothing to prevent him from professing the creed of Pakistan and practising the principle of Panjabistan.

* * * *

The new Croat Government under Dr. Pavelitch has now been formally proclaimed

Since the Qaid-e-Azam has already recognised it, he should follow up with a message of greetings.

* * * *

By the way, in his reply to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the Qaid-e-Azam refers to Ireland as the latest example in history of partitioning first and discussing details later.

But hasn't he forgotten rather too soon? The latest example of partitioning is Yugo-Slavia.

* * * *

The Japanese Navy has begun the blockade of the whole of South China and Japanese statesmen have initiated conversations with Thai Ministers.

Which all goes to show that M. Matsuoka is anxious to make a start Southward even before arriving 'en route' at Tokyo.

* * * *

Reports suggest that after the failure of a German attack upon Tobruk, when the Nazis lost 200 prisoners the task of doing better was next time assigned to the Italians.

They took it up and vindicated themselves, the British capturing 800 Italians.

* * * *

Signor Mussolini's "Il Popolo d'Italia" has revived its attack upon the French people.

Something of the kind was more or less due.

* * * *

Three French submarines and a destroyer are reported to have passed Gibraltar westwards presumably to Casablanca.

Under instructions from Petain or Darlan?

* * * *

For months he had been her devoted admirer. Now, at long last, he had collected up sufficient courage to ask her the most momentous of all questions.

"There are quite a lot of advantages in being a bachelor," he began, "but there comes a time when one longs for the companionship of another being—a being who will regard one as perfect, as an idol; whom one can treat as one's absolute property; who will be kind and faithful when times are hard; who will share one's joys and sorrows—"

To his delight he saw a sympathetic gleam in her eyes. Then she nodded in agreement.

"So you're thinking of buying a dog?" she said. "I think it's a fine idea. Do let me help you choose one!"

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Sneers are weapons of a hopeless fool.

A man's idea of comfort seldom jibes with that of his wife.

Wise is the man who has a cage ready for the bird in hand.

Many a girl who knows nothing about archery can draw a beau.

The man who aims to be good in this world may miss fire in the next.

Happiness is the result of being poor and respectable—according to the story books.

Baseless Rumour That Set A City Ablaze

MILITARY CALLED OUT IN AHMEDABAD

Five Killed And 70 Injured In Riots: S.O.S. To Governor

(From "A. P." And "U. P.")

AHMEDABAD, April 18.

THE baseless rumour that the Sikhs were taking out a procession with music before the Jumma Masjid was the cause of widespread alarm in the City leading to panic and rioting and arson. Five persons have been killed and seventy persons have been admitted in the Civil Hospital.

MILITARY CALLED OUT.

The military has been called out as a precautionary measure. A joint appeal for peace is being issued by Hindu and Muslim leaders.

Military (Indian troops) have been posted at strategic places for the night.

STRAY ASSAULTS CONTINUE.

Stray assaults, however, continue and the number of injured persons admitted in the civil hospital has reached about seventy. Fires continue raging at a number of places.

FIRE RAGES IN CITY.

Fires are stated to be raging at nine different places in the city and the Municipal fire brigades find it difficult to fight them. An Assistant Superintendent of Fire Brigades is stated to have been assaulted and injured.

Among the buildings set on fire is that of the "Sandesh," a Gujarati daily newspaper.

The number of dead has mounted to five.

Additional police have been drafted to meet the situation. One police constable has been injured. The cars of the Deputy Police Superintendent and the Public Prosecutor were attacked and six other private cars have been damaged.

S. O. S. TO GOVERNOR.

Seth Jayantilal Amritlal, President of the Millowners' Association, has wired to H. E. The Governor of Bombay drawing attention to the situation in Ahmedabad and seeking his intervention. Similar telegrams have been sent to H. E. The Governor by several other Mercantile Associations.

STORY OF THE RIOT.

Rumours that Sikhs were to take out a procession in the afternoon and were bent upon playing music before the Juma Masjid created an alarm in the city this noon and shops in various localities closed down. Muslims, Sikhs and Bhaiyas came out in groups with lathis. The Stock Exchange, Cloth markets and other important markets suspended business and some miscreants set fire to cars parked near the Stock Exchange. The show room of the Rohit Mills was also set on fire.

When this news spread throughout the city there was considerable panic. Armed police were stationed at all entrances to lanes and streets. The District Magistrate and the D.S.P. went round the city. The main streets are deserted. Vehicular traffic has been suspended.

An unconfirmed report says that three persons were injured in an out-of-the way place.

The District Magistrate has issued pamphlets stating that the Sikhs did not ask for permission to take out a procession. They have assured the authorities that they are not going to take out any procession.

Towards the evening the situation was under control, although tension prevailed.

HOUSES ON FIRE.

As the evening wore on, the situation in the city grew worse. Hooligan elements which were uptil now under control became busy, and three houses in the Astodia Street were set on fire.

Stray assaults also became more predominant and about ten persons are reported to have been injured. Out of these, three are reported to be dead.

Several cars passing along the road were smashed. Mr. J. H. Dewan, Secretary of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee, who was driving in his car, was stoned. He sustained injuries necessitating removal to hospital. His car was also smashed. Excitement prevails and the public are losing confidence.

MILITARY CALLED OUT.

As the riot situation was getting out of hand, the authorities requisitioned military help. A detachment consisting of six lorries of soldiers has been called out and stationed on duty at strategic points.

The situation outside the Astodia Gate is serious, a large number of cases of arson and incendiarism being reported. The flames of a huge fire raging on the Richy Road can be seen from Bhadra. A number of people have been stranded and have taken protection in police chowkis.

More cases of assault and stabbing are reported. A sub-inspector of police has been injured.

The President of the Ahmedabad Municipality, the Secretary of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee and other leading Hindus and Muslims have issued pamphlets appealing to Hindus and Muslims to be peaceful and restore communal harmony.

DACCA SITUATION.

Dacca:—One person was stabbed to death near Madan Basak Road yesterday evening. The police surrounded the area immediately after the occurrence and arrested over a hundred persons. This is the only incident of a serious nature since Tuesday.

One person was stabbed this morning at Dayaganj. The police are reported to have made several arrests in the area.

BREACH OF CURFEW ORDER.

Three persons having pleaded guilty to the charge of violating the curfew order were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5 each, in default to suffer one week's simple imprisonment by Mr. R. S. T. John, Extra Additional District Magistrate. Sixteen others were each sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 15 in default one week's simple imprisonment on a similar charge, the accused having pleaded not guilty.

A fresh batch of 134 persons, arrested in connection with the riot in the villages in Narayanganj Sub-Division, has been brought here.

HIGH SCHOOLS CLOSED.

A Conference of Headmasters held last night decided to close High Schools till June 15 in view of the present situation in the Dacca town.

A man was found lying dead last evening with a stab wound near Rathkhola.

Following a resolution of the Peace Committee regarding round-up, the police arrested so far 120 persons from Nawabpur, Lalchand Hakim lane and Malitola areas.

It is reported that these arrests were made last night from their respective houses.

PREMIER TO VISIT RIOT AREA.

The Chief Minister, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, left to-night for Dacca from where he will proceed to the riot affected villages in the Narayanganj Sub-Division. According to the present programme, he will visit Narsingdi, Khanabari, Methikandi, Srinidhi, Daullat Kandi and Bhairabazar and will return to Calcutta on April 21.

The "Associated Press" is authoritatively informed that the Chief Minister, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, has donated a sum of Rs. 100 to the Dacca Hindu Relief Fund through Sir N. N. Sircar.

Sir Nripendra Nath has also donated a similar amount to the Muslim Relief Fund and has already remitted the amounts to the District Magistrate of Dacca.

MINOR CLASH IN DELHI.

NEW DELHI:—A minor communal fracas occurred this evening in Maliwara (Delhi) resulting in injuries to about seven or eight persons. The trouble was a sequel to an altercation between a Muslim and a washerman. Police promptly arrived on the spot and restored order. Police pickets have been posted in the locality as precautionary measure. The injured who sustained minor injuries were removed to hospital.

In Burma

Indian Cinema Houses To Be Closed Down

Sequel To Imposition Of Customs Duty; Heaviest Booking For Last Shows

RANGOON, April 17.

Cinema bills to-day carried the notice "last shows".

This indicates that no arrangement has yet been reached between the cinema proprietors and the Government on the question of customs duty and from to-morrow all cinemas will put up their shutters.

13 CINEMAS AFFECTED

Thirteen cinemas in the city, all showing English and Indian films are affected by the decision of the Cinema Trade Association to close down from to-day on the ground of "prohibitive duty".

Remarkable scenes were witnessed at yesterday's "last shows" bookings being the heaviest.

Further representations to the Government are likely to be made, but so far, Government circles maintain that concession has already been shown by a reduction of the duty from 37-1/2 per cent to five per cent.

The Burmese Cinema houses are not affected and will continue as usual.—A. P.

HEAVY ATTACK ON BERLIN

(Continued from Page 1)

business and it makes me very proud to be a citizen of this city.

The short sterling four-engined bomber to which Mr. Morrison referred is one of the largest military planes in the world carrying a huge bombload at high speed and having a great range. The new bombs referred to were first used in the recent raid on Emden with devastating effect. They have five times the blasting power of any previously dropped by the R. A. F.

NAZI ATTACK ON PORTSMOUTH

The Nazi air attack over Britain on Thursday night was concentrated in a heavy attack on Portsmouth. The raid lasted for many hours and high explosive bombs did damage to houses in various parts of the city, but casualties were remarkably light.

Two German planes were brought down in the Portsmouth attack.

3 BOMBERS DESTROYED

It is learned in London that three enemy bombers were destroyed last night over Britain. Two were shot down by anti-aircraft gunfire in the attack on Portsmouth.

There was very little enemy activity during daylight over Britain to-day and no reports of bombs being dropped anywhere have been received.

NAZI BOMBER FALLS IN IRISH WATERS

A German bomber alighted on the sea near Schull in the County of Cork inside the territorial waters of Eire to-day. It subsequently sank and the crew came ashore and were interned.—Reuter.

SUNNIS DEFY BAN

300 Arrested In Lucknow

LUCKNOW:— For the third time during the fortnight the Sunnis of Lucknow offered Civil Disobedience this afternoon at the Idgah and 300 Sunnis were arrested.

APPEAL FOR NON-VIOLENCE

A large number of Sunnis and spectators turned up at the Idgah this afternoon where the Sunnis revived their Civil Disobedience. Three Sunni leaders were earlier in the day arrested at their respective residences.

Dr. Azad Maliabadi, who has been chosen director of the campaign in place of Moulana Abdul Shakoor, addressing the gathering emphasized the supreme necessity of maintaining peace and non-violence while the campaign was in progress; he did not want, turbulent elements, even if their intentions were good, to go and court arrest haphazardly; he requested the Sunnis, who were prepared to go to jail, to register their names with him and wait their turn.

He added that he had received promises of support from Sunnis all over the country. Dr. Azad regretted that Moulana Abdul Shakoor, who is in jail, was being accorded 'C' Class treatment by the authorities.

After Dr. Azad's speech batches of Sunnis came out of the Idgah reciting "Madhe Sahaba" and were promptly arrested. The total number of arrested persons is 251 including 155 boys, of whom 112 were between eight and twelve years of age; the boys were later released.—A. P.

GERMAN CLAIM OF YUGOSLAV SURRENDER

But No Confirmation In London

German Bombers Take Heavy Toll Of Life In Belgrade

LONDON, April 18.

There is no confirmation in London of the German claim that the Yugoslav army surrendered at 9 p. m. on Thursday night and that capitulation will come into force at noon to-day.

The death roll resulting from the German air force's raids on Belgrade may reach 12,000 according to estimates of observers who saw the horrors writes Reuter's special correspondent somewhere in Yugoslavia.

Men who saw Rotterdam and Warsaw laid in ruins say the onslaught on Belgrade was ever more severe.

After the first raid I counted 200 dead along the main boulevard in Terazije District in the centre of Belgrade. The city was wholly unprepared for this attack. A few miserable shelters were the only air raid precaution measures in being.

Fires could not be fought because of lack of water. Food and fuel soon became exhausted. Two shelters received direct hits from the first bombs.

Three hundred men were mown down in one of the barracks. The War Office, the Home Office, Prime Minister's office and most of the other ministries had gone up in flames by the noon of the first day.

Belgrade's leading hotel the Serbia Kral, was razed to the ground. The German, American and Greek legations were destroyed. Some hundred German planes attacked Belgrade in the first raids. Divebombers swooped down to 60 feet to drop bombs.

Horrors Of Nazi Invasion

Three days before the war broke out they were told not to run away but die on their threshholds, and they did. There was absolutely no panic. As the roads were consequently deserted the Germans machine-gunned village squares in vain attempt to get the people on the run.

For ten days, as I made my way across the country with other colleagues in the wake of Yugoslav Government, I witnessed all the horrors of German invasion. We slept in churches, barns and stables and lived off the land, eating onions and drinking raki or local plum brandy.

When our party tried to reach Greece through Skolpje (Uskub) we were cut off by the German army. Then we went to Sarajevo which was bombed nearly as mercilessly as Belgrade. We tried another route only to find the Croats in revolt. We retreated to Sarajevo.

Often we were all arrested I myself was arrested in Trem at point of revolver by a soldier who told the company proudly that he had already shot seven people. One American colleague spent half an hour with his hands up and a bayonet in the small of his back.

The citizens of Belgrade standing in the streets seemed unable to grasp that war was already upon them. It was nothing less than a massacre. After a further day and night bombing, Belgrade presented a picture of one vast inferno confined within the angle formed by the intersection of the Save and the Danube Rivers.

Serbian fighter pilots shot down eighteen German bombers over Belgrade alone. In the absence of anti-aircraft guns, soldiers fired at raiders with rifles. As I left the city met Serb Troops who had received the first shock of the German advance.

The initial German armoured drive cost the Germans 200 tanks out of a force of 700. Everywhere the behaviour of the civilian population was heroic.—Reuter.

Ireland Faces Food Famine

LONDON, April 18.

The present stocks of wheat flour in Eire are only sufficient to last a few months. This is officially announced in Dublin with instruction to the police rigidly to enforce prohibition of the use of such food for livestock which is described as a crime against the community publishable with heavy penalties.—Reuter.

MONTREAL, April 17.

The completion of plans for the military and naval defence of the eastern and western coasts of Canada and the United States is announced by Canada-United States Joint Permanent Defence Board. "The board will from now on devote itself to keeping the plans up-to-date to meet the changing conditions", said announcement.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

FIGHTING IN NORTHERN GREECE

LONDON, April 18.

British forces defending Sarondoperon Pass have thrown back powerful infantry and tank attacks says the Athens radio.

The battle here is described as particularly fierce and bloody. All attacks by ten divisions against Australians at another pass south of Mount Olympus failed.

A Greek Press Bulletin says that fighting continues with great violence on the whole front in Northern Greece.—Reuter.

BR. REFUGEES

ANKARA, April 18.

Only British refugees from the Baltic States and more recent arrivals from the Balkans have been evacuated from Turkey. Some may have left of their own accord but no general order or advice on evacuation has been issued by the British Embassy and none has been moved at Government's expense under the Turkish partial evacuation of Istanbul.—Reuter.

Tripoli Heavily Bombarded

Big Fire Starts In Town

CAIRO, April 17.—The R. A. F. and the Fleet Air Arm carried out a heavy raid on Wednesday night on Tripoli, the main base of the Italo-German force in Libya. Shipping and harbour installations were the chief objectives. A tanker was hit.

There were many near misses to other shipping. Vessels anchored outside the harbour were attacked. Several direct hits were scored on the Spanish mole and a big fire was started at the town end. Searchlight positions were also machinegunned. All British aircraft returned safely.—Reuter.

Body Of Lady Stamp Recovered

LONDON, April 17.

The Body of Lady Stamp has now been recovered together with those of Lord Stamp and their son.

Lord and Lady Stamp with their son were in a house which received a direct hit and collapsed on a shelter which was demolished. Of the seven people taking refuge only one, a maid, was rescued alive.—Reuter.

AMERICAN TROOPS FOR BERMUDA

WASHINGTON, April 18.

The first contingent of United States troops left for Bermuda to form part of a new garrison there, according to an announcement of the War Department.—Reuter.

IRISH NEUTRALITY

BOSTON, April 18.

Eire would not give up or lease ports, Mr. Aiken, Eire Defence Minister, told a meeting here held under the auspices of the American friends of Irish neutrality.

"The sovereign rights of the Irish people", he said, "will not be bartered for foodships, arms or any other consideration."

He added that there was no chance of Eire changing her neutrality policy unless she were attacked.—Reuter.

Epic Battle For Mount Olympus

Heavy Nazi Pressure On Allied Line: Larissa Evacuated

LONDON, April 18.

British and Imperial forces, fighting grimly, have hurled back wave after wave of German Infantry surging forward in almost non-stop attacks on the classic heights of Mount Olympus, writes Reuter's special correspondent with the forces of the Empire in Greece.

As I write the British line—forming the right flank of the Allied armies defending Northern Greece—holds firm. Since the start of the great battle of Greece enormous casualties have been inflicted on the German hordes who have been thrown into the fray regardless of losses.

ALLIED LINE HOLDS FIRM

Bitter fighting is raging in Northern Greece where German mechanised hordes are hurling themselves furiously against the Anglo-Greek line. But the latest reports are to the effect that the line, although subjected to heavy pressure, still holds.

Australian troops are heavily engaged around the town of Servia which is on the road from Kozani to Larissa. A few miles west of Mount Olympus, the right pivot of the Allied line. They are said to be giving the Germans a good hammering.

GERMAN REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSSES

Fiercest struggle, however, is in progress some 30 miles south-west of Servia where the line bends towards Kalambaka, to which point last night's Berlin 'communique' said the Germans were advancing.

Quoting news just received from front the Athens Radio last night said, "The right flank of the Allied army from Katerini (on the Gulf of Salonika) to Servia is withstanding violent attacks by German forces and continually repulsing them with heavy losses in this area. One British armoured company alone brought down five German aircraft this afternoon by machine-gun fire".

BATTLE ENTERS SERIOUS PHASE

"It is also announced that on the left of the Allied armies, our troops are resisting steadfastly and the enemy has at no point gained any ground."

Earlier the Greek Press Ministry issued a statement that the battle between the Germans and British and Greek forces had extended all along the front and entered on the most serious phase. The Germans had thrown the whole of their weight against the Allied forces and were suffering tremendous casualties.

The statement added that the German pressure was being concentrated upon three points—at Grevena (north of Kalambaka) south of the Haliakmon River, and west of Koritza. The aim of the German column attacking the first region is the capture of Kalambaka.

R. A. F. CARRIES ON SPLENDIDLY

The fighting, the statement continues, is equally violent in the Kozani area and on the old Albanian frontier where German columns have appeared and have succeeded in capturing the Kafetkarik bridge.

The R. A. F. is continuing splendid work in bombing enemy columns and inflicting great damage on troops and supplies.

In conclusion the statement says that all the enemy attacks on the Italian front have been repulsed by the Greeks with very heavy losses on the enemy and at no point the Italians have gained the slightest advantage.

SITUATION UNCHANGED

In Western Macedonia no recent changes in the situation have have taken place, says a Greek high command communique broadcast from the Athens radio.

On the Albanian front adds the communique, certain movements of evacuation have been carried out without impediment. Elisura and Ersek have been evacuated.

ENEMY CAPTURE KILEKIARKS

The right wing of the Allied line from Katerini on the coast to Servia (Selfiji), west of Mount Olympus, is holding well against powerful German attack, according to a statement broadcast at midnight by the Athens radio.

The statement adds, "Our army and our ally are resisting stubbornly—defending the national soil inch by inch. Fierce battles are taking place everywhere. The German air force is intensely active but has suffered great losses.

"Attacks in Klissura District were beaten off, but finally after an insistent offensive in the sector north of Apsos, the enemy used numerous forces and succeeded in taking Kilekiarkgo".

"BLITZMEN" IN FRONT LINE

Reuter's special correspondent in Greece in a later message says that against an enormous force the British Imperial Forces are putting up one of the finest shows in the annals of military history.

I have seen for myself the most courageous manner in which our officers and men are throwing themselves into the battle in an effort to stem the Nazi invasion.

The full weight of the German army is pressing against Greece. Hitler has thrown the cream of his troops into battlefield. They include his special personal unit and bodyguard, mostly young men in their twenties.

Most of the Nazi troops have already seen service in France as is proved by the identification cards of prisoners.

The Nazi "Blitzmen", a special type of shock troops are in the front line. Their uniforms bear a double stroke of lightning and on their identification cards they described as "Blitzman identification number so and so".

LARISSA EVACUATED

Despite the terrific German onslaught the morale of the Allied forces remains of the highest.

I have spoken with men hailing from places as far apart as Devonshire, Scotland, Cyprus and New Zealand and all are very cheerful and in good heart.

During the bitterly cold nights of these high Greek altitudes, they lie out in the same courageous manner as they did in the Libya desert. **THEY ARE HITTING BACK VERY HARD AT THE ENEMY.** Their present lot is no easy one, but they are taking it as only soldiers can.

Besides attacking transport columns moving up to the front line the "Luftwaffe" is systematically bombing villages and towns on the Allied lines of communication.

Larissa, some 20 miles behind the Mount Olympus front, after being devastated in the recent earthquake and bombed by Italians, has now been completely shattered in an attack by 40 German dive-bombers. Waves of bombers flew over the town bombing and machine-gunning it.

Larissa is now practically deserted and all civilians have been evacuated. Houses are in ruin and many fires still burning.—Reuter.

Tobruk Not Isolated

British Forces Penetrate Italian Position

CAIRO, April 17.

The successful British operations in Tobruk on Wednesday when an Italian position was penetrated cannot be taken as a major engagement.

At the same time, it is pointed out that the latest Italian defeat coming on the morrow of the repulse of the German attack flatly disposes of the Axis claim that Tobruk has been isolated.

There is no further information about the mission of the Duke of Aosta's envoy to the British in Abyssinia.

6 Enemy Raiders Shot Down

LONDON, April 17.

A total of six enemy raiders were shot down last night in the raid on London, it is now learned. There was no enemy activity over Britain to-day apart from dropping of bombs on a town in north-east Scotland by single aircraft. The damage was small but some persons were killed.—Reuter.

A.I.S.A. To Pay Rs. 50,000?

Patna H. C. Disposes Of Appeal Preferred Against Income-Tax Officer's Order

PATNA, April 18.

The Patna High Court disposed of the appeal preferred by the All-India Spinners' Association against the order of the Income-Tax Office levying Income-Tax on the Association.

The Judges while coming to the conclusion that the object of the Association was charitable and that its funds were being utilised for charitable purposes held that on a point of law the constitution of the Association did not create a legal obligation on the part of its Council to utilise the fund for those charitable purposes, and hence it (the Association) could not be exempted from the tax.

It is believed that the assessment will be somewhere to the tune of Rs. 50,000.—United Press.

RAID ON POLICE PICKET

Two Killed & Five Wounded On Bannu-Tochi Road

BANNU, April 18.—One sepoy of the additional police was killed and five injured, one seriously, in a raid committed last evening on the police picket at Kachot bridge, about one mile from Bannu City, on the main Bannu-Tochi road.

One of the six wounded policemen has since succumbed to his injuries, thus bringing the total number of casualties to two killed and five wounded. Baran frontier constabulary to-day intercepted the gang escaping into tribal territory and opened heavy fire. One hostile was captured with a rifle.—A. P.

NEGLECTED JUHU ROAD

Property Owners' Protest

The Hon. Sir M. B. Dadhoney, Sir Sultan Chinoy, Mr. S. C. Velinker and Mr. Kaoroji Dumasia have sent a petition to the Government protesting against neglect of their interests by the Municipality of Juhu.

The road in front of their properties was constructed more than fifteen years ago but it has never been repaired. The Congress Government constructed an asphalt road leading up to the village of Juhu but a small sector for which the owners of the properties made large contributions towards the town planning scheme was left out. It is understood now that the road has now been handed over to the Thana Public Works Department for its reconstruction. That work has not been taken in hand yet, and it will take some time before it is completed. In the meanwhile the petitioners have drawn the attention of the Government to a factor which has become a source of menace to their health. The road has become not only unsafe but it is now filled with dust and the Municipality has failed to water it and keep down the dust. The signatories urge that the deplorable condition of the road reflects no credit on the management of the Municipality and that prompt action is necessary to lay down the dust and minimise risk to their health.

KHARE SUES EDITOR AND AUTHOR

Revision Petition Filed Before Nagpur Sessions Judge

NAGPUR, April 18.

Doctor N. B. Khare, has filed a revision petition before the Additional Sessions Judge, Nagpur, against the dismissal by the Nagpur City Magistrate of his defamation complaint against the author and publisher of "India's constitution at work" and the editor and publisher of the "Nagpur Times" in which certain extracts from the book had been published.—A. P.

LUCKNOW, April 17.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress is here on a short visit. He met Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani in jail yesterday. Acharya Kripalani will leave for Fyzabad to-morrow morning from where he will return to Allahabad.—A. P.

Satyagraha Arrests

RAMKRISHNA BAJAJ FINED.

WARDHAGANJ, April 18.

Mr. Ramkrishna Bajaj was fined Rs. 200 for offering 'Satyagraha' yesterday morning.

Mr. Ramkrishna, it will be remembered, was fined Rs. 100 on a previous occasion when he was arrested before offering 'Satyagraha' on April 15.—United Press.

CONVICTIONS IN BENARES.

BENARES, April 18.

Ten persons were sentenced on Wednesday to various terms of imprisonment for offering Satyagraha in Benares District.—A. P.

BENARES ARRESTS.

BENARES, April 18.

About 200 Satyagrahis including seven women have so far been arrested in Benares since the Satyagraha campaign was launched in December last. These include two members of the Central Assembly, four Provincial M.L.A.'s, three A.I.C.C. members and six Provincial Congress Committee members. Fines paid by Satyagrahis total Rs. five thousand.—A. P.

(See Page 11.)

PHILOSOPHER'S SLING AT DEMOCRACIES

Realise Dignity Of Human Souls And Stop That Exploitation In Colonies

CALCUTTA, April 18.

That it was no use distinguishing between democracy and dictatorship, both of which were grossly indifferent to human sufferings, was the opinion expressed by Sir S. Radhakrishnan at a farewell given by the Post-Graduate students of the Calcutta University on his retirement from the King George V Professorship of Philosophy. Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherji presided.

Sir Radhakrishnan added that if the differences were true to their religion as they claimed, it was certainly their duty to see that the exploitation in colonies was rooted out, giving place to a better world order.

The speaker told the students that unless they learned to realise the dignity of human souls and stand upto the oppression of society, civilisation was sure to face a catastrophe. He said: "Be true to yourself and respect the dignity of your brethren. This is the cardinal principle of civilisation which has come down to India from the very beginning. And by upholding this only, India can be saved."

Dr. Mukherji paid a tribute to Sir Radhakrishnan saying that he acted as the Ambassador of Indian civilisation to the West.—United Press.

SIR WILLIAM VINCENT DEAD.

LONDON, April 18.

The death has occurred of Sir William Vincent.—Reuter.

(Born in 1866 William Henry Hoare, entered Indian Civil Service in 1887 and served in Bengal in various capacities. He was a member of the Governor-General's Council of India in 1917, vice-President of the Council in 1921 and Member of the Council of India 1923-31. He was knighted in 1913).

BR. AND INDIAN INTERESTS IN RUMANIA AND BULGARIA

NEW DELHI, April 18.

British and Indian interests in Rumania and Bulgaria will, for the time being, be looked after by the authorities of the United States of America, says a notification issued by the External Affairs Department.—A. P.

MR. DESMOND YOUNG

Mr. Desmond Young is among those granted emergency commissions as a second Lieutenant.—A. P.

CALCUTTA, April 18.—The credit for preparing phosphoric acid for the first time in India goes to Dr. H. N. Das Gupta of the Department of Applied Chemistry of the University Science College, Calcutta.

Armed Clash Sequel

4 Killed And 2 Injured: Police Arrest 30 Persons

KARACHI, April 16.

Thirty persons were arrested and the police had to fire a few rounds in the air following a raid by the District Magistrate and the District Superintendent of Police with a posse of police on a village near Garhiyasin in Sukkur District following the report of murder of four Brohi tribesmen in a tribal fight.

It is stated that as a result of tribal feud, two Baluchi parties o. Brohis and Jakhranis came to a clash in which they used firearms.

Four Brohis were killed and two others were wounded while the Jakhranis escaped before the police could arrive.

Later the district officials proceeded to the village with an armed force but they were met with resistance and had to fire in the air. This had the desired effect on the assailants 30 of whom were taken into custody.—A. P.

EAST AFRICAN MARKET FOR INDIA

Trade Commissioner At Mombasa Strikes Optimistic Note

CALCUTTA, April 18.

The hope that India will be able to capture a reasonable share of the trade in hardware, brooms and brushes, sanitary ware, paints, colours and varnishes, is expressed by the Indian Government Trade Commissioner in East Africa, Mombasa, in his monthly report for December, 1940.

The report contains a brief survey of a range of commodities which are known to be manufactured in India in fairly commercial quantities. Hitherto, the report adds, the demand in the East African territories for these commodities was met by importations from countries other than India. Consequent upon the outbreak of hostilities, most of the continental sources of supply have been entirely shut out, and, in view of the difficulties experienced in obtaining regular supplies from other markets, merchants in these territories are showing increasing interest in establishing connections with manufacturers in India with a view to obtaining their requirements in respect of these commodities.

In view of the very wide range of qualities, designs, patterns and sizes in which the articles are marketed, the report states, it is difficult to give any clear idea of the prevailing prices, but the local markets will be tested on receipt of samples from Indian manufacturers and results of such tests will be duly communicated to them. Fairly large numbers of enquiries have been received in the office of the Trade Commissioner from local merchants in respect of these commodities in response to which the addresses of the principal manufacturers have been furnished to the enquirers.—A. P.

LATEST AMERICAN PLANES FOR SINGAPORE DEFENCE

SINGAPORE, April 18.

A large number of the latest American Brewster Buffalo type planes arrived here, it is officially revealed to-day, and are already in service with the R.A.F. in Malaya.—Reuter.

4 CONTESTING MAYORAL ELECTION

KARACHI, April 16.

Four candidates are contesting Mayoral Election of the Karachi Municipal Corporation this year which will be held on May 6.

Under the convention of the rotation system followed during the past five years, it is the turn of Mussalmans this year. Mr. M. H. Gazdar, M.L.A., Chairman of the Karachi Muslim League, Khan Bahadur A. K. Gabole, Parliamentary Secretary, and Mr. Hassanally Jamadar, Deputy Mayor are among the contestants.—A. P.

POONA, April 18.—It is learned that Dr. Ambedkar has been offered a seat on the Standing Committee of the non-party Leaders Conference.—A. P.

TO-MORROW MAY BE TOO LATE

America Must Convoy Cargo Ships To Aid Britain

NEW YORK, April 16.

Following President Roosevelt's Secretary's denial of the isolationist report that the United States is already convoying British merchantmen carrying American materials to Britain, an advertisement has appeared in the "New York Sun" declaring: "We must help to convoy merchantships to-day so that England can get arms. To-morrow may be too late."

The advertisement quotes extracts from an article appearing in a chain of "out of town" newspapers and declares: "We are convinced that sooner or later the great majority of the American people will favour getting arms to England in any way we can even if it means our convoying the ships that carry them halfway across the Atlantic or all the way. The price of such a step may be great, but the price of a Nazi victory is inestimably greater."

NAVAL ESCORTS TO AMERICAN SHIPS.

The "News Chronicle's" New York correspondent cabled on April 16:

President Roosevelt's statement that Government has an obligation by law to protect American ships travelling anywhere except in prohibited combat zones is interpreted in some quarters in New York to mean that naval escorts will be provided whenever American vessels face potential dangers in delivering their cargoes.—Reuter.

MAGISTRATE'S ADVICE TO HOME INTERNEE

"Supplement Your Father's Income By Home Spinning"

CHITTAGONG, April 18.

"You may supplement your father's income by home spinning."

This is the reply received by Mr. Parimal Bikash Dutt, a home internee under the Defence of India Rules, who applied to the District Magistrate for relaxation of internment rules on the ground of financial difficulties. The Magistrate did not approve of any relaxation.—United Press.

RELIEF TO CONFECTIONERS

Refund Of Excise Duty On Indigenous Sugar

NEW DELHI, April 18.

To meet the wishes of manufacturers of confectionery, the Government of India have issued rules for the grant of refund of excise duty on indigenous sugar (other than Khandsari and Palmyra sugar) used in the manufacture of confectionery exported from India.

These rules are being published in the Gazette of India dated April 19, 1941. They provide for the use only of Indian sugar which has paid the full excise duty, the purchase of such sugar direct from factories and the performance of all processes of manufacture and transit under official supervision.

The sum payable as drawback on export will be an amount calculated as nearly as possible to represent the excise duty on the sugar content, the cost of official supervision being charged to the manufacturer.

Full particulars of the procedure, states a press note, can be obtained from any collector of central Excises.

ALLAHABAD.—Dr. R. N. Basu has been appointed by the Municipal Board, Allahabad as its representative on the local Managing Committee of the Kamla Nehru Memorial Hospital.

BANGALORE.—The Bangalore Race Club Committee have contributed a sum of Rs. 1,200 towards the Mysore War Fund to be earmarked for the Air Raid Victims Relief Fund.

RURAL RECONSTRUCTION IN HYDERABAD

Report Reveals Steady

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 18.

Teaching the villagers to practice thrift in order to liberate themselves from their economic dependence on the village moneylenders, education of the cultivators in the use of improved methods of cultivation by establishing aided farms and also improving the standard of living of the rural population—these are the main features of the third annual report on the working of the Rural Reconstruction Societies in Hyderabad State for the year ending Amerdad 31, 1349, Fasli.

The number of villages selected for the uplift work, the report says, increased from 107 to 120 during the year. Attention was concentrated on popularising the membership of existing societies in the rural population. A small beginning was made by starting six rural banks in a few villages.

In order to improve the standard of living in rural areas, the local committees were given free scope to exercise discretion in spending the money raised in subscription on village requirements intended to further the ends of cleanliness, health, education and amusement. The Government Departments of Education, Health and Local Fund played a prominent part in this sphere of rural uplift and assisted the societies with money and advice.

On the education side almost all villages were provided with necessary facilities. Rural reconstruction societies are spending a good proportion of their annual subscriptions on the free distribution of medicine.—United Press.

Bombay Firm Agent Arrested At Lahore

PESHAWAR, April 18.

One Jagdish Chandra Gandhi of Gujarat, Punjab, agent of a Bombay firm, was arrested by the Lahore police at Lahore and brought to Peshawar this morning.

He was found in possession of a gold brick weighing 139 tolas which, it is alleged, he had taken fraudulently from an Indian Officer in Peshawar as a surety against certain transactions and left stealthily by the next train for Lahore.—United Press.

LEAGUE-JUSTICITE COMBINE?

MADRAS, April 18.

Prominent members of the Justice Party met Mr. M. A. Jinnah at his Madras residence and discussed with him the general political situation and how best the Muslim League and the Justice Party could work together for the attainment of their objective. The discussion lasted for over two hours.

Among those present at the meeting were Mr. E. V. Ramaswami Naicker, Leader of the Justice Party, Kumararajah M. A. Muthiah Chettiar and Mr. S. Muthia Mudaliar, a former Minister.

"DAINIK BASUMATI" WILL REAPPEAR TO-DAY

CALCUTTA, April 18.

The 'Dainik Basumati', a Bengali daily of Calcutta, on which an order under the Defence of India Rules was issued prohibiting its publication, sale and distribution, for three weeks for publishing an alleged prejudicial article in its issue of March 23, will resume publication from to-morrow on the expiry of the period of ban.—United Press.

SIXTH MINISTER IN ALLAHBUX CABINET

KARACHI, April 18.—Pirzada Abdus Sattar was sworn in as the sixth Minister in the Allahbux Cabinet this afternoon. He has been allotted the portfolio of the Public Works Department by the Premier Khan Bahadur Allahbux.—United Press.

LAHORE, April 18.—Dr. B. K. Madan, Economic Adviser to the Punjab Government has been appointed Director of the Research Department of the Reserve Bank of India. He is leaving for Bombay shortly to take up his new appointment.—A. P.

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18-ct. Solid Gold .. .. Rs. 236
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THE TWINS
BIG BROTHER
MOTHER & DAD

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Good at games is 10-year-old Jim. But whether it's hockey, tennis or football, Jim sees that he doesn't miss his glass of KARO and milk after a game. "KARO doubles the energy value of the drink" says Jim. And he's right!

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THIS HYGIENIC PITCHER Yours FOR ONLY Rs 3/-

Send Rs. 3| together with your name and address and a label from a tin of KARO to Corn Products Co (India) Ltd., Post Box No. 994, BOMBAY, and you will receive by return 1 Dripless Hygienic Pitcher as illustrated (Guaranteed retail value Rs. 4|4) This offer is only open while stocks last.

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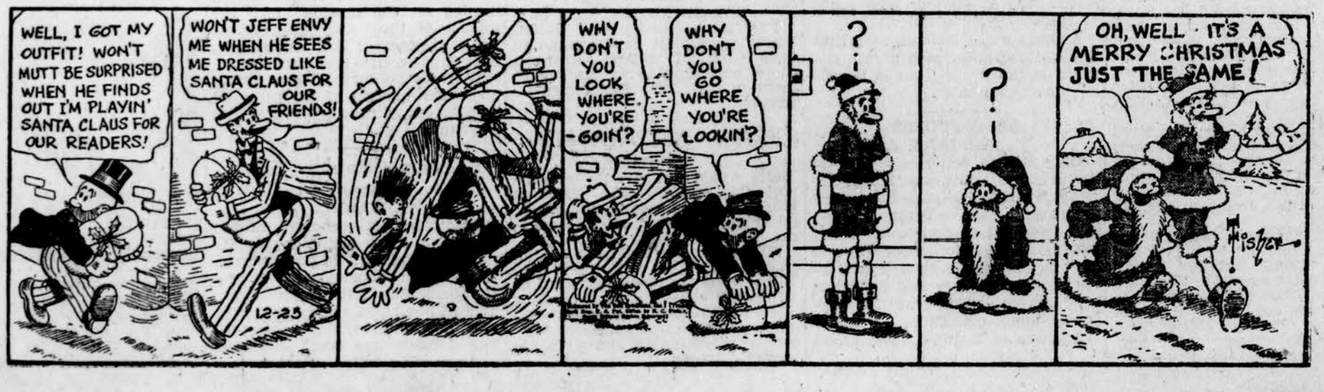
MUTT AND JEFF—Well, Anyway the Boys Are Full of the Yuletide Spirit

By BUD FISHER


WELL, I GOT MY OUTFIT! WON'T MUTT BE SURPRISED WHEN HE FINDS OUT I'M PLAYIN' SANTA CLAUS FOR OUR READERS!
WON'T JEFF ENVY ME WHEN HE SEES ME DRESSED LIKE SANTA CLAUS FOR OUR FRIENDS!
12-25
WHY DON'T YOU LOOK WHERE YOU'RE GOIN'?
WHY DON'T YOU GO WHERE YOU'RE LOOKIN'?
?
?
OH, WELL IT'S A MERRY CHRISTMAS JUST THE SAME!
Fisher

Windmills For Electrical Energy

Mayor's Scheme For Karachi Water Works

KARACHI, April 16.

Erection of windmills to generate electrical energy for driving the pumps at Karachi's water works station as an economy measure, is suggested by Mayor Lalji Mahrotra in the course of a circular letter to the City Fathers.

The Mayor quotes eminent meteorological authorities supporting Karachi as best suited for the experiment having 10 or more hours of favourable winds for 90 per cent. of the days in the year.

Mr. Laljee instances the case of cities in the United States where wind is harnessed for the production of electricity and urges that likewise, the Karachi Municipal Corporation should make a move in this direction.—A. P.

NAGPUR, April 17.—Orders under Section 144 have been promulgated in Gotegaon in the district of Hoshangabad, where four persons were injured on April 14 in a communal riot.

Local authorities were soon on the spot and brought the situation under control.—A. P.

B.E.S.T. Makes Profits In Spite Of Increased Labour Charges

Dividend Of Rs. 6 Per Share Declared: Rs. 2 Lakhs Paid To Employees As Dearness Allowance

"Had it not been for the more rigid enforcement of the A. R. P. lighting restrictions, there is little doubt that the year would have been one of comparative success in spite of other adverse factors," remarked Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited, presiding at its annual general meeting held on Thursday evening.

Sir Purshottamdas said that besides the restricted lighting as an A. R. P. measure, there had been a noticeable reduction in residential building activities, and the expansion of lighting sales on that account had been reduced. He added: "You will remember that the Electricity Duty was increased from 3/4 annas per unit to 1 1/4 annas per unit in order to finance the cost of prohibition. When the Bombay Government modified this policy, several inquiries came in from consumers asking us to approach Government to withdraw this added tax. The Company made representation to Government, but I am sorry to say that Government have not seen their way to reduce this taxation."

On the transportation side, in particular, there was a remarkable improvement from August onwards, he continued.

INCREASED TRAFFIC RETURNS

The considerable expansion in the population of Bombay as shown in the latest census was characterised as a further factor which would result in increased traffic returns, by the Chairman. Referring to the balance sheet Sir Purshottamdas said: "In the financial results before you, you will note that the year has resulted in a divisible profit of Rs. 39.05 lakhs after making provisions for depreciation and other charges. We recommend a final dividend making in all Rs. 6 per share, absorbing Rs. 35.9 lakhs, and leaving Rs. 3.14 lakhs to be carried. These results can be regarded as satisfactory."

DEARNESS ALLOWANCE

The Chairman revealed that the Company paid a Dearness Allowance of Rs. 2 lakhs to its employees. Continuing, Sir Purshottamdas observed: "Our relations with the public continue on the whole to be harmonious. Complaints there have been and always will be, but every complaint is carefully investigated and, if there is any basis of justification for it, action is always taken to deal with the complaint and also to prevent as far as possible any repetition. Some of the complaints we receive are not only unjustified but frivolous."

In conclusion Sir Purshottamdas said: "Before I close I would like to tell you what the prospects for 1941 appear to be at present. Every branch of our undertaking has shown very good results so far. We shall, however, have to face the increased labour charges for the full year as against only a portion of last year. The cost of materials which we use has risen substantially and continues to rise. Taxation also continues to rise. The Central Government have increased the surcharge on income-tax and super-tax from 25 per cent. to 33 1/3 per cent. The combined effect of these changes will be that the Company will have to pay an additional sum of approximately Rs. 4 lakhs in income-tax and super-tax. I am, however, hopeful that we shall be able to show as good results at the end of this year as those of the past year."

The annual report was then discussed and unanimously adopted.

The Revenue Account in the report showed that the total revenue for the year 1940 from all sources amounted to Rs. 1,87,04,808 and the total expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,14,07,715.

PLEA FOR ECONOMY

Among the shareholders who criticised the report were Mr. P. D. Shamdasani, Mr. Bharucha and Mr. Shamaldas Bhagwandas. All the speakers pleaded for economy in the administration of the Company's affairs.

Mr. Shamdasani severely criticised the management for their wasteful experiments and extravagance.

Sir Kikabhai Premchand, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta and Mr. Manekji S. Captain were re-elected as Directors.

AZAD NATIONALIST MUSLIMS' CLAIM

KARACHI, April 17.

The Sind Azad nationalist Muslims claim success in all the three contests for presidentship of district local boards.

Sardar Nabibux Bhutto, a prominent Member of the Azad Party was unanimously elected President of Larkana District Board while Khan Bahadur Gabole, Parliamentary Secretary, was elected President for the Karachi District Local Board. The third success was the election of Pir Qurabanali Shah as President of Nawabshah District Local Board.

More than ordinary interests was aroused throughout Sind in these elections.—A. P.

Rival Voters Come To Blows

PESHAWAR, April 17.

Two police constables were slightly injured and a number of glass panes were broken as the result of a clash between voters in village panchayat elections at Kalukhan, Mardan District, yesterday.

Polling was in progress in Kalukhan Police Station when a number of rival workers came to blows. The crowd is alleged to have pelted stones at the police who intervened resulting in injuries to two of them and also to one Congressman. The situation was however soon brought under control. The superintendent of police later visited the scene of the clash.—A. P.

WARRANT OF PRECEDENCE

Sind Govt. Turns Down Karachi Municipal Corporation Representation

KARACHI, April 17.

The Government of Sind has turned down a representation of the Karachi Municipal Corporation requesting the former to move the Government of India to amend the Warrant of Precedence.

It is stated that the representation suggested that the warrant of precedence should be so amended that the Mayor being the first citizen should be given a higher place over others at Public Functions. The Sind Government has also declined recommendations to the Karachi Municipal Corporation for exemption to the Mayor from personal appearances in courts.—A. P.

The Battle Of Britain

(Continued from Page 6)

the situation they presented to the Controllers. These then set the pieces on the wide chessboard of the English skies and made the opening moves in the contest on the outcome of which the safety of all free peoples depended.

Flexibility was their motto.

Each day the Controllers held a conference at which every idea or device for thinking and acting one step ahead of their cunning and resourceful foe was set forth, earnestly discussed and, if found useful, adopted. Without this system of central control no battle in the proper sense of the word would have taken place. Squadrons would have gone up haphazard as and when enemy raids were reported. They would either have found themselves heavily outnumbered or with no enemy at all confronting them. Great care was taken to keep the burden of the fight distributed as equally as possible between all the squadrons engaged. This was achieved by hard training which continued right through the battle. Whenever there was a lull, new formations were devised and flown and new tactics practised. No squadron was ever thrown into the fight without previous experience of fighting. They were carefully "nursed" and went into action under the leadership of an experienced squadron leader with many hours of combat to his credit.

The importance of team work was fully realised.

It was a lesson learnt in France during the battles of May and June and fortunately many pilots who had fought in them were in positions of command during the Battle of Britain. Their knowledge and experience were invaluable.

★

The avowed object of the enemy was to obtain a quick decision and to end the war by the autumn or early winter of 1940.

To achieve this an invasion of Britain was evidently thought essential.

Preparations to launch it were pushed forward with great energy and determination throughout the last days of June, the month of July and the first week of August. By August 8 the enemy felt himself ready to begin the opening phase on the success of which his plan depended.

Before a German army could land it was necessary to destroy our coastal convoys, to sink or immobilise such units of the Royal Navy as would dispute its passage and above all to drive the Royal Air Force from the sky.

He, therefore, launched a series of air attacks, first on our shipping and ports and then on our aerodromes.

There were four phases in the battle, the first from August 6 to 18, the second from August 18 to September 5, and the third from September 6 to October 5 and the fourth from October 6 to 31. During this last phase daylight attacks gave way gradually to night raids, which increased as the months went on. It should, however, be remembered that throughout the battle the enemy made use of night as well as day bombing, the first growing in volume and violence as the second fell away.

What was the plan which he sought to carry through these four phases?

It is impossible to say with certainty at this moment. The German mind is methodical and painstaking. Schemes are worked out to the last detail; the organisation is superb and provided the calculations are correct, the plan goes without a hitch. But again and again history has shown that, if the original plan fails or becomes impracticable, the German has little power of improvisation and "if the trumpet gives an uncertain sound, who shall prepare for the battle?" A brand new plan has to be worked out in full detail and when this has been done it may well be too late. In this instance the Luftwaffe was designed to prepare the way for the German Army by smashing Britain's resistance and it was a fundamental assumption of Berlin that Germany could in every case establish and maintain air supremacy.

The general plan for the use of the Luftwaffe was to seize and exploit to the full, mastery of the air. This was the main feature in the Polish campaign, in the attacks in Norway and the Low Countries and even, to a large extent, in France. Aerodromes were to be put out of action, thus tying the opposing air forces to the ground. Ports and communications could then be destroyed without hindrance, the military forces of the enemy paralysed and German armoured divisions placed in position to operate undisturbed. Its success meant the destruction of civilian morale and then internal disruption and surrender.

(To be continued)

Internment Camp In Bhopal

24,000 Italian War Prisoners To Be Accommodated

BHOPAL, April 18.

Bhopal is to accommodate 24,000 Italian war prisoners. The internment camp which is now being established in the State with the co-operation of the Government of India was originally scheduled to accommodate 12,000 war prisoners, but it is reliably understood that arrangements are now being made for double that number.

The proposed camp is fast nearing completion and the prisoners are all expected to arrive in batches in the course of this summer.—A. P.

KARACHI PROTESTS AGAINST PUNJAB MARKETING ACT

KARACHI, April 16.

The enforcement of the provisions of the Punjab Agricultural Produce Markets Act in its present from will adversely affect the export trade of Karachi which receives about 30,00,000 bags of wheat and other produce like cotton in large quantities every year from the Punjab and as such the Act should be suitably amended, says a telegram to the Government of Punjab from the Produce Exchange Board of the Karachi Indian Merchants Association.

In the opinion of the Board the Act is bound to be detrimental to the interests of not only trade but of Agriculturists in the Punjab as well.

The Board hopes that the Government of the Punjab would take early steps in the matter to end the prevailing deadlock in the Punjab by amending the Act on the basis of an agreement between the Government and the mercantile community.—A. P.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. K. V. Deodhar, Senior Inspector, Co-operative Training and Education, Poona, is appointed to officiate as Special Auditor, Co-operative Societies, Poona, pending further orders.

Rao Saheb M. S. Navalkar, Superintendent of Excise, Poona Division, is granted leave for two months from 11th March, 1941.

Dr. K. A. Nulkar, M.D., (Bom.), B.M.S.—Class II, Medical Officer, Malwan Dispensary, Ratnagiri, as Medical Officer, Nasik Road Central Prison.

Mr. A. R. Khan, I.C.S., Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Kanara, is granted leave for two months and thirteen days.

Mr. S. M. Bhoj, Officiating First Class Subordinate Judge, Karwar, to hold charge of the office of the District Judge, Kanara in addition to his own duties.

Mr. G. K. Dhurandhar, 1st Assistant Chemical Analyser to Government, is granted leave for four months with effect from 6th February, 1941.

The following officers will be School Board Administrative Officers in the Bombay Educational Service, Class II:—

(1) Mr. S. G. Kamat
(2) Mr. G. C. Dike
(3) Mr. D. V. Bhonde
(4) Mr. D. . Indapurkar
(5) Mr. B. S. Purohit
(6) Mr. N. T. Jagtap
(7) Mr. K. G. Thakore
(8) Mr. M. M. Parikh
(9) Mr. R. A. Rege
(10) Mr. H. T. Ghoghari
(11) Mr. H. S. Torgal
(12) Mr. H. D. Gandhi.

The following officers are on probation:
(1) Mr. M. G. Modak.
(2) Mr G. M. Suryavanshi
(3) Mr. R. K. Naik

Dr. S. G. Panandikar, I.E.S., to be Professor of Commerce, Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay.

Mr. S. K. Muranjan, to be Professor of History and Political Economy, Karnatak College, Dharwar, vice Dr. S. G. Panandikar.

Goa Marathi Literary Conference

The Gomantak Marathi Literary Conference will be held in Bombay on May 10. Mr. N. C. Kelkar will preside. Mr. Yeshwantrao S. Sardesai has been elected Chairman of the Reception Committee.

The Governor-General has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Mr. Justice Shearer, to be an Additional Judge of the Patna High Court for a further period from May 9, 1941 to the beginning of the High Court vacation of 1942.

Kashmir

To wander through valleys filled with the music of running waters and the song of a choir of birds, to gaze at mountain tops half seen through the feathery branches of fir trees is to find romance worthy of the land of the Lotus.

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Please remit Money Order for Rs. 1-1-0 on receipt of which one set will be posted.

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READY FOR USE AND YOU CAN'T WASTE IT

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Current And Coming Indian Films

Prabha in 'Ummeed' at Opera House.

Third Week Of 'Ummeed'

Ranjit Film Success At Opera House

'Ummeed' enters its third week at Royal Opera House. It is directed by Mr. Manibhai Vyas.

The story of 'Ummeed' is one long chain of laughter until it takes a heavy turn and the audience is cast in suspense. But 'Ummeed' in the end does not disappoint the audience. Specially the climax of the story is a novel thing. A little love-letter plays havoc with the characters in the story. Ishwar as Anil feels that he has shamelessly treated the poor girl Leela—played by Prabha. Keshari as Bulaki also feels the same. Ishwar as Anil has no guts to face the situation. Bulaki forces him to confess on a piece of paper which he himself volunteers to take to the girl.

As luck would have it Leela does not know how to read and write. She brings the letter to Anil to read. Anil could not read the actual confession. To save one lie one has to cook up many lies. He reads another language —the language of love. Leela in happiness brings the same letter to her mistress Suman—ably played by Nurjahan. Suman reads the actual letter—a letter confessing love for Suman and that Leela was only used as a pawn in this game of love. Leela is stunned-innocently she demands of Suman to read her what Anil had read to her—but what could poor Suman know, who is as innocent as her maid Leela.

Then Anil becomes the subject —the real accused—the man responsible for all this damage. Leela wants to know why he played so with her—Suman demands "Anil, why did you do it?" And the way the story unfolds the sacrifice of one woman for the other—both loving the same man—is marvellous and ably pictured by the director.

Songs and Dialogues by D. N. Madhok are rich and music by Khemchand Prakash is good. For technical efficiency L. N. Verma on the Camera and K. V. Shah on the sound need mention.

Shanta Apte And Saigal

Join Pancholi Art Pictures

News comes from Lahore that Mr. Dalsukh M. Pancholi, the producer of 'Khazanchi' and proprietor of 'Pancholi Art Pictures has succeeded in signing up two of the most famous personalities of the Indian Screen viz., Shanta Apte and Saigal. They will be starred in two different pictures.

Shanta Apte and Saigal have made Motion Picture history by their mastery over acting and singing and if they are starred in a good story with suitable characters under able direction there is no doubt that they will break their previous records.

"Adhuri Kahani" At Chitra

The ill-matched pair of a fashionable up-to-date society woman a man, to whom education was a taboo and whose God was money, provide many thrilling events in the Ranjit social picture "Adhuri Kahani" now being screened at the Chitra (Dadar). Durga Khote Prithviraj, Rose, Keshavrao Date are the stars.

'Premnagar' At Novelty To-day

Bimla Kumari & Husna Banu As Stars

Bhavnani Productions' 'Premnagar' comes to-day to Novelty. Reports from Ahmedabad where the picture is being shown for the last few weeks lead one to believe that it has caught popular imagination.

Besides having all the elements that go to make a good entertainment, it probes deep into the emotions and sentiments of the rural population, their petty passions and prejudices. Fascinating rural scenery is naturally a feature of the picture.

'Premnagar' has a popular cast led by Bimla Kumari. Supporting her are Husna Banu, who bids for high laurels in this picture, Professor Ramanand, whose voice is a treat to hear, Raimohan, a new discovery and a very good pair of comedians—Nagendra and Fatty Prasad. For Bimla Kumari alone 'Premnagar' will be worth seeing but taking into account the capable supporting cast, one has reason to be satisfied in advance. 'Premnagar' is directed and produced by Bhavnani, and based on the story and scenario by Vilem Hass, the noted Czech scenarist, 'Premnagar' is being distributed by Brilliant Pictures Ltd.

FINE PHOTOGRAPHY OF "GHARJAVAI"

One very attractive feature of 'Gharjavai' is that although it is the first production of the Asha Pictures and Director Kumarsen Samarth's first effort, it does not bear any of those traces that characterise the first production of a film concern. In photography, recording and other technical aspects, 'Gharjavai' is in no way inferior to most of the pictures we see on the Indian screen. Moreover, that long motor-ride of Vanmala in the opening sequence is so well photographed that in slickness and polish it reaches a level, no shot taken on similar lines has so far attained. Besides, the various devices employed to maintain the continuity are novel in their very conception and they are very skilfully done. As a result of all this, 'Gharjavai' has become even from the technical point of view, a remarkable production, and thus has laid the foundation of artistic quality of pictures emanating from Chitramandir.

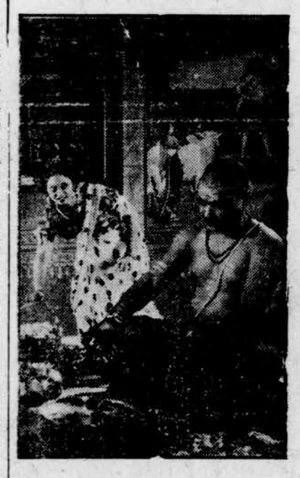
'TORPEDO' AT SUPER

'Torpedo' a stunt picture produced by Vishnu Cinetone was released on April at Super Talkies. Main stars are Sultana, Yeshwant Dave and Samson. The story revolves round two brothers one of whom is as bad as the other is good. The background of an Indian State provides the usual grandeur. The picture is directed by Mr. Mansuri.

'Pardesi' In 9th Week At Lamington

'Pardesi' which is now in its 9th week and attracting appreciative audiences to Lamington is a great triumph for Chaturbhuj Doshi who has directed this picture.

Khemchand Prakash has given charming music and Snehaprabha and Khurshid have done full justice to it. Motilal and Bhimoria have also good performances to their credit.



Meenakshi and Salvi in 'Amrit' shortly coming to West End

LOVE-MAKING IN 'NAYA SANSAR'

By T. V. P.

Can you not attract audiences if you don't treat of love in your film? Can you not make a picture like 'Boy's Town' without a single girl or woman in it and yet make it a success?

As far as our producers in India are concerned the answer is 'no' and an emphatic 'no'. You must have a sublime or ugly treatment of love, the passion that is responsible for the perpetuation of the human kind. The love episode, artificially introduced in 'Padosi' is an illustration in point.

There is nothing wrong in having love treated in any piece of art, a short story, a poem, a novel, a film. Only one seem to be rather unminded of other sentiments like valour, heroism, compassion, humanity, altruism, which are equally capable of moving the human heart and rather too much is made of love alone.

LOVE SHOWN ITS PLACE.

One characteristic of 'Naya Sansar' is that it nowhere allows the love element in the story to get the better of the main current of the story. The point of conflict in 'Naya Sansar' is between honest, truthful, missionary journalism and its opposite kind, time-serving, servile, pecuniary

Renuka Devi in "Naya Sansar" at Roxy.

journalism and of this you nowhere lose sight. That is what makes it a film with a purpose.

I have no doubt that most readers of this page have, by now, seen 'Naya Sansar' at least once. Let them visualise before their mind's eye, the scenes in which Puran and Asha, played by Ashok Kumar and Renuka Devi, made their appearance and realise once again for themselves the realistic, natural atmosphere of each of their meetings. Nowhere will you find an overdone scene, ultra-sentimental gossip, petting and embracing or protestations of love in romantic, Romeo Juliet style. None of them ever says 'How can I do without you'? Not even when Puran gets the double shock of the loss of a job and announcement of Asha's marriage with his chief, Premchand.

Yet, each scene tells us of the progressive development of their love and the feeling of concern that grows with it. Mark the way Asha does everyhing in her power so that Puran's well-being may be ensured and his ambition of running a truthful and fearless journal may be fulfilled. The love between Puran and Asha is not the love of weaklings but of strong, cultivated, magnanimous persons. It is not mere physical, biological attraction, between persons of opposite sexes and its triumph is a very satisfactory episode in the film.

UNFOLDING OF ASHA'S CHARACTER.

Try to recapture the Asha pretending to learn typewriting from Puran; her journey in his company to interview Azuri and Samsher Singh; her insistence that he must not smoke; her preparing tea in his room, their duet in which they first express their love for each other—and that is perhaps the only occasion on which you discover an artificiality that you do not meet with in ordinary life;—her attempt to avoid going to office in his company on the morrow of her consent to marry her guardian, Premchand; her pawning of her necklace to enable Puran to purchase a printing treadle, her warning him not to go selling the copies of his paper on that particular day and lastly her presence by the bedside of Puran when he is in hospital provide a series of scenes in which you get as it were a record of a develop-

(Continued in col. 5)

'Narad-Naradi' For Majestic

Saraswati's Capital Comedy

The Sage Narad is emphatically the most popular of the divine sages in Hindu mythology. He is loved, because he is about the most human of celestial beings. The stories of his pranks and jokes, often resulting in serious but wholesome consequences to their victims, make the most fascinating fireside tales in Hindu families.

Of all these tales, Narad is the hero without being a participator in the events. With a fine sense of justice, however, mythology has laid this hero low in a single story of devastating satire; and the purveyor of mirth raises the biggest laugh at his own expense.

This story of Narad Muni's misadventure in worldly life has been picturised by Dada Torney of Saraswati Cinetone. The picture is styled "Narad-Naradi", and it will be released shortly at the Majestic.

Dinker "Kamanna", veteran comedian of the Marathi stage and screen is given the role of Narad. Kusum Deshpande and Kamala Barodekar, two very popular musical artistes, are also cast in the film.

Mr. S. A. Shukla, the famous Marathi playwright, has written the dialogues of "Narad-Naradi."

Distinctive Feature Of "Khazanchi"

Songs are regarded as a necessary feature of all Indian films. There are plenty of good foreign pictures which have no songs, but in Indian films, songs are regarded as indispensable. The result is indiscriminate use of mediocre music that often becomes a drag on the picture; or a dull standardization of tunes that does little to enhance entertainment.

When a film does happen to give us a variation from routine and presents a set of snappy songs, there is something to be grateful for. That is how Mr. Dalsukh Pancholi, courageous producer of Lahore, earns our appreciation. His first Hindustani film "Khazanchi" running to crowded houses at the Krishna Cinema, is a splendid example of originality in music. The tunes are delightfully unconventional, even as the cinema is outside the traditions of all other known forms of storytelling.

To Mr. Gulam Hyder, whose name we hear for the first time, goes the credit for this refreshing variety in song tunes, all light in their tone as befits the cinema. To Ramola whom we know as an accomplished star, and to Manorama in whom we now recognise a promising artiste, belongs the credit for singing the songs in the spirit of the tunes.

Jeevan Pictures' Producing "Paisa"

The Jeevan Pictures' forthcoming release "Paisa" (Money) is a novel form of modern entertainment and promises to be an attractive comedy of the Indian Screen.

The cast includes Kanta Kumari, Madhorao Kale, Balasaheb, Binodratna Omkar Devasker, Raja Pandit and V. D. Pandit comedians, with the talented songstress Miss Indira Wadker, and the sparkling Shakuntala of Navyug fame to support. Music is under the direction of the illustrious C. Balaji of "Gopichand" fame, K. H. Kapadia is brilliantly holding the camera, and the other technicians are equally worthy.

Nalini Jayvant in 'Radhika' at Patha.

Kananbala in "Lagan" at Minerva.

'Lagan' Scores At Minerva

Another Great Film Of Nitin Bose

"God is great. He has endowed every one of its creations with some good point or other, however insignificant it otherwise may be".

On this optimistic note concludes the New Theatres' new picture 'Lagan' now in its third week at the Minerva Talkies. Nitin Bose has once again given us something really worthy of him, in line with 'President' and 'Devadas' Saigal's last song in the form of a gramophone record contains the gist embodied in the first paragraph and it is the most fitting conclusion of the great love story Nitin Bose has written, photographed and directed for the New Theatres.

The songs of Saigal and Kananbala are in themselves sufficient guarantee for quite a lengthy run for this picture. Both of them have acted their parts to complete satisfaction. Nawab also has put over a sincere and real performance as Deendayal.

By now, every one is familiar with the story of this picture, but merely knowing the skeleton is nothing. The supply of flesh and blood and life by Nitin Bose to the story is something marvellous.

No lover of really good pictures can afford to miss 'Lagan'. Bombay public are showing their admiration by filling the Minerva Theatre to the last man at every show.

'KASAUTI' & 'ASRA'

National's Forthcoming Pictures

National Studios have completed and kept ready for release two pictures which may probably be seen shortly in Bombay. These are 'Kasauti', directed by Ramchandra Thakur and 'Asra', directed by Lalitchandra Mehta and Chimankant Gandhi under the supervision of Mehboob. 'Asra' is a comedy of the most hilarious kind and 'Kasauti', as the name implies, is a gripping drama with a tense emotional climax.

'Asra' stars Sardar Akhtar, the first time by the way that this outstanding artise has taken such a role in a comedy. The supporting cast consists of Amar, Husn Bano, E. Wasker, Veena Kumari, Kanhailal, Bhudo Advani, K. B. Lall, Ansari, Mukherjee, Sawant and Abdul Gani.

'Kasauti' stars the versatile Rose in the role of a devoted Hindu wife, a role that suits her to perfection. Opposite to her is Prahlad, 'Kasauti' provides a magnificent vehicle for Sunalini Devi, who takes the part of the hero's mother who is prepared to make the last and final sacrifice for her beloved son.

Veena Kumari plays a very important part in the picture with a verve and finish that is all her own. Others who have done well are Satish and Gulzar.

(Continued from col. 3)

ing, intensely growing love, kept under wonderful restrained by a disciplined mind. Surely this an enviable type of a woman in love.

The naturalness of all these scenes is something that is worth being copied by all producers in this country. Mr. Abbas, who originally conceived the character of Asha and Mr. Mukherji who picturised it for us, as well as the vehicle of this character Renuka Devi deserve our applause.

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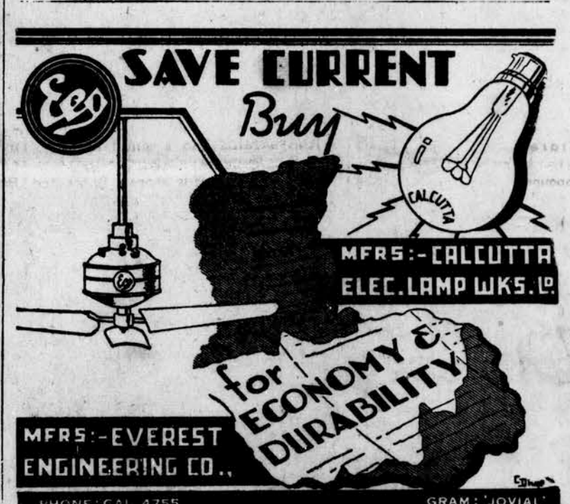

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Satyagraha Arrests And Convictions

Police Reappear At Swaraj Bhawan

Hindi Poet Arrested Under Defence Of India Rules

ALLAHABAD, April 18.

A POLICE PARTY AGAIN APPEARED AT SWARAJ BHAWAN THIS AFTERNOON. MR. KANHAIYA LAL, ONE OF THE CLERKS OF THE A.I.C.C. HAS BEEN ARRESTED UNDER THE DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES. HIS HOUSE WAS SEARCHED EARLIER BY THE POLICE.

ARRESTS AT JHANSI.

JHANSI, April 18.

Mr. Maithlisharan Gupta, the well-known Hindi poet and Mr. Ramkishore Gupta, his elder brother, were arrested last evening at Chirgaon under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Ramkishore Gupta's son, Mr. Shirinivas Gupta, was arrested about a fortnight ago.

Mr. Gurdial Srivastava was arrested at Siaori.—A. P.

REPLY TO ALLEGATIONS RELATING TO SATYAGRAHIS.

LUCKNOW, April 18.

Following the allegations made in the press relating to Satyagraha prisoners, the Local Government have made enquiries and a press note has been issued giving the result of the investigations.

The first allegation was that seven Satyagrahi prisoners in the Budaun Jail were sent for to attend hospital on April 4; that they were locked in a small enclosure in front of the Superintendent's office and were suddenly attacked by ordinary prisoners.

The disturbances in Budaun Jail have been the subject of a Magisterial enquiry, and the press note issued in this connection says that before the Satyagrahi prisoners started for the hospital, there had been some incidents which had roused ill-feeling between some Satyagrahis and ordinary prisoners. On their way to the hospital, continues the press note, there was a fight between Satyagrahi prisoners and ordinary prisoners, including convict warders and overseers in which three ordinary prisoners sustained injuries, while only one of the Satyagrahis had a small abrasion.

The other allegation is that women Satyagrahis were ill-treated by the police when they were transferred from the Cawnpore to the Fatehgarh Jail. The note stresses that women were taken, as prisoners are ordinarily taken from Cawnpore Jail to the railway station, in a police van. In the train the guards disposed themselves according to orders, one at each door and one in each corner. The women themselves had no complaint to make against the guard. Nor do they make any allegations of abuse at Fatehgarh station. As soon as it was found that no police van was present and the women could not walk to the jail, one member of the guard went and fetched a police van from the police lines and the women were conveyed to the jail in it.—A. P.

POONA CONVICTIONS.

POONA, April 18.

Mr. T. R. Deogiriker, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Nanasaheb Gupte and Mrs. Laxmibai Thuse who offered Satyagraha last evening and arrested early this morning were tried by the additional District Magistrate who convicted and sentenced Mr. Deogiriker and Gupte to six months' simple imprisonment each and Mrs. Thuse to pay a fine of Rs. two hundred, in default to undergo four months' simple imprisonment.—A. P.

MADRAS CONVICTIONS.

MADRAS, April 18.

Mr. K. M. Badsha Saheb, Secretary, town Congress Committee, Wandewash, and nine others who were arrested this morning for offering Satyagraha in different parts of the city were sentenced to one month's R. I. each.—A. P.

VASUDEVAN JAILED.

TRICHINOPOLY, April 17.

M. K. Vasudevan, Chairman of the Srirangam Municipality was convicted to-day by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules for offering Satyagraha and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 in default further six months' R. I. He was placed in "A" class.—A. P.

MEDICAL STUDENT ARRESTED.

LAHORE, April 18.

Khurshid Ahmad Minto, a student of the Medical College, Lahore, was arrested to-day under the Defence of India Rules for making an alleged objectionable speech at Rawalpindi.

Ram Kumar, a professor of a Women's College in Lahore, was arrested to-day under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

2 CONGRESS MEMBERS ARRESTED

N. M. Y. Ansari And N. Ranga Rao Taken To Thana

BOMBAY, Friday.

Two primary Congressmen, Messrs. Nuruddin Mohammed Yusuf Ansari and N. Ranga Rao were arrested this morning under the Defence of India Rules and are understood to have been removed to the Thana Jail. Both of them were scheduled to offer Satyagraha this evening.

BENGAL CONVICTIONS.

CALCUTTA, April 18.

The following arrests and convictions under the Defence of India Rules have been reported from the Mofussil Districts:—

Shillong (Assam):—Bimal Sen Gupta, ex-General Secretary of the Khashia and Jayantia Hills Forward Bloc—sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment.

Daltonganj (Bihar):—Miss Rajeswari Saroj Wass, a Christian woman—sentenced to one week's simple imprisonment for offering Satyagraha.

Muzaffarpore:—Ramkaran Kuer—one month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 40/- in default four weeks' further imprisonment; Muneshwar Singh—four months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. forty, in default two months' further imprisonment; Punyadeo Narain Sharma—four months' rigorous imprisonment; Jadunandan Singh, a member of the Muzaffarpore District Board—six months' rigorous imprisonment; Raghuraj Misra—six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

Jessore (Bengal):—A charge under the Defence of India Rules has been framed against Lutfar Rahman, office-secretary of the District Students Federation, for alleged possession of prejudicial documents. The Magistrate has, however, discharged Maulvi Hasemali, the grand father of the first accused.—A. P.

ALLAHABAD, April 18.—Sixteen local Congress satyagrahis have been sentenced under the Defence of India Rules to varying terms of rigorous imprisonment from three months to one year and fines ranging from Rs. 10 to Rs. 300.—A. P.

Toddy Licence Case Judgment

COLLECTOR BOUND TO GRANT LICENCE FOR PRIVATE CONSUMPTION

(Before the Hon'ble the Officiating Chief Justice Sir Patrick Blackwell).

Ratanshaw Nusserwanji Toddywalla ... Petitioner.

v.

G. W. McElhinny and Anr. ... Respondents.

A studious and elaborate Judgment was delivered yesterday by His Lordship on the Petition filed by the Petitioner under Section 45 of the Specific Relief Act against the Collector of Bombay and the Commissioner of Excise Bombay for an order directing them to grant to the Petitioner a licence to tap toddy from toddy-trees standing on his lands at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, for the private consumption of the Petitioner himself, his family, friends and guests. The Court-room was packed with those interested in the toddy-trade.

Judgment

"I am of the opinion that the Collector of Bombay, Mr. G. W. McElhinny, is bound to grant a licence to the petitioner, Mr. R. N. Todiwalla, a former licensee, on payment of such fees, if any, and subject to such restrictions and such conditions and in such form as is contemplated by section 30 of the Bombay Abkari Act, for drawing toddy from his own palms for domestic consumption and not for sale."

This was the order passed by the officiating Chief Justice, Sir Patrick Blackwell, at the Bombay High Court, this morning, when His Lordship delivered judgment in the petition filed by Mr. Todiwalla under the Specific Relief Act against the Collector and the Commissioner of Excise, praying that they might be ordered to grant and issue a licence to him for the purpose.

The Court room was crowded with Parsi ladies and men and a number of Bhandaris and others interested in the toddy trade either as former licensees or employees of contractors. The judgment itself ran into full forty four typed pages.

His Lordship observed that he proposed to consider in the first instance the law as to the application for and the granting of licences for the tapping and drawing of toddy from toddy-producing trees before the introduction of Prohibition and thereafter to consider what effect Prohibition had on the Law as it previously stood. The Law was to be found in the Bombay Abkari Act and in the rules made thereunder. The Abkari Act, His Lordship observed was a licensing statute, the object of which was primarily to secure Abkari revenue. His Lordship referred to Section 4 of the Act which provided that subject to the control and direction of the Commissioner and the orders of the Provincial Government the Collectors were charged with the collection of Abkari revenue and with the carrying out of the provisions of the Act.

The Advocate-General's contention was that the Provincial Government under that section had supreme authority in the matter of granting licences for tapping and drawing toddy from toddy trees.

His Lordship was of the opinion that Section 4 related only to the control in reference to establishment and not to the power to grant such licences and that such power was controlled only by the rules made under the Act.

His Lorship then referred to Section 14(1) which provided inter-alia that no toddy producing tree should be tapped and toddy should be tapped from any tree, except under the authority and subject to the condition of a licence granted in that behalf by the Collector.

IMPLIED POWER

His Lordship held that by virtue of that section there was an implied power conferred upon the Collector to grant licences. Section 14 (b) before it was amended by the Bombay Act 6 of 1940, gave the Provincial Government the right by notification in the official Gazette to prohibit the possession by any person or class of persons of any intoxicant.

If that power had been exercised, said His Lordship, it might to the extent to which it had been exercised have affected the Collector's power to grant such licences but apart from that, the section had no bearing upon the power to grant such licences.

His Lordship next referred to Section 30 of the Act and said that that was not the section under which licences to tap and draw toddy were grantedd They were granted under Section 14.

His Lordship further referred to Section 35 and 35A of the Act and remarked that the powers of the Abkari Officers could be controlled only by the rules made under these sections and not by orders issued under Section 4.

His Lordship stated that the Collector had no absolute discretion to grant or refuse a licence.

RULE MADE ABSOLUTE

In His Lordship's opinion the Commissioner in the case of an appeal was merely substituted for the Collector and so he too had no absolute discretion to refuse a licence.

His Lordship further expressed the opinion that both the Collector and the Commissioner had acted under a mistaken belief as the Prohibition policy of Government amounted to an order justifying them in refusing a licence.

In the circumstances His Lordship made the rule absolute with costs and directed the Collector forthwith to grant a licence to the petitioner on payment of such fees and subject to such conditions as were laid down by Section 30 of the Bombay Abkari Act.

As Mr. M. D. Bhansali no longer held the office of Commissioner of Excise which also was now held by the first respondent His Lordship made no order on the second respondent.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga with Mr. R. J. Kolah, instructed by Messrs. Gagrat and Company appeared for the petitioner.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad with Mr. F. J. Coltman, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company appeared for the respondents.

OTHER SIDE OF THE CASE

Charge Against Lal Bavta Union

The Vice-President Bombay Hack Victoriawalas Association writes:—

It is found necessary to acquaint the general public that some unruly Hack Victoria Drivers have been playing in the hands of the Lal Bavta Victoria Drivers' Union of Madanpura, and resorting to practice of waylaying other hack victoria drivers who desire to carry on their avocation peacefully, on the roads and extorting from them the Union Membership Fees against their will. Besides fictitious advantages are posed before the drivers, and with a view to prevail upon the drivers to join the strike an attempt is to be made on the 20th. instant to call a strike by picketing the entrance gates of the hack victoria stables.

There is a rumour that 20th. April being a Sunday, an attempt is to be made of bringing about a large scale strike by requisitioning the assistance of the members of the Lal Bavta Girni Kamgar Union and well, as by prevailing upon hack victoria horse syces to join in the strike.

Those who contemplate strike and those who desire to carry on their daily avocation peacefully, comprise of members of the Muslims and Hindus mostly and a large majority of them being illiterate, there is every fear of a small excuse leading to trouble of considerable magnitude.

Complaints in this respect have been submitted to the Commissioner of Police and lodged at Police Stations and representations have been made to the authorities concerned to take precautionary steps to control the situation at the very commencement with a view to prevent the trouble from assuming a grave proportion, which the activities of the above Union will lead to.

Since many years past, a system is in vogue whereby by mutual arrangement between the owner and the driver the former gives to the latter a carriage and 2 horses for plying on consideration of a fixed amount to be paid to the owner daily. The above system is in vogue for many years past, and a very large majority of drivers is carrying on the daily avocation in peace and content.

Barring the exception of a few drivers, there is no discontent among drivers generally. Notwithstanding all round slump in business the drivers are able to earn on an average from Rs. 30 to Rs. 40 per month over and above their daily food and other sundry petty expenses without investing a single pie, whereas owners who have sunk a large capital in this business are hardly able to make a daily net profit of annas eight per carriage and two horses.

It is therefore hoped that the public at large after judging the facts in this case will voice their feelings so that those who are attempting unrest may know their responsibility and a peaceful atmosphere so very essential during these hard times of War may be maintained and the general public may not be inconvenienced by public conveyances being not available for their daily usual use.

VICTORIA DRIVERS TO STRIKE

No Plying Of Vehicles From April 20

Mr. K. T. Sule, General Secretary of the Lal Bavta Victoria Drivers' and Employees' Union, Bombay has issued the following statement:—

The Victoria Drivers of Bombay have decided to go on strike from the 20th of April for the purpose of getting their grievances redressed from the owners of the Victorias in Bombay. People may not be aware of the inhuman conditions and the dire distress in which the Victoria Drivers live and work. The owners of Victorias exact from the drivers for the use of their carriages an exorbitant daily sum of about six rupees to seven rupees eight annas a day by way of rent of a Victoria, fodder for the horse, stable charges, etc. Owing to the keen competition in the trade on account of tramways, Buses and Taxis, the Victoria drivers are doing a very lean business to-day. The abnormally high rent exacted by the owners leaves practically nothing if not a liability to the driver who works for twenty hours on end a day in the blazing sun, drenching rains and bitter cold. The condition of employees working in the stables is not whit better. Their wages are not paid regularly. They are abused and assaulted for no fault of theirs; fines are levied only with a view to avoid payment and the employees may be said to be living in a state of semi-slavery. The Lal Bavta Victoria Drivers' and Employees' Union approached the Association of the Victoria Owners of Bombay requesting them to reduce the rent of the Victorias to a maximum lump sum of rupees three and annas eight per day. The Association not only failed to respond to this request of the Union, but on the other hand, the owners began an offensive against the Union by victimising the Drivers. A number of Drivers have since been deprived of their daily bread by the recalcitrant owners, for the simple reason that the Drivers had joined the Union or would not sign a statement prepared by the Owners against the activities of the Union. The Owners have thus been guilty of interfering with the normal 'bona fide' Trade Union activities of the Victoria Drivers. In a largely attended meeting on 6th April, the drivers unanimously resolved to go on strike on and from 20th April. The Victoria Drivers appeal to the good sense of the public of Bombay to support the distressed drivers in their fight for a decent living by withholding their patronage during the period of the strike to any delinquent Victorias that may be plied for hire by the hirelings of the Owners The public is also requested to send generous donations in the aid of the strikers to the office of the Union at 223 Ripon Road, Bombay.

IT'S NOT EXPENSIVE TO GO TO KASHMIR ON THE Cheap G.I.P. PLAN

Are you one of the many who haven't visited the most picturesque holiday resort in all India? Why? Is it the expense or is it the elaborate preliminary arrangements for the road journey to Srinagar that keep you back? Whatever may be your difficulty, the G.I.P. Rail-cum-Road Return Ticket will smooth it out.

These through tickets are issued to save passengers a lot of money and to afford them convenience by making it unnecessary to have separate arrangements made for the journey by road.

RAIL-cum-ROAD RETURN TICKETS 1st, 2nd, Inter and 3rd class tickets are issued from the following stations to Srinagar (*Via* Delhi and Rawalpindi or Jammu Tawi):—

Bombay (Victoria Terminus)	Gwalior
Poona	Agra
Nagpur	Muttra
Jubbulpore	Jhansi
Bhopal	Nasik

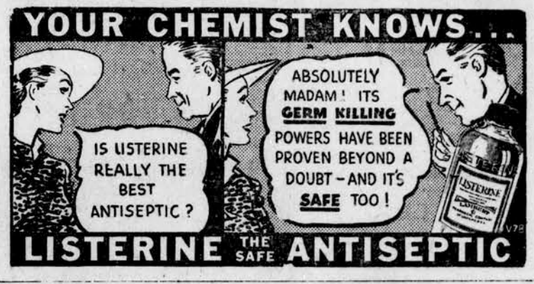
Available for completion of return journey within six months or 30th November, 1941, whichever is earlier. Passengers holding Rail-cum-Road Return Tickets from Bombay (Victoria Terminus) to Srinagar are allowed to return from Delhi by the B. B. & C. I. Railway route.

Rs. 155-15 2nd Class Return

To give you an idea of the low fares, the 2nd class rail-cum-road return fare from Bombay (Victoria Terminus) to Srinagar is only Rs. 155-15.

Full particulars from the Information Bureau, Victoria Terminus, Bombay and all important stations.

YOUR CHEMIST KNOWS...


IS LISTERINE REALLY THE BEST ANTISEPTIC?
ABSOLUTELY MADAM! ITS GERM KILLING POWERS HAVE BEEN PROVEN BEYOND A DOUBT - AND IT'S SAFE TOO!
LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

.... HE DID NOT GET A RAISE

His chair was empty too often—indisposed, sick, headache, toothache—and the boss didn't like it at all. One of his pals should have told him about SARIDON, the pain killer which relieves within 10 minutes, acts for hours and has no after effects. Whatever your ache, wherever your pain, SARIDON puts you right in no time. Sold everywhere in envelopes of 2 and tubes of 10 tablets.

Saridon

REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Every woman will weep!
Every man will wonder!

Also
"GUARDING TO-MORROW"
Showing air raids in London!—and latest War News.

SUNDAY: 10-30 A. M.
"I'LL TAKE ROMANCE"
with GRACE MOORE, MELVYN DOUGLAS.

3RD WEEK
★ MODERN LOVE
★ IS LIKE 'A LETTER'

It may be burnt by fire—
It may be torn when pulled
It may fly away with a gust of wind—
So says PRABHA

Ranjit's Hilarious Hit
UMMEED
Director: MANIBHAI VYAS
Cast:
ISHVARLAL, PRABHA, NURJEHAN, DIXIT, KESARI.
DAILY at 4, 7. 10 p. m.
Mat. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-30 p. m.
OPERA HOUSE

NEW EMPIRE
4. 6-30 & 10 p. m.
WELCOME TO A NEW STAR!
TOMMY
TRINDER
TRINDER
COME WITH
JEAN COLIN
TO HELP YOU
LAUGH
LAUGH
IT OFF
IT OFF
with Songs, Dances, Music Comedy Romance, Spectacle, in the happiest hit of the season.

Special show for Ladies on Monday 21st at 1-30 p.m.
RANJIT'S SOCIO-COMEDY
PARDESI
NINTH WEEK!
A grand treat!
Director:
CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Matinee on Sat., Sun & Holidays AT 2 P. M.
LAMINGTON

The Picture For All the Family
NATIONAL STUDIOS' Mighty Modern Devotional
RADHIKA
RADHIKA
with
The Star of the Year
NALINI JAYWANT
★
Directed by VIRENDRA DESAI
IN EIGHTH WEEK
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

PATHE
To-morrow at 10 a.m.
CLARK **GABLE** and MYRNA **LOY**
IN
TOO HOT TO HANDLE
Reduced Rates

6 SIXTH Successful Week
SHANTA HUBLIKAR
Sings to the Tune of Romance in Tarun's Socio-Comedy!
PRABHAT
with JAIRAJ, VATSALA KUMTHEKAR, etc.
Zenana Shows at 1 p.m. on Tuesday & Thursday
IMPERIAL
Daily 4-15, 7. & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun at 1-30 p.m.

EDWARD
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
To-night and This Week
Ranjit Presents
Life to the kick of fate
THE KICK
THOCKAR
Starring:
MADHURI, KUMAR, CHARLIE, Etc.,
Sun. Morning at 10-30 a.m.
KING OF KINGS
Life of Jesus Christ

HINDMATA
Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
To-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
National Studios' Worthy Successor to "WOMAN"
SANSKAR
Starring:
ROSE, HARISH, JYOTI.

Commencing TO-DAY
SHREE RANJIT Social Picture
ADHURI KAHANI
The story of a married woman's shattered dream of a happy home and spiritual companionship with her husband!
Durga Khote, Prithviraj K. Date, Rose, Ishwarlal
in the leading roles
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-45 p.m.
Matinee To-day & To-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
CHITRA
VINCENT ROAD, DADAR.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

BHAGWANT CLUB CARRY AWAY AGA KHAN CUP TO TIKAMGARH

(BY LOOKER-ON).

The Aga Khan Cup Tournament, the Blue Riband of hockey in this part of the country, was concluded on Wednesdty last. I am sorry I cannot make any detailed observations on the competition as the Tournament Committee thought that I could better do so with eyes of the reporter. That is, they refused to give me a complimentary pass, although I know that a number of passes have been issued to people who hardly do any work. However, if the Committee does not need any special publicity, it is their lookout. I shall not thrust myself on them. But it betrays an arrogance which is far from conducive to the good of the tournament.

THE BEST TEAM.

The Bhagwant Club from Tikamgarn, Orchha State, won the Cup. They were far and away the best team in the tournament and fully deserved the honour. They had gained their first distinction in 1938. But in the following year they were deprived of it by the Bhopal Wanderers in the final. Now they have regained the glory of the competition. And it is all the more valuable because the field included almost all the leading teams in the North. West and Centre of India, such as the Bhopal Wanderers, Manavdar State, Lahore Y.M.C.A., and all the leading lights of Bombay.

GREAT CREDIT TO XAVIERIANS

Great credit is due to the St. Xavier's College for the reaching the final round for the second year in succession. They did not have any easy path to the ultimate stage. They met the League Champions, the City Police in the quarter finals and then the Manavdar State in the penultimate round. Against the Police they had to play twice—nor that they drew with them in the first instance, but strange as it may seem they were called upon to play again after beating them by two goals to nil. The reason was that Umpire Cyriaco D'Souza had not allowed a goal scored by the Police towards the end.

COMMITTEE'S MISTAKE.

The Police protest was upheld by the Committee despite the clear and definite rule of the game that all the decisions of the Umpires on points of fact are final. At this there was a protest by the Umpires Board of the B.P.H.A. who refused to supervise any more games until the Committee's decision was reversed. It was a vital point to the Umpires. If all the Tournament Committees changed the Umpires decisions there would be no finality to any match. The Committee saw through their error and acknowledged it. In the meanwhile the College met the Police again and defeated them convincingly.

MEMORABLE MATCHES.

The way the College conquered the redoubtable Manavdar State team will be remembered for many a day. It is said that Manavdar had the most of the game but they were foiled in their attempts to score by a determined and resourceful set of defenders. Their forwards, on the other hand, took opportunities by the forelock—there were only a brace of them—and converted them to their best purpose. Against the Bhagwant Club also they were the first to draw blood. But the superiority of the visitors prevailed in the end and they ran out winners by the odd goal in three.

FR. FELL'S ACHIEVEMENT!

It is a matter of extreme congratulation to the College authorities particularly to Rev. F. J. Fell, for the success their team has achieved. While the Railway and the Customs spread their nets far and wide to pick out star players and strengthen their teams this College relies only on its own students to rise to great heights by strenuous practice and systematic training. This season they lost as many as five of their best players, including Willie Fernandez, who successfully led Bombay during the last Inter-Provincial Tournament. Still they showed what could be done with local materials.

BOMBAY'S SHOW.

The G. I. P. Railway lost to the Bhagwant Club in the semi-final. The Customs also acknowledged defeat at their hands in the previous round. The B. B. and C. I. Railway were eliminated by the Manavdar State in the quarter-finals. While everybody in Bombay would have liked to see the trophy remain in this city, nobody grudges its journey to Tikamgarh. In fact everybody is pleased that the best team in the tournament has lifted it away. On the whole, Bombay, has fared well against the invaders. For fine teams to reach the quarter-finals, two in the semi-finals, and one in the final is certainly a creditable show.

GIDNEY'S CASE.

There were two episodes in the tournament which are awaiting investigation and final decision at the hands of the B.P.H.A. In the first instance Gidney of the Royal Indian Navy is involved. It seems this player after playing for the Navy in the League and the Lewis Cup, donned the colours of the Young Sports in the Aga Khan. The player is at fault there is not the least doubt. But why the Young Sports wanted a clear certificate in advance and how the Secretary of the Association came to pass it is a mystery. It will have to be cleared up soon.

WARNING TO UMPIRES.

Then there is the defiant attitude of the nine players of the Kirkee United against Umpire Herbert Lynn. The Emergency Committee of the B.P.H.A. has recommended suspensions ranging from 18 months to 2 years. Heavy punishment no doubt. But the players invited it on themselves! There have been too many cases of this nature in the sporting field of late. Unless they are dealt with severely it will be exceedingly difficult to run any tournament. It is also a warning to referees and umpires. They must try their utmost to improve themselves and raise the standard of supervision. When one loses a battle owing to the mistake of the referee he naturally feels excited. The only thing is that he should keep himself within bounds.

Rs. 2 1/2 LACS FOR WAR FUND

Realisation From Two Race Meetings

The two race meetings held in Bombay on April 5 and 10 in aid of the Bombay War Gifts Fund realised about Rs. 2,50,000.

Turf Club Proceeds Earmarked

Rs. 3,75,799-14-6 The Royal Western India Turf Club, being proceeds of race days held in aid of the War Gifts Fund on 8th February and 5th & 10th April, earmarked as follows:—

Rs. 1,00,000-0-0 For the R.A.F.
Rs. 2,20,000-0-0 For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army.
Rs. 55,799-14-6 For Families of Members of the Indian Fighting Services.
Grand Total: Rs. 52,39,381-5-6.

Bombay Fire And General Assurance Co.

FIRE DEPARTMENT KEEPS UP STEADY LINE OF PROGRESS

The sixth ordinary general meeting of the Bombay Fire and General Assurance Co., Ltd., was held at the offices of the Company on Friday afternoon, with Mr. A. Geddis in the chair.

In moving the adoption of the annual report and audited accounts for 1940 the Chairman said:—

"Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting to you the Directors' Report, the audited statements of accounts and the Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December 1940. These have been in your hands for some time and with your permission I will take them as read.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

"Fire insurance in India continues to raise many problems and in spite of such difficulties, it is gratifying that our Company has been keeping up its steady line of progress.

"The net premiums amounted to Rs. 1,67,647-7-10 against last year's premiums of Rs. 1,54,983-11-3 and the losses to Rs. 32,422-2-5 showing a percentage of 19.3 per cent. After charging Rs. 68,530-12-7 (being 40.9 per cent of the premiums) to commission and expenses of management, the profit of Rs. 61,749-7-6 has been carried to Profit and Loss Account. The funds now amount to Rs. 83,138-9-0.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

"The account being now presented upon an underwriting basis, the results of 1940 underwriting account will not be known until the end of 1941.

"The net premiums amounted to Rs. 57,322-14-1 against last year's premiums of Rs. 24,634-2-0 and the claims to Rs. 34,554-10-11 showing a percentage of 60.3 per cent. The commission and expenses of management amounted to Rs. 22,814-14-4 being 39.8 of the premiums. The funds now amount to Rs. 34,406-14-10. The revenue in this Department has shown a gratifying increase.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

"The net premiums amounted to Rs. 43,237-1-2 against last year's premium of Rs. 32,513-13-3 and the claims to Rs. 24,018-10-9 being 55.6 per cent of the premiums. After charging Rs. 22,039-13-9 (being 50.9 per cent of the premiums) as commission and expenses of management, the working has resulted in a loss of Rs. 7,110-14-10. This includes a sum of Rs. 4,289-7-6 as additional amount required to maintain the reserves at 40 per cent of the year's premium. The funds now amount to Rs. 18,795|-.

"Our Accident Department has not shown good results for a period of years but there has been a progressive decrease in losses suffered, and we hope that the careful underwriting of the management will soon see this Department standing on its own legs.

"The total underwriting profit of all Departments amounted to Rs. 54,638-8-8 out of which Rs. 19,600|- have been transferred to the Marine Fund to maintain the reserve at 60 per cent.

"The General Contingencies Fund has also been increased from Rs. 30,000|- to Rs. 50,000|-.

"As required by the Insurance Act, we have deposited further securities for Rs. 50,000|- with the Reserve Bank of India. This brings the face value of Government Securities lodged with the Reserve Bank to Rs. 2,60,000|- and the balance will be deposited as and when necessary according to the requirements of the Act.

"During the year our Nagpur Branch which was opened at the end of 1939 has shown good results. We have opened another Branch at Indore during the year, and we feel confident that it will become one more profitable connection to the Company in the very near future.

"On your behalf and also my own I wish to express our thanks to the members of the staff and to our producers in India and abroad for their devoted services to the Company.

"Gentlemen, I now beg to move the following resolution:—

"That the Audited Report and Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1940 which have been printed and circulated to the members, be taken as read, and that they be approved and adopted".

After the adoption of the report, Mr. Shapoorji Pallonjee Mistry and Mr. M. A. Fazalbhoy who were due to retire were re-elected directors of the Company.

Messers. S B. Billimoria and Co., and Messers. Kalyaniwala and Mistry and Co., were appointed auditors.

ROMANCE OF RICHES AND PATHETIC TALE OF POVERTY
WOVEN INTO ONE PATTERN IN NAVYUG'S STAR-STUDDED SOCIAL
AMRIT
Story: V. S. KHANDEKAR
Direction: WINAYAK.
Photography: PANDURANG NAIK
Starring: MEENAXEE, LALITA PAWAR, BABY DEVI, BABURAO PENDHARKAR, SALVI DAMUANNA MALWANKAR, MASTER VITHAL & WINAYAK
COMING SOON AT **NEW WEST END**
A 'PEERLESS PICTURES' RELEASE!

COWARDS DIE MANY A TIME, BUT THE BRAVE DIE ONCE! AND THEIR DEATH GIVE LIFE TO OTHERS!.....HOW?
PRABHAT Symbolises This in ...
PADOSI (Hindi)
SHEJARI (Marathi)
Directed by SHANTARAM!
Starring MAZHAR, JAGIRDAR, ANIS & BALWANTSINGH, in
13th WEEK AT Central
HINDI At 4 & 9-45 p.m.
MARATHI AT 7 P. M.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays 1-30 p.m.
EXTRA SHOW

SLY - SLICK -- SWELL!
भाग्यचक्रम
A MERRY ROMANCE YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEE AGAIN & AGAIN
Asha Pictures' Popular Hit
GHAR JAWAI
Screen Play: PRINCIPAL ATRE
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, VANMALA
7TH SNAPPY WEEK AT **NEW WEST END**
A PEERLESS RELEASE!
Daily: 4-30 7, 9--45 p.m.
Sat., Sun. 2 p.m.
Tues. & Thurs. Zanana Show 1-30 p.m.

A POET-TEACHER WHO MISUNDERSTOOD HIS DAINTY DISCIPLE'S DEVOTION!!!
Out of the Fabric of Life and Social relations, comes this Towering Tale, Woven of Desires and Dreams, Attractions and Attachments!
★
NEW THEATRES PRESENTS
LAGAN
Direction & Photography NITIN BOSE
UNDOUBTEDLY **The Best** Film of the Season
WITH KANAN SAIGAL NAWAB MEMO JAGDISH & OTHERS
Lagan
Photographed & Directed by
NITIN BOSE
With Music Set by:
R. C. BORAL
★
Time: 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
Sat. Sun. & Holidays at 1 P.M.
2nd WEEK **Minerva**
Advance Booking in full swing!

Patentex
THE MOST RELIABLE CONTRACEPTIVE
NOW MADE IN ENGLAND
Recommended by Doctors all over the World.
Available from all chemists.
Write for descriptive literature to the
Sole Agents for India:
THE FAIRDEAL CORPORATION LTD.
Lakshmi Insurance Building,
Fort, Bombay.

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TRADE MARKS
& DESIGNS - Rs. 2/-
By P. N. RAY B. L.
Publishers: G. C. ROY & CO.;,
Patent and Trade Marks Attorneys, Post Box 10405.
CALCUTTA

NEW INDIA
Assurance Co., Limited
(India's Largest General Insurance Co.)
THREE CONSIDERATIONS GENERALLY WEIGH WITH A PERSON DESIRING TO INSURE HIS LIFE.
They Are:
(1) STABILITY of the Company;
(2) SOUND MANAGEMENT and
(3) POLICY CONDITIONS and BONUS CAPACITY.
The "NEW INDIA" can Safely claim to Satisfy all these requirements.
Write or call for Prospectus and feel convinced.
HEAD OFFICE:
Esplanade Road,
Fort, BOMBAY

ADHAYAKSHA MATHUR BABU'S
Sakti Oushadhalaya
DACCA
The Premier Home of Ayurvedic Indigenous Drugs.
ESTD.—1901
Branches all over India and Burma.
BOMBAY BRANCH
413 A, Kalbadevi Road.
BASANTA KUSUMAKAR RASH
A Specific for Diabetes. Eliminates sugar most admirably and reduces specific gravity as well as number times of urination. With suitable vehicles, thickens vital fluid and cures impotency.
MANAGING PROPRIETOR
MOTHURAMOHAN MUKHOPADHYAYA CHAKRAVARTY, B.A
—:Proprietors:—
Mothuramohan, Laimohan & Phanindramohan Mukhopadhyaya Chakravarty.

TRADE AND FINANCE

Short Term Money Quiet And Easy

Increase In Active Note Circulation

NERVOUS SELLING IN SHARES

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, April 18

MONEY

On account of the incidence of Easter holidays, the week under review was short-working. Conditions in the short-term money market were both quiet and easy. Day-to-day loans were quoted at 1/4 per cent. throughout and 3 to 6 months' money at 1 to 1 1/4 per cent per annum. Tenders for three months' Treasury Bills were again slightly higher and the average rate of accepted tenders declined from Re. 0-13-10 to Re. 0-13-8 per cent per annum. Sales of intermediates by Government amounted to only Rs. 5.25 lacs.

An increase of Rs. 4.92 crores in the active note circulation is revealed by the weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India, compiled upto 11th April 1941. There is an expansion of Rs. 4.63 crores in the total of notes issued. On the Assets' side, while the Bank's holding of "Rupee Coin" has declined by Rs. 36.86 lacs, Sterling Securities held by the Bank have gone up by Rs. 5 crores. The ratio of gold plus sterling assets to total liabilities has consequently gone up by .889 to 55.160 per cent. In the Banking Department, there is an all-round decline in Deposits. Government Deposits have dropped by Rs. 3.72 crores, Bankers' by Rs. 4.67 crores while Other Deposits are down by Rs. 11.25 lacs. Balances held abroad have declined by Rs. 7.75 crores, while Loans and Advances to Government are up by Rs. 10 lacs.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of India, for the period ended 11th April 1941, discloses a rise of Rs. 34.66 lacs in Deposits. The item of Investments has gone up by Rs. 37.34 lacs, but Advances are down by Rs. 15.44 lacs. The Bank's holding of cash has increased by Rs. 13.87 lacs.

GILTEDGED

The local giltedged market reopened after the Easter holidays on a somewhat easier note following war developments in the Balkans over the week-end. There were relatively more sellers, but the turnover was restricted in the absence of any fresh buying inquiry. 3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Stock was quieter at £96 3/4, while its counterpart in the local market was easier at Rs. 95-8. Among other dated bonds, 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 loan was static at Rs. 97-2, 3 per cent 1941 bonds at Rs. 100-9 and 3 per cent 1963-65 loan at Rs. 95 throughout the week. 3 per cent 1951-54 loan was inclined to be offered at Rs. 99-8, 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 loan at Rs. 102-10 and 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan at Rs. 111-8. 4 per cent 1943 bonds were neglected at Rs. 104-9, and 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan at Rs. 113-8, whilst 4 per cent 1960-70 loan found sellers at Rs. 108-15 and 3 per cent 1946 bonds at Rs. 101-7.

EXCHANGE

Owing to the intervening holidays, there was even less than usual activity in the rupee/sterling exchange market. For inter-bank business, sellers of Spot T T on London quoted 1s 5 61/64d and buyers 1s 5 63/64d. Small showing of merchandise export bills was reported. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under :—

Sellers : T T for spot delivery and upto six months 1s 5 15/16d.

Buyers : T T for spot delivery and upto six months 1s 6d.

In the New York market, sterling was inclined to be easier and after a lapse of eight months crossed the lower limit of the British Control rate when it was quoted at 401.75 cents on Tuesday and finally closed at 401 cents. The Shanghai dollar was stationary at 3 3/16d while the yen remained unchanged at the familiar level of 1s 2 1/2d.

GOLD

For the first half of the week, business in the gold market was of a restricted character because of the holidays. Rates did not reflect any activity and moved between Rs. 43-2-9 and Rs. 43-4-6 for spot gold. But the fractional drop of sterling in the New York free market below the official rates, combined with discouraging war news from the Balkans and North Africa, pushed up the price to Rs. 43-10 on Wednesday. But the higher level was not maintained and the price declined to Rs. 43-6 at the close. April settlement, which was quoted at a premium of half an anna at the opening, stood at even rates with spot at the close, while gold to be delivered in May settlement commanded a premium varying between 1 1/4 and 1 3/4 annas over April. There was a moderate demand for sovereigns and the price of the coin moved up from Rs. 29-2-6 to Rs. 29-5. Stocks of gold are estimated at about 5,25,000 tolas; arrivals from up-country were smaller at 7,000 tolas a day; while the average daily offtake was said to be better at 10,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched were : Rs. 43-10 and Rs. 43-2-9 for spot, Rs. 43-10 and Rs. 43-3 for April settlement and Rs. 43-11-9 and Rs 43-4-3 for May settlement.

SILVER

The silver market witnessed a comparatively cheerless period of dull quiet. Fluctuations in rates were both scarce and narrow. Till mid-week, the price of ready silver moved between Rs. 62-15-6 and Rs. 63-2, but towards the end of the week, the rate improved to Rs. 63-5 in sympathy with gold. At the higher level the demand seemed to have been satisfied and according to market reports, the 'special' source was not called upon to make any further sales. April settlement was quoted at par with spot, while silver to be delivered in May settlement commanded a premium of 2 1/2 annas for most part of the week after being quoted 3 1/2 annas over April for a day. In London, both cash and forward quotations were fixed at 23 1/2d at which level the Government of India are said to have satisfied some small industrial demand. Floating stocks of the metal are estimated at about 15,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates recorded were : Rs. 63-4 and Rs. 62-15-6 for spot and April settlement and Rs. 63-7-6 and Rs. 63-1-6 for May settlement.

SHARES

War news continued to monopolise attention on the stock market and following reverses in the Balkans as well as in North Africa, prices tumbled down in all sections under pressure of nervous selling.

Steels were the worst sufferers; Tata Iron and Steel Defereds dropped precipitately from Rs. 1990 to as low as Rs. 1790, whilst Ordinaries were hammered down from Rs. 393-8 to Rs. 358 at the close. Textiles followed in the wake of steels; Bombay Dyings were depressed to Rs. 1025, Kohinoors to Rs. 386 and New Greats to Rs. 395. Centuries declined from Rs. 435 to Rs. 379xd, Central Indias dropped by over 34 points to Rs. 290 and Colabas were offered at Rs. 167, Gokaks found sellers at Rs. 198 as compared with the opening level of Rs. 222. The Hydro-Electric group of shares also revealed a drooping trend; Andhra Valleys were dealt in at Rs. 1830 for cash, whilst Tata Powers were offered at Rs. 1600. Bombay Trams changed hands at Rs. 136 and Tata Hydros at Rs. 179-8. There was very little activity in evidence in the Bank section; Bank of Indias were neglected at Rs. 141-8 and Reserve Banks at Rs. 104. Imperial Bank fully paids ruled quieter at Rs. 1550 and Central Banks at Rs. 44 at the end. Railway scrips were completely in the background; Ahmedabad Prantij were quoted around Rs. 842-8 and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 638-12. In the miscellaneous bloc, panicky conditions prevailed and prices suffered a sharp setback; Bombay Burmas lost over 50 points to Rs. 495, whilst Associated Cements were weak at Rs. 132. Belapurs declined from Rs. 216 to Rs. 205 and Scindia Steams from Rs. 20-9 to Rs. 19-14. New Indias were quoted lower at Rs. 43-10.

CALCUTTA

The week under review saw very little change in the jute section of the Calcutta share market. Prices remained static around their previous levels, whilst the turnover showed no expansion.

AUDITED RETURNS OF TRAFFIC

	For January 1941.	Increase + or Decrease— when compared with January, 1940.		Increase + or Decrease — when compared with corresponding period of previous year.
	Rs.	Rs.	From 1-1-41 to 31-1-41. Rs.	Rs.
Tapti Valley Railway	3,49,306	+60,767	3,49,306	+60,767
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly.	1,20,449	+33,175	1,20,449	+33,175
		Rs.	From 1-4-40 to 31-1-41. Rs.	Rs.
Gujerat Railways	49,933	+ 8,494	3,77,867	+43,560
		Rs.	From 1-10-40 to 31-1-41. Rs.	Rs.
Central Prov. Rlys.	67,527	—11,938	2,00,847	+16,516
Mandra Bhon Rly.	16,864	+ 4,989	69,471	+20,223
Sialkot Narowal Rly.	42,878	+12,047	1,83,996	+44,602

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Wheat And Rice Situation

The Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India has issued the following report :—

Delhi, April 14

On account of the Easter holidays market reports from important commodity centres have not so far been received. The latest available quotations, however, are given below.

WHEAT

At Amritsar Ready closed 4 annas below last week at Rs. 3/2/6 per maund, the forward positions being Baisakh Rs. 3/6 and Har Rs. 3/0/5. Lyallpur was firm. Ready closing Re. 0/2/9 higher than last week at Rs. 3/9/3. Chet and Baisakh advanced by Re. 0/3/6 and Re. 0/1/9 to Rs. 3/9/6 and Rs. 2/15/2, respectively. At Hapur the latest quotations were : Ready (loose) Rs. 3/3/3 and Jeth Rs. 3/2/2 per maund. At Cawnpore Ready Dara increased by 1 anna to Rs. 3/12 and Ready Sharbati by 5 annas to Rs. 4/2 per maund.

The stocks at Amritsar totalled 200 tons, at Lyallpur 400 tons and at Hapur 120 tons.

RICE

Rice prices remained unchanged at Delhi. The Amritsar market registered a general advance in values the latest quotations being :

Punjab Basmati (old) Rs. 8/12
Punjab Basmati (New) Rs 7/12
Basmati Sela Rs. 7/6
Parmal Rs. 6/12
Sane Rs. 6/6 per maund.
The stocks at Amritsar showed at 2,400 tons at the end of the week.

LINSEED

At Cawnpore Ready Bold was quoted at Rs. 4/5 and Ready Small at Rs. 3/13 per maund, while the Oil (ex-mill) was fetching Rs. 11/8 per maund.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, April 18

Caltex India Ltd. Panamian s s El Segundo of 2266 reg tons, Captain T Kristensen arrived from Karachi with fuel and diesel oil cargo.

IMPORTS

2200 bundles cassia; 210 bundles brass wire; 60 jottas broken glass; 600 pkgs ply chestwood; 264 bags betelnuts; 150 bags damarbatu; 3145 bags copra; 86 bags nutmegs; 133 pkgs mattings; 603 pkgs porcelainware; 532 pkgs glassware; 400 cases pine apples; 150 cts galvd plain steel sheets; 30 cases panel pins; 334 cases elect deck fans; 250 cases tin plates; 550 cases green tea; 550 c/r tiles; 200 bags sugarcandy; 39 cases cycle parts and fittings; 343 cases blued cut tacks; 92 cases lamp cord; 35 cases cell sheet; 394 cases sweetened cond milk; 482 cts earthenwares; 40 cases veg wax; 56 cases elect bulbs; 160 cases sheet glass; 31 cases ground glass; 40 cases cud provision; 200 cases cud pink salmon; 75 cases paper; 100 drums bleaching powder; 99 pkgs weaving machy and aces; 32 bales mattress fibre; 89 h/chests black tea; 150 cases galvd wire nails; 63 cases hurricane lanterns; 600 coils bars copper wire; 31 cases metalware; 676 cases window glass; 450 cts galvd plain iron sheets; 36 cases elect motor fans; 40 cases napthaline balls; 60 cases empty tin cans; 106 cases enamelledware; 118 d/s dyestuffs; 60 bales cotton remnants; 70 cases glass bangles; 46 cases solid drawn copper tubes; 212 cases transparent paper; 34 brls intermediates; 55 cases paper boards; 270 bales strawboards; 29 cases wood screws; 30 cases insect powder; 39 cases cotton socks; 541 cases empty glass bottles; 60 cases peppermint oil; 40 bales box boards; 32 cases cell bangles; 33 cases glass bottles; 98 bales white art cards; 74 drums sodium sulphide; 143 drums sulphur black; 45 cases steel narrow butts; 2540 bundles flat bars; 100 cases arsenic acid; 540 coils galvd iron wire; 31 cases night lamps; 36 cases rubber canvas belting; 200 bags bolts and nuts; 106 bales cotton fents; 1700 cases beer; 126 cases confectionery; 42 cases silk yarn; 482 cases raw silk; 28 cases optical goods; 43 cases cotton goods; 101 cases bobbins; 44 cases staple fibre pcegoods; 1980 cases cotton pcegoods; 1850 cases rayon yarn; 440 cases cotton yarn; 104 cases rayon goods; 40 cases waste spun silk yarn; 58 cases cotton and rayon mixed pcegoods; 90 cases wln pcegoods; 1542 cases rayon pcegoods; 644 bales staple fibre yarn; 132 bales woollen yarn.

EXPORTS

780 bags gum Narsi Mulji and Co; 26 bs cotton pcegoods The Madhusudan Mills Ltd; 41 bales cotton pcegoods The Jessain Carpet Co; 11 bales cotton pcegoods Manubhai Narotamdas and Co; 25 bags myrabollams P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 524 bales cotton pce goods Herbertsons Ltd; 100 bales cotton waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 343 bs cotton twist waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 117 bales cotton pcegoods Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 28 bales art silk waste coloured Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 2243 bales cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 333 bags gum Khona Bros; 1018 bales grey cotton yarn Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 6 bales tud sheep skins Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 53 bales cotton pcegoods M A Mullick and Co; 44 bales cotton pcegoods Grindlay and Co Ltd; 62 bales cotton pcegoods B Balwant and Co; 106 bales cotton pcegoods The Bombay Co Ltd; 47 bales cotton yarn The Bombay Co Ltd; 20 bales cotton pcegoods W H Brady and Co Ltd; 120 bales cotton pcegoods Chinoobhai and Bros; 1022 bags talcum powder D Abraham and Sons; 1000 bales raw cotton G G Kaisha Ltd; 1723 bags castorseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 6590 bags groundnuts Louis Dreyfus and Co; 6065 bags linseed bold Louis Dreyfus and Co; 70 bales wool raw Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 20 bales wool raw D Abraham and Sons; 61 bales bristles D Abraham and Sons; 233 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 13 bales kid skins raw D Abraham and Sons; 74 bales d/s sheep skins D Abraham and Sons; 570 bags linseed Kishan Prasad and Co Ltd; 8 bags celery seeds D Abraham and Sons; 350 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha and Co; 72 bags rapeseed D Abraham and Sons; 261 bags drugs Narsi Muljee and Co; 46 bales raw wool C Lister and Co; 195 bales raw cotton The Podar Trading Co Ltd; 27 bales d/s goat skins A J Calcuttawalla and Co; 14 bales lamb skins raw Grindlay and Co Ltd; 409 bags gum Ratansey Damji and Co; 10 bales cotton pcegoods Fleming Shaw and Co Ltd; 150 bs cotton waste C Jairam and Co; 468 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal and Co; 866 bags gum Mepani Bros; 16 bales cotton twist waste Manubhai Narotamdas and Co; 119 bales cotton waste clean Manubhai Narotamdas and Co; 1145 bales cotton waste L O Vora; 100 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 525 bales cotton waste Champaklal and Co; 100 bales cotton twist waste Champaklal and Co; 470 bales cotton waste Barot Bros and Co; 168 bales cotton twist waste Jani and Co; 47 bales cotton pcegoods Vadilal Ltd; 242 bales cotton pcegoods S R Pusalkar and Co; 37 bales cotton pcegoods Raiji Bros Ltd; 279 bags myrabollams crushed H Bhagwandas and Co; 763 bags myrabollams crushed K Tricamji; 640 bags myrabollams K Tricamji; 20 bales cotton pcegoods P K Ashar and Co; 23 bags henna powder D Abraham and Sons; 336 bags talc crude D Abraham and Sons; 42 bags gum D Abraham and Sons; 85 bales rough tanned leather D Abraham and Sons; 27 bales chrome tanned leather D Abraham and Sons; 14 bags psyllum husks D Abraham and Sons; 5720 tons pig iron The Indian Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 200 tons manganese ore The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd; 14 bales tand cowhides Keshavlal Kalyanji and Co; 14 bales tand cow calf hides Keshavlal Kalyanji and Co; 100 bales cotton waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 162 drums magnesium chloride The Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd; 20 bales wool raw Vasanji and Co; 267 bags corriander seeds E Manji and Co; 48 bags dill seeds E Manji and Co; 201 bags turmeric E Manji and Co; 3585 bags linseeds The Oil Seeds Trading Co Ltd; 40 casks mango slices Poonjiaji and Co; 121 bags linseed R J Mayer; 45 bales wool raw K Esmail; 10 bs wool raw H A Panju; 10 bales wool raw Haji E Dossa; 6 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla Ltd; 10 bales wool raw Mulji Umershi; 10 bales white goat hairs Haji E Dossa; 200 bales raw cotton G Dossa and Co; 60 bales raw wool The Anglo-Thai Corpn Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton B Shah and Co; 300 bales raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 300 bales raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 10 bales raw wool The Bombay Co Ltd; 1055 bags linseed S M Rajgor and Co; 136 bags mustard seed S M Rajgor and Co; 600 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 60 bales d/s goat skins Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 500 bs raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 800 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 1700 pkgs dried fruits M Mackenzie and Co.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : April 17

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	97
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	98 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	77 1/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	102 7/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	103 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£112 1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	110 5/8
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	8 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register)	75
National Bank of India	30 1/2

ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT

High Court Issues Notice On Editor

BOMBAY, Friday.

An application under the Contempt of Courts Act, filed by Umesh Deo, a young under-graduate and son of a well-known lawyer in C. P., against Mr. R. K. Tatnis, Editor of a Marathi daily 'Nagarika' and weekly 'Vividh-Vritta', was heard by a Division Bench of the High Court, consisting of the Hon'ble Justice Sir Broomfield and the Hon'ble Mr. Divatia, P. J. The facts out of which these proceedings arose are as follows:—

On 12th January, Umesh is alleged to have gone to the office of the "Nagarika" and "Vividh-Vritta" and criminally intimidated the editor, Mr. Tatnis, by show of a pen-knife, because he (Tatnis) wrote scathing articles against the Royal family of Kolhapur and its administration.

Mr. Tatnis reported the matter to the Police and Umesh was arrested and prosecuted under Sec. 509 I. P. C. While he was in custody, Mr. Tatnis wrote a series of articles in the above-named papers in which redescribed Umesh as a 'Kolhapur Gunda' instigated by corrupt officers of Kolhapur to commit this cowardly attack on him to frighten him, because he had started a successful campaign against the corrupt officers, that there were regular colonies of hirelings imported from Kolhapur, spread over Dadar, Worli, Grant Road, Girgaum, that there was a conspiracy behind the screen, that one Annasaheb, a local lawyer was the adviser of these Kolhapur Goondas, who had advised them either severel to belabour Tatnis or to kill him and that he was a victim of Kolhapur hooliganism.

Mr. M. K. Azad, who appeared for the applicant, instructed by Mr. G. Patwardhan and Dadachanji, said that these articles constituted a grave and a gross contempt of Court, as they described the applicant as a 'hireling'. His Lordship (Sir Broomfield) asked, where was the word 'hireling'—

Mr. Azad said that the word 'Goonda' was a Hindi word and is capable of many shades of meaning. It could mean "hireling", "cat's-paw", "cut-throat", or "hooligan".

Their Lordships admitted the application and issued notice on Mr. Tatnis.

Mr. N. G. Deo, Advocate, Amraoti, was watching the proceedings on behalf of his son, Umesh.

WIDESPREAD THUNDERSHOWERS

POONA : April 18.

Thunder-showers have been fairly widespread in Assam, North and East Bengal, while isolated light showers are reported in Baluchistan and a few thunder-storms also occurred in North Madras Coast and extreme South of the Peninsula.

The chief amounts of rainfall are : Shillong, Darjeeling one inch; Cherrapunji 3/4; Tezpur, Gauhati, Silchar, Cox's Bazar, Jalpaiguri 1/2; Nokkundi 1/4.

Temperature were generally below normal in Assam, Bengal and Gujarat, but continued to be high in the rest of the country, particularly in and near North-West Frontier.

Forecast until 19th evening : Thunder-showers will be fairly widespread in Assam and will occur locally in South-East Bengal and a few thunder-showers also likely elsewhere in Bengal, Kashmir, North-West Frontie and extreme South of the Peninsula.—A. P

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 18th April, 1941 :—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. 0.00.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.7 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.7 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 90.0 deg. (1.2 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 78.1 deg. (1.9 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 79 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hr.

Total movement of wind during 24 hours, 185 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours, 20 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. to 10) 6.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 18/4/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.9 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.07 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.86 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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CALCUTTA, April 17.—Dr Shyamprasad Mukherjee, it is learnt, will attend the adjourned meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Non-Party Leaders' Conference.—United Press.

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A COOLING OIL
Sind Sample For Supply Department

A few firms at the instance of the Agricultural Department Sind, have taken up the cultivation and production of safflowe seed oil but are experiencing considerable difficulties in finding market for the product. This is cooling oil. It is understood tha Supply Department has asked fo a sample.

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1941

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'BLITZ' IS PRELUDE TO INVASION

BRITISH VIEW OF WEDNESDAY'S NIGHT RAID ON GREATER LONDON

LONDON, April 17.

Wednesday night's raid on Greater London, described by the Nazi High Command as a reprisal for the R. A. F.'s hammering of Berlin on April 9, was of a character that might be expected to precede a Nazi invasion, writes Reuter's Air Correspondent.

Tons of high explosives were dropped not only in the metropolis itself but also in the outer suburbs, particularly those to the south-east where it was caught in the heaviest and the most prolonged of the blitzes that this area has suffered.

Heavy bombs sometimes fell in salvoes, gashing the night with blinding flashes and earsplitting treble roar. At the height of the attack before midnight both sticks and salvoes came tumbling down together for fully an hour.

In the event of invasion being ordered for the morrow, it would be Hitler's threefold objective, by a preliminary blitzing of London, to create confusion and despondency on the eve of the event among the general public and paralyse the normal services and communications.

It is probable that one or more of the other large cities or areas would be attacked on the same scale at the same time or at least on successive nights. One area might well be Northern Ireland, which the Luftwaffe blitzed on Tuesday night. Here the attempt would obviously be to create difficulties for the British army in Northern Ireland had it to go to the rescue of Eire from an invasion thrust.

Greater London showed on Wednesday night that it will answer back this ruthless method of attack in which far greater material than military damage is likely to occur as it has done in every past effort to blitz it to submission. Firemen, wardens, skilled workmen, homeguards and the services all strained every nerve to minimise the effect of the raid even while it was on. The attack lasted throughout the night —Reuter.

Roosevelt At Zenith Of His Popularity

NEW YORK, April 17.

President Roosevelt's popularity in the United States has reached its highest level, according to results shown by the latest nation-wide Gallup Poll.

Seventy-three per cent of the voters expressed full confidence in the President, while only 27 per cent disapproved.—Reuter.

SIR N. SIRCAR SUPPORTS 'HINDU'S CONTENTION.

CALCUTTA, April 16.

Supporting the suggestion by "the Hindu" of Madras that the Congress should call off Satyagraha and once again assume power and lead the country politically, Sir Nripendranath Sircar in a statement says:—"I am in general agreement with the leading article in the "Hindu" of the 15th instant—except that unduly euphemistic language has been used in stating the conclusion—"the limited Satyagraha launched by Gandhiji cannot help very much so far as the dominant need of the country to-day is concerned."—A. P.

Churchill's "Frankness"

Egyptian Newspaper's Comment

CAIRO, April 14.

"Al Ahram" pays a tribute to the frankness of British communiques which it compares with the equal frankness of Mr. Churchill's war exposes. "If the Italians, with German help, have been able to recover some of what they lost in Libya, yet the British are still advancing victoriously in East Africa, and if the Germans have occupied some positions in Greece and in Yugoslavia yet they have met with stubborn and fierce resistance elsewhere." Mr. Churchill is explicit and frank as a man reckoning up the balancee-sheet explaining frankly the credits and debits and forecasting future developments.

"This frankness has cut the the tongue of rumour and speculation. The British Premier did not attempt to conceal the dangers or cover the thorny road with flowers and it is from this frankness that Mr. Churchill has won the support of public opinion both in his country and other friendly countries. It is his policy to expose to the whole world the existing and expected difficulties on every turn of the road."

"Al Masri," welcoming President Roosevelt's decision to open the Red Sea to American shipping, declares that the Egyptian Government is investigating the expansion of port facilities for receiving foreign exports.

U. S. AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY TO REDUCE OUTPUT BY 20%

NEW YORK, April 18.

The American automobile industry has agreed to a 20 per cent reduction of output for the "model year" beginning August 1, according to an announcement by Mr. Knudsen, the United States Defence Chief.

The reduction will amount approximately to a million motor cars. Mr. Knudsen requested this action to make available more manpower, materials, facilities and managing personnel for the United States defence programme. —Reuter.

NAVAL AID TO BRITAIN

4 Cargo Vessels To Be Transferred Immediately To England

WASHINGTON, April 18.

That four United States cargo vessels have been acquired by the United States Maritime Commission for immediate transfer to the British Government under the Lease and Lend Act was announced to-night.

They will be registered under the British flag and manned entirely by British crews. The ships are "Robindoncaster", "Almerialykes", "Exemplar" and "Nightingale."

SAVAGE NAZI PERSECUTION OF POLES CONDEMNED

OTTAWA, April 18.

"If the Canadians do not get a chance to beat up Hitler in Britain, they will no doubt, in due course, go and beat him up somewhere else", said Mr. Malcolm Macdonald, the new High Commissioner to Canada, addressing the Canadian Club here on Thursday.

Nothing, he said, so touched the people of Britain as the spontaneous way in which the distant dominions sprang instantly to the side of the motherland.

Mr. Macdonald described the war as "in solemn truth a combat fateful for mankind, between good and evil".

Referring to Nazi persecutions of Poles, he added that not for centuries had such arrogant, degrading cruelty as the Germans inflicted upon the Poles been practised by a powerful nation.—Reuter.

CANADIAN PREMIER FOR WASHINGTON

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, April 18.

Mr. Mackenzie King, Canadian Prime Minister, is due in Washington at the personal invitation of President Roosevelt.

Defence is among the subjects that will probably be discussed

Britain's Floating Fortress

"King George The Fifth", Mightiest Instrument Of War Ever Built

LONDON, April 17.

As the first journalist to be allowed aboard Britain's latest and greatest battleship, I am able to describe some of the special features of what is probably the mightiest instrument of war yet created by man, says Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Home Fleet on board H. M. S. "King George the Fifth".

Nowhere is there concentrated such effective steel protection against bombs, shells, torpedoes and mines and so many colossal guns.

It takes more than a day to examine this floating fortress carrying every kind of hush-hush device, including one which might be called Mr. Churchill's "Secret Weapon", about which I can say no more than that was inspired by him when he was at the Admiralty.

Internally the most striking feature is the elaborate sub-divisioning by means of watertight bulkheads making the ship virtually unsinkable. The telephone exchange is linked with 1,200 phones in all parts of the ship, while upwards of 60,000 electric lights make the interior as bright and cheerful as it is possible in a warship.—Reuter.

POPULATION OF JAPANESE EMPIRE

TOKYO, April 17.

The population of the Japanese Empire total 105,000,000 on the basis of the census taken on October 1 last year, according to a Government announcement. The total which is almost equally divided between males and females represents an increase of six and a quarter millions over 1935.—Reuter.

"Determined To Challenge Axis Aggression In Pacific"

Australia Vigilant Of Events In Far East: Acting Prime Minister's Statement

MELBOURNE, April 18.

The Acting Prime Minister, Mr. Fadden, stated to-day that Australia was vigilant of events in the Pacific after the interpretations of the Russo-Japanese Pact and was determined to join the rest of the Empire against Axis aggression in the Pacific.

"The war will be hard and long", declared Mr. Fadden, in a statement after a meeting of the Australian War Council.

He said, "Government continues to regard the Mediterranean situation very seriously. The plain truth is that the war will be hard and long. Australia may be only on the threshold of the effort needed."

Senator McBride, the Australian Minister of Supply announced that the keel of the first of a number of standard Australian large tonnage ships will be laid down within a few weeks. Completion of these ships is expected within a year.—Reuter.

WHY BENGHAZI WAS EVACUATED

Wavell's Need To Assess New Opponents

LONDON, April 8.

"The Times" Military Correspondent comments:

The evacuation of Benghazi has come as an unpleasant jolt to public opinion which was not prepared for it. This is often enough inevitable in time of war when, if news is gently broken to the public, it will also be gently broken to the enemy. It was pointed out by me on March 26 that there was reason to suppose that reinforcements had reached the German contingent in Tripolitania and that, when it was acting in co-operation with fairly considerable Italian forces, it could not be left out of account.

The actual decision to evacuate was almost certainly taken very suddenly because it depended upon the strength disclosed in the zone of operations by the enemy and that was not apparent at first. It is now evident that the Germans are acting in force and with great determination. Disagreeable as the loss of Benghazi may be after the enthusiasm caused by its capture, it is certainly better to let it go without risking a battle in a situation which the Commander-in-Chief judges unfavourable rather than lose after an unfortunate engagement.

Therein lies the essential difference between the capture and the loss of Benghazi. In General Wavell's advance, he virtually destroyed Italian forces at every step. In his retirement he has kept his forces in being. He has to consider the local situation with an eye upon the general position in the Near East. The loss of Benghazi must be considered a definite setback, but in no sense a matter for lamentation and this would apply if the withdrawal were to be continued somewhat farther. It may be taken that the Germans will not find abandoned stores and transport to carry them forward as we did.

Another factor to be borne in mind is that General Wavell was able to take ever bigger risks as he tested the Italians and found out their deficiencies. He cannot afford to take such liberties with German mechanized forces, certainly not until he has thoroughly measured their capacities in this theatre of war. It would be interesting to know whether the Germans have succeeded in transporting heavy anti-aircraft artillery to reinforce that which the Italians had on the spot. This artillery is far from being highly mobile, but its importance in supporting a large scale offensive and covering all the paraphernalia which such an offensive entails is very great.

U. S. PLANES SUPERIOR TO NAZIS

LONDON: April 11.

The new American aeroplanes are superior in horse power and bombing capacity to the German, declares the American columnist David Lawrence. The quality of the fighting planes furnished to Britain is something of which America can already be proud.

These developments, together with the plans for ships, tanks and motorised equipments show large American participation in the Military situation during 1941. By July, 1941, American production will come rolling like an avalanche.

Britain Becomes A Bastion Of Democracy

"We Are Witnessing A Decisive Moment In History" Says General Sikorski

NEW YORK, April 17.

"I have just come from Britain, which every day is becoming a more and more powerful bastion ready for defence", said General Sikorski, the Polish Prime Minister, broadcasting from here on Thursday.

"This marvellous, strong people united around their banner, which is the banner of all free people, is defending itself with tremendous determination. The British navy and airforce are second to none. British land forces will fight in the same glorious way. Following their glorious example Polish fliers and sailors are performing miracles in the air and sea."

"God-sent Man"

General Sikorski said his conversation with President Roosevelt confirmed his belief that the world had in President Roosevelt "a God sent man", thanks to whom, the unlimited supplies of American moral and material energy would decide this struggle between law and justice and evil and conquest and would also decide the Polish cause.

Gen. Sikorski expressed his belief in ultimate victory and said we were now witnessing a decisive moment in history, and referred to the agreement he had recently signed with Mr. Mackenzie King, the Canadian Prime Minister as a basis for continuing Polish military efforts and sealing not only the warm Polish-Canadian friendship, but Allied solidarity in the war.

Gen. Sikorski said he was arranging some important matters in the United States which he unfortunately could not discuss yet, and concluded declaring that the Polish army would never lay down the banners entrusted to them by the Polish country.—Reuter.

HEROISM OF EAST-ENDERS

Kumar Digirjasinghji of Chandarni (Idar State), who returned to India recently from England, after completing his terms at Middle Temple Inn, London, relating his experiences of the German air blitz stated to a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" that the Londoners behaved with admirable calm and orderliness in the face of the severest raids.

They wished the war to be as short as possible but would not give way in any circumstances.

"The Britishers", he said "are courageous and if they die, they will die in order."

The East End of London, according to him suffered the worst in the air raids and he was full of admiration and praise for the poor classes of people, who had to bear the brunt of the air blitz.

Londoners, because of repeated air raids, had, he said, become used to shelters, which, now had many amenities such as coffee stalls. The bunks inside the shelters were usually reserved in advance.

Speaking of Indians in England, he stated that there was a longwaiting list of Indians, who wanted to return to India but could not do so because of war conditions.

Indian news found no place in the English newspapers he said. The last item of news was the arrest of the Congress President. Since then no Indian news had appeared in the English papers.

The children, who had been evacuated from London to the countryside, though separated from those near and dear to them had made remarkable improvement in health.

Concluding he said "adversity makes strange bed-fellows." The rich and middle classes are now giving up their patronising attitude and mixing freely with poor classes.

PLANNING FOR POSTWAR PERIOD

Unique Opportunity For Britain And America

LONDON, April 17.

A gigantic postwar economic arrangement which would be felt all round the world was advocated by Mr. T. D. Campbell, Agricultural Adviser to President Roosevelt, who is visiting Britain.

In an interview he emphasised that the British and the United States Governments had a wonderful opportunity after the war for organising distribution of raw material manufactured products. He thought that both countries might appoint Commissions representing every branch of industry to explore the question.

He personally was prepared to recommend that the United States should keep out of the wheat market for a while and leave Canada to supply the United States' contribution to British markets.—Reuter.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

I don't see many pictures these days, because one gets a little tired of seeing some of the junk that comes to town. This year I have seen four. "Down Argentine Way" was so good I saw it five times, and even the management blushed at the money they made out of me. "The Great Dictator" was good, but the pathos at the end was too forced and hardly fitted in with the general tone of the picture. I liked "Philadelphia Story", because it was entertaining. But Thursday night I saw the best picture I have seen since the "The Three Comrades", and were it not that I have faith in the judgment of a friend of mine, who sees eye to eye with me on most pictures, I might even have missed seeing "Arise, My Love" altogether. So much for the poor way in which this stupendous picture was brought the public notice. This is a sort of picture that comes only once in a while and had the management of the Eros Theatre only drawn my attention earlier I would have filled pages to make sure that House would have been packed by every grown up man and woman in this city. I do not normally advertise in these columns, but when something so terrific comes to town, it would be a pity to let it go. It is too late now, because the programme has changed, and it is, I feel, a great pity that it was treated like just another picture.

* * * *

"Arise, My Love" was a testament of youth and a human story of men and women such as you and I are not destined to be. May be we haven't got the opportunity, or may be we just haven't got the guts. But I came away from it, feeling as if my lungs were filled with fresh air and my heart filled with pride that at least somewhere, someone could write the sort of story I'd give my right hand to write.

* * * *

For those who may have missed reading yesterday's Half-Column I repeat that I would like you to read the letter of Thomas Mann to the Philosophical Faculity of the University of Bonn, when that University struck him off the roll of honorary doctors when he lost his German citizenship with the advent of Hitler. This letter is to appear in to-morrow's issue of the "Sunday Chronicle" in D. F. Karaka's "Passing Show".

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

WELL—IT'S EMPTY

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

RECOVERING HIS SENSES, CHARLIE SEEKS REFUGE IN THE WOODS...
MUST HAVE FOOD, OR AMPLE DETECTIVE BECOMES CIRCUS THIN MAN!
ALSO, MUST THINK OF PLAN TO SAVE GINA AND KIRK!
HAIE! A SENTRY! COULD BEAR TO KNOW WHY KEENO SECRETES HIMSELF ON THIS ISLAND!
MEANWHILE...
EMPTY! AND NO BODY! F' PETE'S SAKE! CHAN'S ESCAPED!
ALFRED ANDRIOLA
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